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14- HQ-1187

Sec. 1

Serials 1-50



14-HQ-1187-1

INVESTIGATION

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SECTION 1
SERIALS 1-50

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all	Michael D. Walz	267230	5/17/86	195

2/7/80
 Arthur Green
 195

JCN:k1b

July 28, 1942

Special Agent in Charge
New York, New York

RE: ETHIOPIAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INC.,
et al; INTERNAL SECURITY - J;
SELECTIVE SERVICE; SEDITION.

Dear Sir:

The Bureau is in receipt of a newspaper clipping taken from the July 22, 1942 edition of the New York Herald Tribune, which contains information to the effect that Arthur Green and James Thornhill, together with Carlos Cooks, were taken into custody by the New York Police Department for allegedly praising the Japanese and Germans.

Information is also contained in this newspaper article that these individuals were detained on a disorderly conduct charge by Magistrate Morris Rothenberg in Harlem Court and that July 28, 1942, was set for further hearings for these men.

It is desired that the outcome of the above mentioned hearings be determined and reported to the Bureau as James Thornhill and Arthur Green are believed to have attended meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, Inc.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/19/86 BY SP5C11DMS

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Kramer _____
Mr. McGuire _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

CONS

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

RECEIVED - AUG 4 1942

RECEIVED - AUG 4 1942

RECEIVED - AUG 4 1942

JUL 31 1942

One Negro Accused of Wish- ing for More Hitlers

Three Negro orators who allegedly praised the Japanese and Nazis in Harlem street corner soap box sessions were held in \$2,500 each on disorderly conduct charges by Magistrate Morris Rothenberg in Harlem Court yesterday. July 28 was set for further hearings for the men, whose speeches were recorded by police stenographers. The men, their addresses, and brief excerpts from their speeches, according to police, follow:

Arthur Green, forty-one years old, of 52 West 128th Street: "When a white boy is sent to war he is guaranteed that his family will be taken care of. But what guaranty do they give us? I pray that the Jap machine rolls on."

Carlos Cooks, twenty-nine, of 43 West 131st Street: "Hitler is a good white man. Personally, I admire any white man who can organize white people to kill each other. The white race should produce more Hitlers. If there were more Hitlers we wouldn't have a damn thing to worry about."

James Thornhill, forty-one, of 325 West 108th Street: "Churchill has a fat stomach and bald head and looks like a pig. I will not die for any damn Englishman."

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
~~Mr. Nichols~~ ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Kramer
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy
J. M. Ford

~~Wm. H. H. H.~~
J. H. H.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/18/86 BY SP5CJ/oms

ENCLOSURE

CLIPPING FROM THE
NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE

DATE. JUL 2 1942
FORWARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
607 U. S. Court House
Foley Square
New York, New York

KRR:NCB
14-48

September 29, 1942

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

RE: CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias
J.J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID
SEDITION

Dear Sir:

Enclosed are five copies of the report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon dated September 29, 1942, at New York City, containing excerpts from coverage of street meetings of the above named individuals as reported by officers of the New York Police Department. It is requested that this report be presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements as reported fall within the violation of the sedition act.

A decision in this matter will not affect the leads as set out in this report and they will be covered regardless of any decision made on the part of the Criminal Division and will be reported to the Bureau.

Very truly yours,

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84 00 AUG 18 1961

P. E. Foxworth
P. E. FOXWORTH
Assistant Director

Enclosures 5

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/18/86 BY SPS c. l. m. s.



COPY IN FILE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 HCB**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 9/29/42	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/19, 22, 26, 27, 31; 9/15/42	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH R. BOUTON
TITLE CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Street meetings have been held in Harlem on Eighth Avenue near 125th Street, and indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, during June and July, before which the principal speakers, all colored, are known to be CARLOS COOKS, JAMES THORNHILL, ARTHUR GREEN and ARTHUR REID. Speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly indicate non-enlistment in the armed forces by the Negro and in tone they sympathize with the Japanese. Excerpts from the speeches are set out. COOKS, THORNHILL and GREEN were arrested by the New York City Police Department. Sentences reported.

- P -

DETAILS:

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 28, 1942, entitled, **ETHIOPIAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INCORPORATED, et al, INTERNAL SECURITY (J), SELECTIVE SERVICE, SEDITION**, (Bureau File No. 100-56894.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. R. Kane of the New York Field Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector BUTLER, attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 229 West 123rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector BUTLER informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocated resistance to the military service by the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	ENCLOSURE DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - USA STNY 1 - Capt. R. C. MacFall (ONI) 1 - Col. S. J. Constant (G-2) 2 - New York	RECORDED INDEXED 7-2-43 EPB 7-5-43 EPB 14 OCT 2 1942 100 to 134

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R4 00 AUG 23 1961

would disseminate themselves and that the colored and Oriental races would then become the ruling classes. Inspector BUTLER further informed that the speakers attempted to create a favorable impression in the minds of the audience concerning the Japanese people and their attitude toward the colored race. He went on to say that he felt he had sufficient evidence to cause the arrest of several of the speakers on charges of breach of the peace, but that he thought that probably the information might be of value to this office and that he would refrain from causing the arrest of these individuals if the Bureau so advised after reviewing the material which he had obtained.

On the same date the writer was made cognizant of this information and contacted Inspector BUTLER telephonically and advised him that the arrest of these individuals would not interfere with any work on the part of this office and it was further requested of him that the information be available for examination by an agent, which was granted. At this time Inspector BUTLER advised that he intended to arrest CARLOS COOKS, J. J. THORNHILL and ARTHUR GREEN, colored persons known to be the principal speakers for these meetings.

On July 31, 1942, the above individuals were arrested by the New York Police Department on the charge of disorderly conduct in that they made certain statements before groups on the streets of Harlem tending to cause ill feeling between the races.

Subsequently, on July 22, 1942, Agent M. E. Terrens and the writer reviewed the reports of the officers attending the street meetings and made arrangements with Inspector BUTLER to secure the original reports in order that they might be forwarded to the Bureau and presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements contained therein would come within the violation of the sedition statute.

On July 30, 1942, WILLIAM E. RINGEL, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York, in a letter to this office furnished the following information: He advised that he had found the defendant, CARLOS COOKS, guilty after a trial on the charge of disorderly conduct for making certain remarks on Eighth Avenue between 124th and 125th Streets, New York City, which remarks he believed to be seditious and treasonable. He further recommended that this matter be investigated and he set forth statements made by CARLOS COOKS which are not being related at this time as they will be set forth later in this report.

On August 27, 1942, it was ascertained from the office of Captain JAMES DONNELLY, Alien Squad No. 2, New York City Police Department, that CARLOS COOKS was sentenced on August 4, 1942, at which time he received a sentence of ninety days in the workhouse. On August 5, 1942, J. J. THORNHILL was tried and found guilty as charged, at which time he was fined \$10 and received a sixty-day suspended sentence. On August 21, 1942, ARTHUR GREEN was tried and found guilty and received a fifteen-day suspended sentence.

On August 31, 1942, the original reports were obtained from Inspector BUTLER of the speeches made on the streets in Harlem as mentioned above and as reported by Patrolmen ROBERT ELLISON, Shield No. 19369, and HOLMAN BOWMAN, Shield No. 19335. The arrangements as previously made were that these reports be furnished this office at the completion of the trial of the above named individuals. It will be noted that these reports show that ROBERT ELLISON reported on meetings held from June 25 through July 18, and that both ELLISON and BOWMAN reported on meetings from July 9, through July 18. The reports further reflect that most of these speeches were made on the streets of Harlem and on occasions after the meetings on the streets the speakers would adjourn to a hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It is also noted that these meetings were made under the name of the organization, "The African Pioneering Movement." The principal speakers on these programs were CARLOS COOKS, ARTHUR GREEN, JAMES THORNHILL and ARTHUR REID. Others known to have spoken were FRANK CARTER, HENRY HOLLINSWORTH, and one CLARKE (phonetic). From a review of these reports it appears that the speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly encourage non-enlistment in the armed forces on the part of the Negro. It is further reflected that the tone of these remarks tend to sympathize with the Japanese in the present struggle. The reports of the officers mostly contain excerpts as taken from speeches of the various speakers. A number of these are being set out below which will reflect the type of speeches made by the speakers. The following were taken from the reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON, as reported from June 25 through July 7.

On June 25, meetings were held between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue and lasted from 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. The following excerpts were taken from the speech of CARLOS COOKS:

1. "The United Nations are prejudiced against the black man. If the United Nations want to win the war, they don't behave as though they do, they will have to stop treating the black man as a flunkie."
2. "The Chinese, Russians, and British are not doing so well. Confidentially, I don't think Sam is going to do so hot either."
3. "Before I'd be willing to fight they will have to tear up the Atlantic Charter and rewrite it. The Atlantic Charter is a flop."
4. "The British poisoned MARCUS GARVEY."
5. "Negroes must learn that instead of 'Thou shalt not kill', but 'Who kills most gets most.'"

One CLARKE also spoke on the program and made the remark that the Negro soldier in World War No. I fought merely to maintain white supremacy.

On June 26, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It began approximately 9:50 p.m. and ended at 11 p.m. The attendance was estimated to be approximately 8 persons. CARLOS COOKS spoke concerning the

object of these meetings and his movement and the principal object, as reported, appeared to be the uniting of all Negroes around the MARCUS GARVEY slogan of "Africa for the Africans." COOKS also made the following statements:

1. "I understand the Japanese fleet lies just outside of South Africa. I hope they kill off about four million Boers."
2. "CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT and HITLER are good white men. Any white man who engineers the mass murders of other white men is a good white man."

On June 29, meetings were held between 124th Street and 125th Street and lasted from about 8:45 p.m. until 11:50 p.m. and the reported attendance was approximately 100 persons. COOKS, among others, made the following statement, "It seems childish for the Negroes to talk about integrating into the American way of Government. These things were never intended."

One CLARKE made the following statement, "America is a great country, but not for you, black man. Black boys must learn that no white people from any part of the world will give them freedom. They must fight for it."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things, had this to say, "Some white people would rather see HITLER win than give justice to the Negro."

On June 30, the meetings were held at the same place as above and speeches lasted from 8:50 p.m. until 11:55 p.m., and at the end of these speeches the listeners were estimated to total approximately 125 persons. Among other things, CARLOS COOKS made the following statement, "The time is psychologically ripe for us to organize for our own protection and preservation."

HENRY HOLLINSWORTH also spoke and had the following to say, "I speak for the Negroes who make \$18 and \$20 a week while white men working in Defense Plants making \$800 a week are ready to blow up the damn place."

ARTHUR REID spoke, and among others, had the following to say, "All HITLER did was to work like hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to."

THORNHILL spoke, and among other things, said:

1. "I don't want to fight in Australia."
2. "Ladies and Gentlemen, always be loyal; but only support your mother home, Africa."
3. "Be patriotic first to Africa, then to America and next to the Gods of our ancestors."

NY 14-48

On July 2 the meetings were held as usual and lasted from 8:45 to 10 p.m., at which time it broke up because of rain.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "So you see, two thousand years ago the Romans considered the Englishmen too dumb to be a slave, but today the Englishman controls one-fifth of the earth's surface."

2. "The Declaration of Independence is a seditious document."

3. "We should take a hint and remain loyal to America and America's institutions, but at the same time we should bend our efforts and energies and use our financial resources to establish a government of our own on the continent of Africa."

Meetings were held at the same place on July 5, 1942, from 9:10 to 11:50 p.m. There were estimated to be approximately 75 listeners.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "As far as ABRAHAM LINCOLN was definitely concerned, it was inconsequential whether emancipation came out of the Civil War."

2. "Whether the United Nations or the Axis Powers get the upper hand the Negro will have to face a solution to his problem."

3. "They move the Japs from the coast, the same as a common alien."

ARTHUR REID'S remarks:

1. "We have never gotten a break under this flag."

2. "The Japanese can make anything the white man can, and twice as fast."

Meetings were held on July 7, from 8:50 to 12:30 p.m. and attracted approximately 150 people.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Wherever the Union Jack flies over black people, they don't enjoy a damn thing but exploitation."

2. "Before this war is over, there will be a big demand for Negro blood. But in peace time he is beated around."

3. "If you don't think the Jew is a factor in the economic life of this country wait until Yom Kippur or Rosh Hashonah. Harlem will be like a graveyard."

4. "Before the advent of HITLER the German Jew was an arrogant Jew but HITLER taught him there is no place like home."

5. "The most methodical, the most cold blooded killer in the world today is the white man. The damndest thief who ever breathed the breath of life is the white man."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things stated, "There are no good white people."

The following meetings were reported by both officers ELLISON and BOWMAN and are substantially the same and when statements are reported differently by the two officers, the same will be noted.

Meetings were held on July 9 as usual and the attendance was estimated at approximately 100 people.

CARLOS COOKS while making this speech read an article from a newspaper which stated the terms England gave Ethiopia when Haile Selassie was restored to power and among other things quoted:

1. "If these terms signify what Democracy will be like after the war, the Negro is due for perpetual hell."

2. "HITLER will bring destruction to the white race."

3. "The whole question of war is one of race and the white man must rule."

Notation by the reporter. COOKS drew a facsimile of the internment of American born Japanese while naturalized Germans hold high Army ranks and alien Italians and Germans are allowed their freedom even though Italy and Germany are belligerents.

4. "Referred to the late General KITCHENER as an illegally born child."

On July 10, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue and the reporting officers were not allowed admittance. CARLOS COOKS made the following statement to Officer ELLISON, "The trend of the times forces us to

be cautious because of possible Fifth Columnists. If we think anyone is really interested in our movement we have them fill out applications for membership and we investigate to find out if they are all right. We announce the platforms of our movement at our street meetings but naturally we can't make public our plans for getting the Belgian Congo."

On July 11, street meetings were again held on Eighth Avenue and 125th Street and lasted from 9 to 11 p.m. and it was estimated that there were approximately 200 persons present at one time.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Negro preachers are nothing but no good rats. If it were left to me I would have them all sent to me in the Belgian Congo and would give each of them a switch blade then have them cut a clearing a mile square a day."

2. "Pope Pius of Rome, Keeper of the Keys of Heaven, is as bad. The Ten Commandments say, 'Thou shalt not kill' and 'Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods', and yet when Italy was about to wage war with Ethiopia, he came down to the beach and blessed the Italian ships, guns, tanks and men. So you see my friends, the question is still, black or white?"

3. "If HITLER has done nothing else he has made King GEORGE of England sleep in the basement."

4. "Nobody has told the Negro what he is fighting for".

FRANK CARTER spoke at this meeting but no specific statements are reported and the informants advised that he did not speak in a subversive nature.

One CLARKE made the following statements:

1. "If we could erase the damn Englishman, the world would be better."

2. "The white man will never lead the Negroes to freedom."

Meetings were held on July 13 as usual and lasted until approximately 11 p.m. and there was estimated to be 150 persons present. After 11 p.m. the meeting adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I have yet to read of a Negro lynched in Berlin or Tokio

NY 14-48

but here in Texas, the land of the brave and the home of the free, a Negro was lynched."

2. "No Negro is going to lay down his life to substantiate a system which preaches the wholesale extermination of the Negro."

3. "Whether you know it or not, lynching is America's favorite past time."

4. "King GEORGE of England is the greatest pimp in history."

JAMES J. THORNHILL'S remarks:

1. "If HITLER was on one side and a Cracker on the other I wouldn't know which way to shoot."

Following the above remarks, the meeting adjourned indoors and it was estimated that less than three dozen people attended.

Among other statements made by COOKS indoors is the following: "I know the Government is interested in what I am doing and they would put me in jail if it wouldn't be so embarrassing. If they did place me under arrest they would have to give me a public trial and reporters would have to be admitted. They in turn would publish my side of the story and Berlin and Tokio could use it for propaganda."

The usual meetings were held on the streets on July 14 until approximately 10:40 p.m., at which time they adjourned to their headquarters at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The attendance in the street was estimated to be approximately 150 persons.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Christianity is the world's greatest racket. Pope Pius of Rome is the biggest religious pimp in the world."

2. "HITLER is a good white man. Personally I admire him. I have to admire any white man who can organize other white men to kill each other. If there were more white men like HITLER we wouldn't have a damned thing to worry about."

Future meetings were again held as usual on July 15, 1942, and the estimated attendance was placed at 275 persons. This meeting was reported by Officer BOWMAN and ELLISON was apparently absent.

ARTHUR GREEN'S statements:

1. "I know I'm going to jail in this war."

2. "I hope the Japanese machine rolls on."

3. "When a white boy is sent to war he is given the guarantee that his home and family will be protected. Now tell me what guarantee have they given us?"

CARLOS COOKS' statements:

1. "The remarks just made are those of Mr. GREEN and do not represent the feeling of our organizations, but personally I hope nobody wins the war. I hope they fight long enough that they become weakened enough to listen to our demands." (Made in reference to above remarks of GREEN.)

2. "If MAC ARTHUR was a General in my army I would make him a Top Sergeant."

3. "Don't be surprised if after the Germans conquer the Russians the English will form a pact with the Germans and they and the Allies will then move to the Pacific to crush the Japs. My friends this war is still being fought to preserve white supremacy."

Meetings were held as usual on July 16, and were reported by Patrolman ELLISON, Officer BOWMAN being absent. At one time there was estimated to be approximately 300 people present.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I love CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT. They are good white men. HITLER is a good white man. MUSSOLINI is a good white man. They are good white men because they are determined on the destruction of the white race."

THORNTON'S remarks:

1. "The white man, when you lynch a black man you give us cause to know that Japan is right."

2. "I won't talk about Burma. Burma is free. Singapore is free."

3. "Great Britain -- It's a damn shame America is associated with such a thief."

On this date after the meeting on the street, its speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, and it was estimated that there were 90 persons present. The specific statements made were not set out.

NY 14-48

Meetings were again held on July 17 as usual. The attendance was estimated to be about 70 persons.

COOKS' remarks as reported by ELLISON are as follows:

1. "Don't let America and England fool you that they are fighting to maintain human decency."

2. "This war is between white nations to determine who shall enslave the black man."

3. "With all the propaganda to show HITLER a bad fellow, he has yet to lynch a Jew."

4. "The only way to fight fire is with fire. Reasoning with this white man is not going to work out."

THORNHILL'S remarks:

1. "Japan convinces me all the dark races must stick together."

2. "I have never read of HITLER cold bloodedly lynching a black man."

3. "HITLER isn't after me; he's after John Bull."

On July 18, meetings were held as usual in the street and the crowd attracted was estimated to be 175 persons. After the street meetings the speakers adjourned to 309 St. Nicholas Avenue. The remarks on the street by COOKS:

1. "The German people know that HITLER has done them some good."

2. "We are not interested in anyone winning this war. I am inclined to believe that ROOSEVELT isn't as liberal as people think. More power to HITLER. Long may he live."

3. "As bad as you say HITLER is, he has yet to use poison gas."

4. "Any Negro that roots for Britain to win is a fool because if she does, it will mean a continuation of slavery."

5. "If HITLER wins, it will mean ten thousand years of slavery, so we don't want any of them to win."

A search of the files of the New York Field office reflect that there are numerous references to JAMES THORNHILL, CARLOS COOKS, and ARTHUR REID as being agitators and street speakers among the colored in Harlem and they have been engaged in such activities for the past ten years. JAMES THORNHILL is known to be a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and to be very anti-white and extremely racial in his speeches. In addition to his street speaking, recently he has been a frequent speaker at 113 Lenox Avenue on the program of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, sponsored by ROBERT JORDAN and reported in a case, the title of which has been set out at the beginning of this report.

THORNHILL has continuously made pro-Japanese statements and along with other members of the above mentioned organization (Ethiopian Pacific Movement) has been indicted on the charge of conspiracy to commit sedition, and is presently interned at the Federal Detention House, New York City. JAMES THORNHILL was born October 23, 1901 at St. Croix, Virgin Islands. He entered the United States August, 1921 on the S.S. Arista. THORNHILL was separated from his wife, ABRINA JACOBS, in New York City in 1925. He is registered for the Selective Service Act at Selective Service Board 61, New York City. His present address is given as 225 West 106th Street, where he is employed as the superintendent of the building.

It is also pointed out that CARLOS COOKS and ARTHUR GREEN have been reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement. Not much is known concerning ARTHUR GREEN other than he is a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and has been an active speaker in Harlem in recent years during which he has made some extreme liberal speeches.

At the time that ARTHUR GREEN was arrested by the New York Police Department, he gave his age as forty-one years and stated that he was born in the United States. He is presently employed as a junk dealer and resides at 52 West 128th Street, New York City.

CARLOS COOKS informed the police that he was twenty-nine years of age and was born in Santo Domingo, British West Indies, on June 23, 1916. He entered the United States July 16, 1929 at New York City aboard the S.S. Haren. COOKS came to the United States with a student pass. It is not known whether or not he has been naturalized. He gave his address as 43 West 131st Street.

Inspector MULHOLLAND of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, New York City, advised the writer that ARTHUR REID in the past has been a well known street speaker and agitator among the Negroes in Harlem, but that last year he was picked up by the Police Department and subsequent to that time he has been very careful of statements made, even though he has continued to speak on the streets.

The criminal record of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL as it appears in the criminal files of the Criminal Division of the New York City Police Department is as follows:

NY 14-48

*JAMES HENRY THORNHILL (Black) Number of picture in gallery B 107396

1/17/34 as JAMES THORNHILL, Manh., Burglary (Final charge, Unlaw. Entry) On 2/13/35, Thirty days, City Prison, Judge RALLEY, Gen. Sess. Court Off. BRANDSFIELD and BUTLER, Sixteenth Precinct.

9/20/32 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Manh. Fel. Asslt., On 1/24/33, Discharged, Judge KOENIG, Gen. Sess. Court, Officers BROEN, WILLIAMS, and ROBINSON, 32nd Squad.

1/29/35 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Manh. Vic. Immigration Laws, No final disposition at present, Officers REDMOND and HATON, 28th Squad.

No picture on file because of negative having been damaged.

3/27/42."

The original reports of Patrolmen ROBERT ELLISON and HOLMAN BOWMAN, as furnished by the New York City Police Department are being made a part of the New York File.

- P E N D I N G -

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION:

At New York City:

Will make an attempt to interview CARLOS COOKS presently detained in the City Workhouse in order to ascertain his background and his activities in regard to his street speaking and associations in colored organizations of this nature in Harlem.

Will ascertain background information concerning ARTHUR GREEN and will also attempt to locate and question him concerning his connections with NEGRO organizations.

Will attempt to interview ARTHUR REID and will question him thoroughly in regard to statements made by him on the streets of Harlem and as to his connections with NEGRO organizations.

Will attempt to identify CLARKE and HENRY HOLLINSWORTH.

In the questioning of the above individuals will bear in mind that statements made by these individuals may be foreign influenced.

Will have statements as reported submitted to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not they fall within the violations of the sedition statute. Regardless of the opinion rendered, the above leads should be covered for whatever aid they may give in pending investigation of organizations alleged to be subversive and in order to determine if any foreign influence is prevalent among present street speakers and agitators among the colored people.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 803**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 9/29/42	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/19, 22, 23, 27, 31; 9/15/42	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH A. BOUTON
TITLE CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Street meetings have been held in Harlem on Eighth Avenue near 125th Street, and indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, during June and July, before which the principal speakers, all colored, are known to be CARLOS COOKS, JAMES THORNHILL, ARTHUR GREEN and ARTHUR REID. Speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly indicate non-alignment in the armed forces by the Negro and in tone they sympathize with the Japanese. Excerpts from the speeches are set out. COOKS, THORNHILL and GREEN were arrested by the New York City Police Department. Sentences reported.

- P -

DETAILS:

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 26, 1942, entitled, **ETHIOPIAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INCORPORATED**, et al, **INTERNAL SECURITY (J)**, **SELECTIVE SERVICE**, **SEDITION**, (Bureau File No. 100-56894.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. E. Kane of the New York Field Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector BUTLER, attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 229 West 123rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector BUTLER informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocated resistance to the military service by the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">14-7187-2</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - USA SDNY 1 - Capt. R. G. MacFall (ONI) 1 - Col. S. V. Constant (G-2) 2 - New York		ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>7/18/86</u> BY <u>SP5 CIL/MS</u>

015840

14-1187-3
EP3VFW

100-50894-185

March 19, 1943

To:

SAC, New York

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject:

CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J.
THORNHILL; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;
SEDITION

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Roton, dated December 8, 1942, at New York City.

From a review of this report, it is noted that leads are presently outstanding in the New York field division. It is desired that these leads be covered in the near future in order that this matter in its entirety may be presented to the Department for an opinion relative to a seditious violation.

Your further investigation in this case should in addition to covering the leads in reference report bring the activities of the subjects up to date.

J. Tolson _____
E. A. Tamm _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Carson _____
Hendon _____
McGuire _____
Mumford _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____



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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/13/86 BY SP5C/L275

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MAR 20 1943
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015841

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

N.Y.

FILE NO.

14-46

EMA

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK CITY	DATE WHEN MADE 12-8-42	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/9, 10, 23, 10/ 6, 12, 13/42.	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH R. ROUNTON
TITLE CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J.J. THORNHILL; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID.			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subjects COOKS and THORNHILL interviewed and deny making any statements in sympathy with Japan or derogatory to this Government as reported in reference report. Background information concerning above two set out. COOKS, alien from San Domingo, in the United States on a non-quota visa. THORNHILL is a native of the Virgin Islands. Both individuals have been actively engaged in street speaking for the past number of years.

- P -

REFERENCE:

Bureau File No. 14-369.

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Rounton, dated September 29, 1942, at New York, New York.

Letter from Bureau dated October 29, 1942. ✓

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 287,234
DATE 7/13/86 BY SP5 C.10MS

DETAILS:

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 331 Madison Avenue, New York City and this Office concerning the status of CARLOS COOKS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that CARLOS COOKS of 42 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 53 and up to October 18, 1941 he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

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JAN 6 00 AUG 18 1961

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau 1-USA SONY 1-Col. S.V. Constant, G-2 1-Capt. J.C. MacFall, ONI 2-New York	<p>14-1187-3</p> <p>7-5-43 EPR 1cc to Bureau 86 DEC 10 1942 7-2-43 EPR 1cc to Div EX-31</p>

N.Y. 14-48

Subject COOKS was interviewed by the writer in the New York County Jail on September 23, 1942, at which time he voluntarily furnished the following information concerning himself:

COOKS gave his age as twenty-nine, stating he was born in San Pedro, San Domingo, June 23, 1913 and, further, that he entered the United States on July 16, 1929, embarking from San Pedro Demacore aboard the S.S. Huron and that he entered the United States at the port of New York. COOKS stated that he paid his own passage to New York but when questioned concerning his passport, he informed that he lost it approximately four years ago when the place where he was residing was burglarized. Subject attended school in San Pedro under the tutorage of a private teacher and received the equivalent to a high school education before entering the United States. He stated further that although he came into this Country as a student that he had not attended school after entering the United States. He has spent his entire time in the City of New York with the exception of two occasions at which time he made a trip to Cleveland, Ohio and Washington, D.C. and return. The subject could not give an account of his employment since his entrance into the United States and when pressed advised he had done odd jobs on two or three houses helping his father, JAMES COOKS, 43 West 131st Street, who owned and rented these buildings; further that he had never had any more than enough money to exist. Subject is not married and has no children. He further informed that he registered for the draft in October 1941 at Local Board No. 55 and is presently in Class 1-A. It is pointed out that the Selective Service Board informed that the subject was registered at Local Board #53.

COOKS, when questioned concerning making speeches on the streets of Harlem, advised that he first began speaking on the streets during the Italian-Ethiopian War and that it came about as a result of SAMUEL DANIELS, colored, who was active at that time, attempting to obtain enlistment of the American negroes into the Ethiopian War. In this connection he advised that DANIELS secured a number of enlistments or at least persons signed up to fight. He himself signed some kind of paper in this connection. However, he could not furnish any names of other persons known to have also signed and to his knowledge none of the individuals actually went to Ethiopia. COOKS further recalled that DANIELS had been active as a street speaker in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but that he has not seen him since May of 1941. He further informed that during those days DANIELS had sponsored an organization known as the Pan African Reconstruction Association. COOKS further advised that he had always been interested in obtaining better conditions for the men of African descent and that all of his speeches and statements had been for this purpose.

Following his convictions along those lines he joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association (U.N.I.A.) in 1935, at which time he paid dues which he forwarded to London, the address he recalled as being 2 Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England. However, ^{he} has not been

N.Y. 14-48

a financial member since the death of MARCUS GARVEY, June 10, 1940, the founder of the above mentioned organization. Its purpose primarily was the migration of the negroes to Liberia and the establishment of a Government there. COOKS in 1939 organized the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. whose headquarters were at 55 Lenox Avenue, New York City. The group later moved and held meetings at 42 West 103rd Street and at the time it dissolved meetings were being held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The Officers of this organization were CARLOS COOKS, President; HENRY KERR, Vice-President; THOMAS PARKS, Treasurer. The above organization lasted until 1941 at which time it was a branch of the U.N.I.A. whose parent body was located in Cleveland, Ohio. The charter in 1941 was returned to ETHEL COLLINS, National Secretary for the U.N.I.A. who presently resides in New York City and whose address COOKS could not recall.

COOKS went on to say that in 1941 out of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. grew the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement which, although foreign, the principals of the U.N.I.A. were not connected with the officials. The subject admits sponsoring this movement but advises there was no organization in respect to the appointment of officers; that such was contemplated but that at the time of his arrest by the New York City Police Department on August 25, 1942, this had not materialized. He advised that these meetings were under the above organization and were continued to be held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue as had been in the above instance of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. However, he informed in this instance the procedure was to speak on the streets and to later adjourn to the hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. There was no special program drawn up and any person so desiring could speak on these programs.

In this connection he informed that ARTHUR REID, JAMES THORNHILL, ARTHUR GREEN, HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH and one CLARK (phonetic) and others whose names he could not remember occasionally spoke on this program. COOKS could not recall any specific statements but stated that they were all pertaining to the betterment of the conditions of the colored race and the establishment of a homeland in Africa. In this connection the subject denied making statements in sympathy with Japan or attempting to interfere with the enlistment into the armed forces on the part of the negroes. At the same time he did make the statement to the writer, in substance, the United States Government should declare themselves as to the future and the colored race if they expected the colored man to fight. COOKS denied making statements allegedly made by him previously reported in reference report. However, he admitted that he has been a regular speaker on the streets in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but denied that at any time he made any statements tending to inspire a riot or cause public disturbance and at no time has he spoken against the United States Government.

Concerning individuals who were identified as speaking in company with him, COOKS informed that none of them are in any way officially connected with his organization and that most of the people that speak

N.Y. 14-48

before it or on the program were individual that he recognized by face and not by name. Concerning HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH, he advised that he recognized him as a street speaker but was not acquainted with him personally nor could he furnish his occupation or address. As to CLARK, above referred to, he advised he recognized him as being a former member of the U.N.I.A. and a frequent street speaker. COOKS was not acquainted with ARTHUR GREEN but recalls that he has been active at intervals as a speaker speaking on the racial question on the streets of Harlem for the past five years. He believes that GREEN is originally from one of the southern states and that he is presently engaged as a junk dealer. COOKS recalled JAMES THORNHILL as being a member or former member of the U.N.I.A. who has been an active speaker in Harlem for the past ten years.

Concerning ARTHUR REID, COOKS advised that he is a more educated speaker than many of the others and that he formerly sponsored or organized the African Patriotic League whose office or meeting place was on 135th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. COOKS did not believe REID to be a member of the U.N.I.A. but did state that he has been an active speaker for the past ten years or more.

COOKS also admitted acquaintance with ROBERT JORDAN, President of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and advised that he has known him for seven or eight years and that he has been very active as a street speaker in Harlem. COOKS denies ever visiting JORDAN at his home or denies knowledge of JORDAN'S activities.

JORDAN, above referred to, for the past number of years has sponsored the above mentioned organization and since the fall of 1941 has held meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue attended by approximately seventy-five persons and he and other speakers have openly made statements in sympathy with the Axis powers particularly Japan and generally has attempted to discourage the enlistment into the armed forces of the colored people.

COOKS admits attending one or two meetings at the above hall since the attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese and denies that he spoke before this group. COOKS denied that any of his statements or speeches have been influenced by any organizations or individual and that his remarks had been based entirely on his own convictions and beliefs and his desire to aid members of his race. During this interview, the subject took it upon himself to point out to the interviewing agent the futility of the conditions between the white and colored race ever correcting itself and the only solution was to establish a government of their own which properly should be in Africa, their homeland.

On October 6, 1942 Special Agent Frederick L. Scofield checked the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Ellis Island, which reflected that CHARLES A. COOK, who is evidently identical to the

N.Y. 14-48

subject, was admitted to the port of New York on July 16, 1929 having embarked from San Pedro, Macosis aboard S.S. Huron. His race is given as that of black, place of birth San Pedro and declared to be a citizen of San Domingo. His classification visa is NQ-290, issued at San Domingo City June 27, 1929 and he gave as his permanent address San Pedro. His destination was given as New York and he advised that his passage was paid by his mother, CHRISTAPHINE MATTHIS, whom he was going to visit who then resided at 20 West 143rd Street, New York City. At this time it was indicated that some special investigation had been made concerning the subject which file was maintained at the office of Immigration and Naturalization, 341 Ninth Avenue, New York City.

At the above address a file was made available to the writer on subject by B. H. Berman and a review of the file reflects the following names being used by the subject: Carlos Cook, Charles Cook and Carlos Stott. At the time subject was interviewed he advised that his correct name was CARLOS COOKS and at that time denied having used any other name. This file further reflects that subject's address was given as 106 West 137th Street, New York City. It was also noted that on September 15, 1929 Detective Carrington of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department, by telephone furnished information that COOKS was arrested July 17, 1936 on a charge of extortion and was released October 17th.

In a memorandum dated September 18, 1939, it is reflected that CHARLES COOK was legally admitted to the United States on April 16, 1929 and his relatives are listed as VICTORIA SMITH, San Pedro, Aunt and ALICE VOILENAS COOK, 106 West 137th Street.

At the time this check was made Mr. BERMAN, above referred to, advised the writer that their office intended to conduct an investigation concerning this subject with the purpose in view of detaining him for deportation on the grounds that he was in the United States as a student and, further, that he was an undesirable alien.

On October 13th Mr. BERMAN telephonically communicated with the writer at which time he advised that he had discussed the above case concerning COOKS with the Inspector who is familiar with the circumstances and who also attended the trial when COOKS was sentenced for making certain statements on the streets of New York. At this time BERMAN advised that COOKS upon his entrance into the United States came in legally on a 4-C visa which is a visa issued to people of the Western Hemisphere and is a non-quota visa or in other words a resident alien visa; further that COOKS came in as a student and not on a student visa and, consequently, he could not be deported or held on that angle; further that to deport such an alien the alien must have committed a crime of moral turpitude or receive a sentence of more than one year within five years after entrance into this Country. After five years have elapsed, it is necessary that

N.Y. 14-48

two such crimes have been committed or in either case since his entrance into this Country he has been found guilty of committing a violation of the Narcotic Act. In view of the above, BERMAN informed that no further investigation is being conducted concerning COOKS but that the facts as reported is being made a matter of record.

A further check was made at the Immigration and Naturalization Office, 641 Washington Street, New York City, by Special Agent R. Campbell Carden to determine if subject had been naturalized subsequent to his entrance into this Country but no information could be found concerning him.

JAMES HENRY THORNHILL has been interviewed on several occasions by Special Agent Marion E. Torrens and the writer since he has been detained at the Federal Detention House at Eleventh and West Streets, New York City subsequent to his being indicted on a charge of conspiracy to commit Sedition upon statements made by him as a speaker before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement previously referred to in this report.

In addition to information furnished in reference report THORNHILL advised that upon his entrance into the United States in 1921 from the Virgin Island that his first occupation was that of a dish washer in a restaurant the name of which he could not recall located on 50th Street. Subsequently thereto he was employed for approximately one year on the Pennsylvania Railroad as a laborer. In 1925 he worked for three or four months in a brick yard as a laborer and during that same year he made two trips to the Virgin Islands employed as a mess boy with the Columbian Steamship Company aboard the S.S. Bolivia. Sometime after this trip he was employed for two or three years as a fireman and elevator operator for one Mr. OLESON at a building located at 55 West 21st Street. At the time of subject's arrest he was caretaker or superintendent of a building at 325 West 108th Street where he resided and he was employed by one J.J. HART. Prior to that for two or three years he was in the junk business.

THORNHILL attended school in St. Croix, Virgin Islands, where he attended the equivalent of a fourth or fifth grade education. After coming into the United States he admitted being arrested on two occasions. On February 13, 1925 for unlawfully entry for which he received a thirty day sentence and in 1933 on charges of assault in that he was speaking on the street at which time a fight started and someone had thrown a brick.

He advised that his relatives in the United States are his sister, VERA LAMPOS, 19 West 117th Street, New York City and a brother, BERNARD THORNHILL, who resides some place in upper New York State, whose address he does not recall. He also stated that he has a mother and sister presently living on the Island of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

THORNHILL advised that since coming to the United States he became

N.Y. 14-48

very interested in the conditions of the negro people here and in other parts of the world and through this interest he had become a member of the U.N.I.A. and as such was appointed to the title of Captain in the Black Guard of the above organization which was conferred upon him by MARCUS GARVEY. He discontinued his membership in the U.N.I.A. in 1931 and since that time has been an independent speaker on the streets of Harlem speaking in the interests of the people in the community and appealing for a national homeland in Africa. He claims that it was through his association in the U.N.I.A. that he met ROBERT JORDAN, above referred to. He advised that he had known JORDAN was a person who spoke in the interests of the colored race and that about five months ago he first attended some of the closed meetings of JORDAN at 113 Lenox Avenue on invitation to speak and that subsequently he has continued to visit the meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and in most instances has spoken before them.

THORNHILL went on to say that after withdrawing from the U.N.I.A. he, in company with IRA KEMP, deceased, Reverend FOWELL and one JOHNSON, got together and organized what was known as a fair play organization which purpose was to secure employment of the colored people in Harlem. Later this organization became known as the Harlem Labor Union. He admits being active in this organization up until 1935 at which time he became ill and ceased his activities. He advised that his and others activities in this organization was to boycott a certain business establishment in Harlem and hold meetings in front of their place of business and urge them to employ members of his race in their establishments. He denies that any coercion or force was used by him or any of his associates in this connection and that they only publicized instances in which persons refused to employ members of the negro race.

THORNHILL further admitted that he was a very active speaker on the streets of Harlem during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian conflict and protested the action taken by Italy and urged that the negroes support brothers of their race in Ethiopia. THORNHILL advised that he has frequented many organizations and spoken before many groups in the past ten years concerning racial prejudices and unfairness displayed on the part of the negroes in the United States. He admits speaking on the program of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement and further advised that he was acting President. It will be noted that COOKS had denied that there were any officials of this organization.

THORNHILL denied making any statements confronted with as reported by the New York Police Department in reference report and further he firmly pronounced his loyalty to the United States and stated that any statement made by him was only made in the interests of his race and in order to gain better conditions for them in the community. THORNHILL further admits that after he, COOKS, and GREEN were arrested by the New York Police Department and after COOKS was sentenced that he had taken it upon himself to continue the activities of this organization and that after

N.Y. 14-48

JORDAN had discontinued holding meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue he had secured this hall and had held meetings there under the sponsorship of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement. THORNHILL further admitted that after the arrest of JORDAN on February 18, 1942, he had taken an active part in the activities of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement until JORDAN was released on April 9, 1942. It is pointed out that at 113 Lenox Avenue THORNHILL is reported to have made statements to the effect that he would willingly fight for Japan and would refuse to fight for a white man; that the Japanese war gave the united factions hell and the Allies are telling lies when they told the people that the Allies have won battles over the Japanese in the Coral Sea; further that if the negro is stupid enough to put on a uniform and go and fight he deserves to be killed. THORNHILL was interviewed vigorously concerning these and other statements reported to have been made by him on the street at 113 Lenox Avenue and at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue and he denied making any of the statements above reported or others similar in substance. THORNHILL further denied having been influenced by any person or organization in any statements made by him and that his thoughts were independent and his statements were expressions of his opinions only. He further denied that anyone has ever coached him in any attempt to influence his remarks in any way.

It is noted from a search of the indices of the New York Field Division that in a report written by Special Agent T. H. Tracy, dated March 20, 1936, entitled "SAMUEL DANIELS; ENLISTING RECRUITS TO SERVE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES", that Lieutenant BATTLE of the New York Police Department advised Tracy that the main crowd who stirred up racial prejudices in New York City are the so-called GARVEY crowd; that this crowd is represented by the U.N.I.A., the leader of whom is JAMES THORNHILL, 34th Street and St. Nicholas Place.

In conducting investigations in the Harlem area and in questioning individuals of responsibility they then referred to subjects COOKS and THORNHILL as being rabble rousers and small time racketeers among their own people in Harlem; that they are uninformed and for a number of years have been agitating on the City streets. In no instance has there been any indication or reports of any foundation to the effect that COOKS or THORNHILL are operating as a part of an organized group which might be foreign inspired and it is believed by persons questioned that statements made by them were the result of desire to show off and their lack of information.

In this connection A. L. King, President of the Central Division of the U.N.I.A., 204 Lenox Avenue, who advised Agents that he was spokesman for this organization in this area, informed Agents Torrens and Routon that both CARLOS COOKS and JAMES THORNHILL had been excluded from the U.N.I.A. because of statements made and attitude taken by them in reference to the racial question. Although these individuals admitted that the statements made of agents in Harlem were not representative of the feelings and opinions of the negro race they spoke of their activities and statements in a general way and would not furnish any specific statements made by them.

- P E N D I N G -

N.Y. 14-48

UNDEVELOPED LEADSNEW YORK FIELD DIVISIONAT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will ascertain the criminal record, if any, of CARLOS COOKS in the New York Police Department.

Will ascertain background information concerning ARTHUR GREEN. Will also attempt to locate and question him concerning his connection with negro organizations.

Will attempt to interview ARTHUR REID and will question him thoroughly with regard to statements made by him on the streets in Harlem and as to his connections with negro organizations.

Will attempt to identify CLARK and HENRY HOLLINSWORTH. In the questioning of above individuals will bear in mind that statements made by them may be foreign influenced.

Upon completion of the above investigation will request Bureau to submit facts to Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not they fall within the violation of the Sedition Statute.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK CITY	DATE WHEN MADE 12-8-42	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/9, 10, 23, 10/6, 12, 13/42.	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH R. ROUNTON
TITLE CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J.J. THORNHILL; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR RAID.			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subjects COOKS and THORNHILL interviewed and deny making any statements in sympathy with Japan or derogatory to this Government as reported in reference report. Background information concerning above two set out. COOKS, alien from San Domingo, in the United States on a non-quota visa. THORNHILL is a native of the Virgin Islands. Both individuals have been actively engaged in street speaking for the past number of years.

- P -

REFERENCE:

Bureau File No. 14-669.

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Rounton, dated September 29, 1942, at New York, New York.

Letter from Bureau dated October 29, 1942.

DETAILS:

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 331 Madison Avenue, New York City and this Office concerning the status of CARLOS COOKS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that CARLOS COOKS of 42 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 53 and up to October 18, 1941 he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/12/86 BY SP5 CJD/mj

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES		
		14	1187-	3
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau 1-USA IDNY 1-Col. S.V. Constant, S-2 1-Capt. M.C. McFall, ONI 2-New York <div style="position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 50%; transform: translate(-50%, -50%); font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5;">COPY</div>				

RECORDED

14-669-1

Date: October 29, 1942

To: SAC, New York

14-1157-2

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J. Thornhill;
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID
Sedition

Reference is had to your letter of September 29, 1942, which in turn made reference to the report submitted in connection with the above-entitled matter by Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, at New York, New York, on September 29, 1942.

From a review of reference report, it is not deemed desirable to present this case at this time to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to prosecution under the sedition statutes. It is believed that such action should be held in abeyance pending the completion of your investigation of the activities of these subjects.

In this connection it is apparent that it is particularly important that your future investigation include a determination of whether these subjects are operating as a part of an organization or group, or whether they are merely acting as individuals.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/18/96 BY SP5 C/L/Ans

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Kramer _____
Mr. McGuire _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
★ OCT 29 1942 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED - CIVIL DIVISION

OCT 30 1 10 PM '42

Shmuel

JPH

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

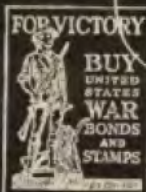
March 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded to your department for special censorship and laboratory examination and are as indicated below:

- 126 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City. Q 1187
- 24 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City. 1188
- 118 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Richard Eichenlaub, to Katharina Eichenlaub, 206 E. 85th Street, New York City. 1189
- 35 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Joh. Baark, 189 E. 64th St., New York City. 1190
- 42 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. 1191
- 127 Letter, March 8, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City. 1192
- 51 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. 1193
- 138 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Paul W. Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. 1194
- 67 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, 101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N.Y. 1195
- 75 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. 1196
- 114 Letter, March 7, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to Mr. William A. Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. 1197



MAR 17 1943

FILE FIVE

To: F. B. I., Washington, D. C.

-2

March 10, 1943

94

Letter, March 3, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck
1809 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

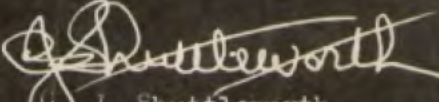
198

129

Letter, March 7, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Vera Lampress,
515 Manhattan Avenue, c/o Mrs. Mary Williams, New York City.

199

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

~~Copy and Specimens retained in Laboratory~~

64
3/13/43

Encl. Ret. 3/16/43

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

March 17, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act and sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as listed below:

- Handled in Lab. 3/22/43*
- #24 Letter, March 14, 1943, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City. Q1269
- #24 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City. Q1270
- #118 Letter, March 14, 1943, to Richard Eichenlaub, from Katharina Eichenlaub, 217 East 85th Street, New York City. Q1271
- #35 Letter, March 14, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q1272
- #35 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Copl. Roderick Fruendt, 3rd Replacement B'tn. Co. B., Pittsburg, California. Q1273
- #36 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1274
- 42 Letter, March 7, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q1275
- *127 Letter, March 16, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness, 14 West 114th Street, New York City. Q1276
- 51 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. Q1277
- #120 Letter, March 14, 1943, to Johannes Kroeger, from Else C. Koal, 225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York. Q1278
- #119 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Paul W. Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q1279
- 3-22-43-RAP.*
REN. 3/22/43



To: F. B.I.

-2-

March 17, 1943

- NEW*
Ref 3-22-43
- P.A.D.*
Ref 3-22-43
- 119 Letter, undated but envelope postmarked March 15th, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q1280 ✓
- 66 Letter, March 15, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 4530 Park Avenue, Weehawken, New Jersey. Q1281
- 119 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Paul W. Lustig, to Herbert Lustig, F. C. I. Milan, Michigan. Q1282
- 75 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. 1283
- 115 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie Schickert, c/o Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. Q1284
- 115 Letter, March 13, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Rev. Arthur Herbert, 65 Watson Avenue, East Orange, New Jersey. 1285
- 114 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to Mrs. Laura E. Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1286
- 114 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Mrs. Laura Soltan, to Charles W. Soltan. Q1287
- 89 Letter, March 11, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Carol Stegmaier, 325 West End Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City. Q1288
- 89 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Mrs. Charles A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1289
- 94 Letter, March 15, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, 1809 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q1290
- 129 Letter, March 14, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Leona Lowry, 110 West 125 Street, New York City. Q1291
- MAILED 3/22/43*

Very truly yours

[Signature]
Warden.

Encls.

3-19-43 JRE

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o man
- p
y

Department of Justice
Federal Correctional Institution
Milan, Michigan

March 30, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your Department and are as indicated below:

Letter, March 28, 1943, to Oskar R. Stabler, from
Caroline Stegmair, 325 West End Ave. New York City.

Letter, March 28, 1943, from Oskar R. Stabler, to Miss
Caroline Stegmair, 325 West End Ave. New York City.

Letter, March 26, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Charles A.
Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City.

Letter, March 28, 1943, from Oskar R. Stabler, to Charles A.
Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City.

Letter, March 28, 1943, from James Thornhill to Leona Lowry,
110 West 125th Street, New York City, N. Y.

Letter, March 23, 1943, to James Thornhill, from
Bernhardt Thornhill, 60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner
New York City, N. Y.

Letter, March 23, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from
S. R. Zenzinger, Los Angeles, California.

Very truly yours,

S/

C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

RECORDED & INDEXED

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14-1187-6	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
APR 9 1943	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
144	FILE

52 APR 14 1943

ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-41343-1881

Report of (b) (7)(D)

Re:- Arthur Reid

Sunday, April 4, 1943.

85786

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/18/86 BY SP5C110MS

Meetings.

For some time I have been trying to find the correct home address of, Arthur Reid, the veteran street speaker and, President of the African Progressive League, #254 west 135th. street. A few weeks ago, I learned that he was living at, #7 west 126th. street, in a private rooming house but, I was unable to verify, this, after making several inquiries. To night, as I tried to trail him after the close of his meeting, when he and another man, entered a bus, going south on, 8th. Avenue. I took a taxi but, missed him somewhere along the route.

For the past few weeks, there was a advertizement in the Amsterdam News, that one J.A. ~~Blades~~, Jr. will lecture on, Africa, at the Sunday meetings of the, League; but, Reid's name did not appear untill, this week- Sat, April, 3, Page #3, when it appeared together with, Blades. After the meeting was over, to night, I saw a lot of people--some of them followers of, Robert O. ~~Jordan~~ and ~~Thornhill~~-- leaving the Hall. Among them was, Thornhill's girl friend who always accompanied him to, meetings. Reid, was born in, Barbados, West Indies; but, he told several people--including Rev. ~~Powell~~ that, he was born in the, South. He is about 51 years old, very black, bald head, in the front, 5' 6", 158 lbs. large head. He is always smoking a long cigar, and make gestures with his right hand, when he talks. He is very intelligent, and an excellent speaker. His pet subject is: The Negroes in business. He has an undying hatred for, Mr. ~~Reid~~

74-1187-7

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
New York, N. Y.

85785

MET:MW
 100-15431

April 15, 1943

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED ON 7/18/86
 BY SP5 clloms

267,236

Director, FBI

RE: **ARTHUR REID**
CUSTODIAL DETENTION - J

Dear Sir:

There are being transmitted herewith the original and one copy of the report of Confidential Informant (b) (7)(D) dated April 4, 1943 concerning the captioned individual. The informant has been advised to obtain the address of this individual so that appropriate investigation may be conducted concerning his activities.

A case has been opened on this individual in the New York Office and has been assigned for investigation.

Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy

E. E. CONROY,
 SAC

COPIES DESTROYED

244 00 AUG 18 1961

Enc. + 2
 cc: NY file 65-8295

1 ENCL. 43

RECORDED
 &
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048

14-1187-7		
F	B	I
16 APR 17 1943		
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APR 23 1943

RECEIVED

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

April 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City. Q1588 ✓

#35 Letter, April 6, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Cpl. Roderick Fruendt,
Co. B - 3rd Repl. B'n., Pittsburg, California. Q1589 ✓

#34 Letter, April 7, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from War Prisoners' Aid of the
Young Men's Christian Associations, New York, New York. Q1590 ✓

#130 Letter, April 7, 1943, from Joseph Hartrey, to Sr. M. Bernadette,
St. Ann's Villa, Cenvent, New Jersey. Q1591 ✓

#127 Letter, April 7, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q1592 ✓

#140 Letter, April 9, 1943, from Frank Sanner, to Mrs. Sophia Sanner,
Women's Reformatory, Adison, West, Virginia. Q1593 ✓

#132 Letter, April 3, 1943, to Hugo Steimle, from Otto Steimle,
Irvington, New Jersey Q1594 ✓

#129 Letter, April 8, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Roslin Williams,
Down Street, St. Thomas City, V. I. U. S. Q1595 ✓

#113 Letter, April 7, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger,
720 Crenshaw, Los Angeles, California. Q1596 ✓

Specimens Retained in Laboratory

4-13-43 JME

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.



Lab. - P25D

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

April 13, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded to your department for special censorship and laboratory examination, and are as indicated below:

- Handled 4-17-43
Rop
- #126 Letter, April 12, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, 1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York. Q1627-
- #24 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Conradin Otto Bold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City, N.Y. Q1628-
- #35 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 East 64th St., New York City. Q1629-
- #36 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1630-
- #40 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Karl Graff, to H. Christiansen, 640 Abbott, Detroit, Michigan. Q1631-
- #42 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q1632
- #42 Letter, April 3, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q1633
- #127 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q1634
- #120 Letter, April 10, 1943, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mrs. Elsie Koal, 225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York. Q1635
- #75 Letter, April 6, 1943, to Everett Roeder, from Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. Q1636
- #115 Letter, April 8, 1943, from Elsie Schickert, Seagoville, Texas, to Adolf Schickert. Q1637
- #115 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie Schickert, Seagoville, Texas. Q1638



16 APR 17 1943

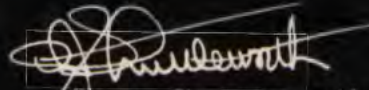
To: F.B.I., Washington, D. C.

-2-

April 13, 1943

- Handwritten in the
H. #43 Box*
- #139 Letter, April 9, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt, R. 5, Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q1639
- #114 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Charles F. Soltan, to Mrs. Laura E. Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1640
- #88 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 325 West End Avenue, New York City. Q1641
- #88 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Chas. A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1642
- #88 Letter, April 9, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Chas. A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1643
- #129 Letter, April 11, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Bernard Thornhill, 60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner, 60 West 129th Street, N.Y. Q1644
- #113 Letter, March 7, 1943, to B. H. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, Los Angeles, California. Q1645

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, N. Y.**

NY FILE NO. **100-15431 MMR**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE 4/21/43	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 4/10, 13/43	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH R. ROUNTON
TITLE ARTHUR L. REID (Colored)			CHARACTER OF CASE CUSTODIAL DETENTION (G & J)

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject, colored British Subject, entered US 1907 after being ship wrecked aboard the SS "Orient" off the Atlantic Coast. He entered Norfolk, Va. His passport was lost and since that time no attempt was made to attain naturalization. He registered as an alien and also for Selective Service; no classification has been given him. He began speaking (street speaker) in Harlem in 1932. He organized the African Patriotic League which is currently active but enjoys a small following of Negroes, the purpose of which was the uplift of the Negroes, educationally and economically. Subject's occupation has been miscellaneous labor work and the manufacturing of Negro dolls. In the past he has spoken before the European Negro Improvement Association and the Ethiopian World Federation; was a member of the Harlem Labor Union and served as President during 1938 and 1939. He is considered by the NYPD and others as a race agitator. Reported pro-German and pro-Japanese, speaking on streets as late as the summer of 1942. Subject denies making statements detrimental to the U.S.

COPIES DESTROYED

APR 4 00 AUG 18 1961

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED **267,236**
DATE **7/18/86** BY **SP5 eldms**

- C -

DETAILS

The investigation in this case is predicated upon information appearing in "The Hour" dated August 3, 1941, which names **ARTHUR REID** as one of the Fascist Agents who have been conducting a vigorous campaign in Harlem to promote pro-Axis and anti-Semitic propaganda among the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>E. E. Connelley</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">14-1187-10</div> <div style="text-align: center;">APR 27 1943</div> <div style="text-align: center;">7-5-43 EPB</div> <div style="text-align: center;">1cc to Barge</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, ONI 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York	RECORDED INDEXED 2 11 38 AM '43 FORWARDED FBI NEW YORK

MAY 8

NY 100-15431

Negroes; further, that he is president of the African Patriotic League and is one of the key organizers of the Fascist drive in Harlem. He addresses large meetings; he tells his listeners that the Jews are responsible for the present war, and urges them, the Negroes, to rid the United States of these "red internationalists". He further declares that Adolf Hitler offers the only solution for the Negroes.

During the investigation of ~~LEONARD ROBERT JORDAN~~, Negro leader of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, who is now serving a sentence of ten years for seditious statements made, and who also was quoted in the above issue as being a Fascist, Special Agent M. E. Torrens contacted the editor of this publication who was unable to furnish any specific information or substantiate the allegations made.

The files of the New York Office reflect that ARTHUR REID has been active as a street speaker and agitator in Harlem since 1935.

During the investigation of ~~ROBERT JORDAN~~ referred to above, Special Agent M. E. Torrens and the writer were constantly alert for any information indicating that ARTHUR REID was actively engaged in making speeches or any remarks that might fall within the violation of the Sedition Statute. Confidential Informants were also requested to be on the alert and to ascertain the Subject's activities; however, they were unable to furnish anything definite.

(b) (7)(D) whose identity is known to the Bureau, in a report dated May 15, 1942 advised that he was with ARTHUR REID, President of the African Progressive Business League, 254 West 135th Street, and that it appears from his conversations with REID that his real objective and aim was a drive against the Jewish Business men in an attempt to run them out of Harlem and every other Negro section throughout the country. The Informant reports REID to be 100% anti-Semitic. He further stated that REID was at one time arrested and convicted for his activities and further that District Attorney Curfew of District Attorney Dewey's office at one time conducted a considerable investigation on REID while he was president or active in the Harlem Labor Union.

(b) (7)(D) at other times orally has reported to Special Agent M. E. Torrens and the writer that ARTHUR REID is one of the more intelligent street speakers and agitators in Harlem; that he was principally interested in obtaining employment for Negroes in that section, and that in the past he has always known him to be in opposition to the Communists. In this connection it is noted in a Political Manual for Harlem issued by the Harlem Division of the Communist Party, U. S. A., 43 Lenox Avenue, in September 1939, ARTHUR

NY 100-15431

REID is referred to as the leader of the Harlem Labor Union. They refer to this labor union as anti-labor, anti-semitic, reactionary Negro nationalists, racketeering organization which tries to parade as a genuine labor organization. They go on to say that REID plays upon the national sentiments of the Negro people and appeals to their aspirations for jobs, and freedom and equality, to draw the masses around him. REID plays with the name of MARCUS GARVEY, leader of the now practically defunct Garvey Back to Africa movement (Universal Negro Improvement Association) which flourished in the early 20's in order to attract the nationalistically inclined Negroes.

D. I. MULHOLLAND, Inspector for the Sixth Division of the New York Police Department advised that ARTHUR REID has been an active street speaker in Harlem since before 1935; that he was formerly connected with the Harlem Labor Union, a group organized by some of the more radical Negroes in Harlem, in an attempt to secure employment for the Negroes, which organization engaged in extorting money from some of the Jewish-owned stores in that area. Further, that this group aided in the cause of the riots between the Whites and colored races in 1935. He stated, however, that REID was arrested by the Police Department in 1939 and that since that time he had engaged very little in street speaking, but had confined his meetings to a small hall he has leased on 135th Street, next door to the Police Station, where he holds meetings under the sponsorship of the African Patriotic League.

On April 13, 1943 Inspector MULHOLLAND was again contacted and he advised that subsequent to the sentencing of ROBERT JORDAN and others in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, that there has been no activity reported to him on the part of street speakers and that he had had no reports concerning Subject REID.

Discreet inquiries were made in the vicinity, and of the owner of the building at 254 West 135th Street, where REID holds his meetings, and it was noted that the meeting hall proper is a small room containing twenty-five chairs and further that under crowded conditions this hall could not accommodate over 50 persons. It was further ascertained that meetings are held here each Sunday evening at approximately four o'clock and that from ten to fifteen people attend; however, that several years ago this group was more active and REID had an attendance of approximately seventy-five.

It was further ascertained that the speeches are generally concerning the economic welfare of the Negroes and their obtaining employment in the places of business in the Harlem area.

On July 19, 1942 Inspector BUTLER attached to the Harlem Division of the New York Police Department with offices at

229 West 123d Street reported that regular meetings are being held on the streets of Harlem between 124th and 125th Street on Eighth Avenue. The Inspector furnished copies of complete reports of these meetings as obtained by Officers HOLMAN BOWMAN and ROBERT ELLISON. It was noted from these reports that the meetings were held under the sponsorship of the African Pioneering Movement and that the principal speakers were CARLOS COOKS, ARTHUR GREEN, JAMES THORNHILL, and ARTHUR REID. Reports reflect that on June 29, 1942 ARTHUR REID in speaking on the streets among other things made this statement: "Some white people would rather see Hitler win than give justice to the Negro." On other nights the following statements are contributed to him: "All Hitler did was to work like Hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to". "We never got a break under this flag". "The Japanese can make anything the White man can, and twice as fast". "There are no good White people".

Statements made by other speakers on this program mentioned above were much more radical than those made by REID. A separate file has been opened carrying the above four men as Subjects and they are being investigated for possible violation to the Sedition Statute. It is pointed out that in the ROBERT JORDAN case referred to above, THORNHILL was carried as one of the Subjects and on January 14, 1942 was given a sentence of seven years on charges of making seditious statements.

CARLOS COOKS referred to above served a 90-day sentence in the New York jails as a result of speeches made on the New York streets, referred to above. ARTHUR GREEN was tried by the New York Police Department, was found guilty and received a 15-day suspended sentence for his statements made on the streets.

ARTHUR REID was interviewed on April 10 at which time he stated that he resided at 9 East 126th Street. He gave as his age 54, stating he was born in May 1888 at Barbados, British West Indies. In April 1907 he was ship wrecked while aboard the SS "Orient" on the Atlantic Coast off the coast of Norfolk, Virginia; that he was brought to the United States at the Port of Norfolk and that having lost his passport as a result of the wreck, no attempts have been made by him to obtain his citizenship; that he did at one time talk to a lawyer concerning his status but that it had not been cleared up. He stated that he has not been out of the United States since his entrance. He registered for the Alien Registration Act in 1941 and exhibited his card which reflects that his number is 5384219. His registration certificate reflects that he registered for the draft on April 27, 1942 at Local Board #54, New York City.

REID was married in New York City and has no children. His occupation has been miscellaneous labor work; for a short time he worked as an elevator operator and in 1915 operated a grocery business for himself for a period of about one year. In recent years he has been engaged in the manufacture of colored dolls. In this respect he claims to be a contractor and that his income is from \$1,000 to \$1200 a year.

He claims to do business through one P. M. ~~WOOSTER~~. REID advises that his education consisted of public school education in the British West Indies and that since coming to New York City he has attended business school at night and has the equivalent of a high school education. REID began lecturing in the year 1932 at which time he organized the African Progressive League which is presently located at 254 West 135th Street. The original organizers of this group other than the Subject were SAMUEL DANIELS, JAMES ~~KELLY~~, and IRA ~~KEMP~~. IRA KEMP is a well-known street agitator, now deceased. SAMUEL DANIELS, according to information furnished Agents in the investigation of this matter, was a very prominent and well-known street speaker during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian War and is allegedly reported to be engaged in recruiting troops for the Ethiopian Army among the Negroes in the larger cities of the United States. JAMES KELLY is still active in this league, he is about 52 years of age, and is employed as an elevator operator. ✓

ARTHUR REID is president of the League and one BEVINS, blind, whose first name REID did not know, is treasurer and organizer. REID claims they have approximately 30 active members who pay 35¢ a month dues; that the purpose of this league is to educate Negroes and to up-list them through discussing problems and labor and economics.

REID went on to say that at one time he was active in the Harlem Labor Union and he served as president during 1938 and 1939. REID advised that the original organizers of this group were IRA KEMP, JAMES THORNHILL, Reverend ADAM CLAYTON ~~POWELL~~, Jr., Reverend JOHNNY ~~JOHNSON~~, Reverend ~~IMES~~, and one FRED ~~MOORE~~. REID advises although he is not connected with that group now, that it is an independent labor union directed by one ~~STRONG~~; that the offices are now located at 236 West 116th Street. REID claims that he left the Harlem Labor Union in 1939 at which time he was arrested by the New York Police Department on charges of dis-orderly conduct in connection with some of his activities in this group at which time he received a ten-day suspended sentence. REID claims that this is the only time he has been arrested since his entrance into the United States.

REID denies membership in any other organization or groups; however, he does admit that he in the past has spoken before audiences of the Ethiopian World Federation and the Universal Negro Improvement Association. REID denies emphatically that he has ever spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, above referred to as headed by ROBERT JORDAN. REID admits that in the past he has made statements against the Communists and is considered one of their enemies. He also admits having made anti-Semitic statements, but he denies making any statements to the detriment of the United States or statements against other groups since the declaration of war.

A description of REID as obtained from observation and questioning is as follows:

NY 100-15431

Name	ARTHUR L. REID
Address	9 East 126th Street
Age	54 (Born May 1888 at Barbados, British West Indies)
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 lbs.
Complexion	Black
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black (part bald)
Occupation	Laborer and street speaker
Marital Status	Married
Race	Negro
Citizenship	British

Inasmuch as Informants are unable to obtain any information to substantiate the fact that ARTHUR REID is now engaged in making speeches which might fall within violation of the Sedition Statute and since the New York Police Department reports Subject to be inactive, no further investigation is being conducted.

- C L O S E D -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO. 100-15431 NY

REPORT MADE AT <u>NEW YORK, N. Y.</u>	DATE WHEN MADE <u>4/21/43</u>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <u>4/10/43/43</u>	REPORT MADE BY <u>KENNETH R. HEUTON</u>
TITLE <u>ARTHUR L. REID (Colored)</u>			CHARACTER OF CASE <u>CUSTODIAL DETENTION (G & J)</u>

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject, colored British Subject, entered US 1907 after being ship wrecked aboard the SS "Orient" off the Atlantic Coast. He entered Norfolk, Va. His passport was lost and since that time no attempt was made to attain naturalization. He registered as an alien and also for Selective Service; no classification has been given him. He began speaking (street speaker) in Harlem in 1932. He organized the African Patriotic League which is currently active but enjoys a small following of Negroes, the purpose of which was the uplift of the Negroes, educationally and economically. Subject's occupation has been miscellaneous labor work and the manufacturing of Negro dolls. In the past he has spoken before the European Negro Improvement Association and the Ethiopian World Federation; was a member of the Harlem Labor Union and served as President during 1938 and 1939. He is considered by the NYPD and others as a race agitator. Reported pro-German and pro-Japanese, speaking on streets as late as the summer of 1942. Subject denies making statements detrimental to the U.S.

- C -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,226
DATE 7/18/96 BY SP5 CJD/ms

DETAILS

The investigation in this case is predicated upon information appearing in "The Hour" dated August 3, 1941, which names ARTHUR REID as one of the Fascist Agents who have been conducting a vigorous campaign in Harlem to promote pro-Axis and anti-Semitic propaganda among the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">14-1187-10</div> <div style="font-size: 4em; font-weight: bold; margin-top: 10px;">FILE COPY</div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;">146 2152</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		
<div style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin-left: 10px;">5</div> Bureau 1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, CH-1 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York		

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Department of Justice
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
Milan, Michigan

April 19, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. D.

Dear Sirs:

Ry
We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Master Card, April 13, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Letter, April 10, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 14, 1943, to Lester Holness, from Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 14, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City.

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Carol Stegmaler, 325 West End Avenue, New York.

Letter, April 12, 1943, to James Thornhill, from L. Lowry, 110 W. 125th Street, New York, N. Y.

Letter, April 15, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, 720 Crenshaw, Los Angeles, Calif.

Very truly yours

S/

C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden

Encls.

RECORDED

14-1187-11

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 1 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

59 MAY 8 1943

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ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-14343-1974

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Department of Justice
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTE
Milan, Michigan

April 26, 1943

ma
10
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, addition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Conradin Otto Bold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Jahanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Letter, April 20, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Easter Card, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

Easter Card, to Paul W. Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Letter, April 2, 1943, to Hans Pagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, 101-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill, N. Y.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

D173

14-1187-12
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INTELETYPE ON COMMUNICATIONS

57 MAY 15 1943

14P

Handwritten:
Do not
4-5-43
WLB

April 26, 1943

Letter, April 23, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to
Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, N. Y.

Letter, April 24, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Else
Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to
Mrs. Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Tex.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to
Miss Pearl Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street,
Indianapolis, Indiana.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to
Miss Caroline Stegmaler, 325 Westend Avenue,
New York City.

Letter, April 23, 1943, from James Thornhill, to
Mrs. Leona Lowry, 110 West 125th Street,
New York City.

Very truly yours,

S/

C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden

Encls.

To: F. B. I.

-2-

May 4, 1943

- Examinations and Transcripts in Laboratory
and Det'd 5/10/43*
- #138 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig,
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q1896
- #62 Letter, May 1, 1943, from Rene E. Menzen, to Mrs. Christian Mezenen,
412 East 64th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q1897
- #66 Letter, May 1, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller,
4530 Park Avenue, Weehawken, New Jersey. Q1898
- #75 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,
210 Smith Street, Merrick, N. Y. Q1899
- #115 Letter, April 30, 1943, from Elsie Schickert, Detention Station,
Seagoville, Texas, to Adolf G. Schickert. Q1900
- #114 Letter, April 30, 1943, to Charles Soltau, from Pearl Soltau,
339 No. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1901
- #114 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Charles W. Soltau, to Mrs. Laura E. Soltau,
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1902
- #89 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier,
325 Westend Avenue, c/o Siemund, Apt. 11B, New York City. Q1903
- #89 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Charles A. Oberwager,
11 West 42nd Street, New York City, N. Y. Q1904
- #132 Letter, May 3, 1943, from Hugo Steimle, to Otto Steimle,
151 Lincoln Place, Irvington, New Jersey. Q1905
- #129 Letter, May 3, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Lowry,
110 West 125th Street, c/o Center Department Store, New York City. Q1906
- #113 Letter, May 1, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger,
720 Crenshaw Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q1907

Encls.

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttlesworth
C. J. Shuttlesworth,
Warden.

Department of Justice

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

Milan, Michigan

May 12, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as listed below:

- Letter, May 9, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 12, 1943, from Hermann Buss, to Ethel M. Gurnee,
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.
- Letter, May 10, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 11, 1943, from Leonard R. Jordan, to Jonas Gordon,
239 W. 116th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 9, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie
Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas
- Letter, May 10, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie
Schmidt, R. 5, Box 586, Louisville, Kentucky
- Letter, May 9, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Miss Vera
Lampress, 2076 7th Avenue, New York City, N.Y.

Very truly yours,

C.J. Shuttleworth,
Warden

encls.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

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EX-50

14-1187-14
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 21 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

59 MAY 29 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 19, 1943

Good mail
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

#146 Letter, May 6, 1943, to G. R. Buss, from Ethel M. Gurnee, Q2119
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York. *8*

#146 Letter, May 17, 1943, to G. R. Buss, from Ethel M. Gurnee, Q2120
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

#42 Letter, May 16, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, Q2121
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

#66 Letter, May 17, 1943, to Karl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller, Q2122
Weehawken, New Jersey.

Birthday

RECORDED

INDEXED

14-1187-15
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 26 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

EX-21

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

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56 JUN 12 1943

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65-41343-2079

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 19, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

#146 Letter, May 6, 1943, to G. R. Buss, from Ethel M. Gurnee, Q2119
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

#146 Letter, May 17, 1943, to G. R. Buss, from Ethel M. Gurnee, Q2120
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

#42 Letter, May 16, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, Q2121
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

#66 Letter, May 17, 1943, to Karl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller, Q2122
Weehawken, New Jersey.

#120 Birthday greeting card, to Johannes Kroeger, from F. M. Koal, Q2123
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York.

#75 Letter, May 17, 1943, to Everett Roeder, from Mrs. Mary Roeder, Q2124
210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York.

#129 Letter, May 19, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Bernhard Thornhill, Q2125
60 West 129th Street, New York City.

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden

5-21-43 ARE
Encls.



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 25, 1943

58
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Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City.

Q2161

#126 Letter, May 21, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best,
New York City, New York.

Q2162

RECORDED

64-1187-16
FEDERAL BUREAU OF
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65-41343-2089

56 JUN 14 1943

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 25, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

DEFERRED RECORDING

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City. Q2161
- #126 Letter, May 21, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best, New York City, New York. Q2162
- #146 Letter, May 20, 1943, to Hermann Buss, from Ethel M. Gurnee, 316 - 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York. Q2163
- #24 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City, New York. Q2164
- #35 Letter, May 22, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q2165
- #35 Letter, May 20, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y. Q2166
- #36 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q2167
- #42 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q2168
- #127 Letter, May 20, 1943, to Lester Holness, from Mrs. G. Holness, 14 W. 119th Street, New York City. Q2169
- #49 Letter, May 16, 1943, from Rudolph Keller, to Miss Josephine Shaker, 645 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q2170

Handled & examined in lab.
dgm 5/28/43

Machine Relayed in Laboratory
5-27-43 NRE



with
dgm
5/28/43

To: FBI, Washington, D. C.

-2-

May 25, 1943

- #51 Letter, May 21, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. *Q2171*
with net
from 9/24/43
- #51 Letter, May 22, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City, and photograph. *Q2172*
- #138 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. *Q2173*
- #75 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. *Q2174*
- #114 Letter, May 21, 1943, to Charles W. Soltau, from Opal M. Soltau, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. *Q2175*
- #89 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City. *Q2176*
- #89 Letter, May 19, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, 325 West End Avenue, New York City. *Q2177*
- #94 Letter, May 24, 1943, from Eich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, 1616 Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. *Q2178*
- #129 Letter, May 16, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Mrs. Roselin Williams, St. Thomas, V. I. *Q2179*
Revised
5-29-43

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

EPB:rb

14-1187

June 5, 1943

SAC, New York

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/18/84 BY SP5C1/DMS

CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL,
alias J. J. THORNHILL; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;
SEDITION

Mr. Tolson.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm.....
Mr. Clegg.....
Mr. Glavin.....
Mr. Ladd.....
Mr. Nichols.....
Mr. Rosen.....
Mr. Tracy.....
Mr. Carson.....
Mr. Coffey.....
Mr. Hendon.....
Mr. McGuire.....
Mr. Mumford.....
Mr. Quinn Tamm.....
Mr. Nease.....

Miss Gandy.....
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated March 19, 1943, in which you were instructed to cover the leads set forth in the report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Ronton, dated December 8, 1942, at New York City, and also to bring the activities of the subjects up to date.

A review of the Bureau's file in this matter reflects that your office has not complied with these instructions, therefore, it is desired that this case be handled immediately and that a report covering the desired investigation be submitted to the Bureau by your office within thirty days after receipt of this letter.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5

JUN - 11 1943
P.M.

RECEIVED
JUN 7 1943
14-1187-17
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 10 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
JUN 10 1943
JUN 10 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 1, 1943

~~DEFERRED RECORDING~~

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed are letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, Q 2266
62 West 118th Street, New York City

#24 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd,
601 W. 151st Street, New York City, NY. Q 2267

#35 Letter, May 24, 1943, to Richard F. Fruendt, from Cpl. Q 2268
Roderick Fruendt, Co. G - 3rd Repl. B'l. Pittsburg, Calif.

#35 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y. Q 2269

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14-1187-18

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUN 9 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL FILE IN

EX-46

61 JUN 26 1943

Serial
De
12-11-58
#22

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 1, 1943

~~DEFERRED RECORDING~~

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

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- #24 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd,
601 W. 151st Street, New York City, NY. Q 2267
- #35 Letter, May 24, 1943, to Richard F. Fruendt, from Cpl. Q 2268
Roderick Fruendt, Co. C - 3rd Repl. B'l. Pittsburg, Calif.
- #35 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Q 2269
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y.
- #36 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from Mrs. Anna Fuchs,
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. Q 2270
- #36 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs,
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q 2271
- #40 Letter, May 27, 1943, from Carl Graff, to H. Christensen,
640 Abbott Street, Detroit, Michigan. Q 2272
- #42 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina Q 2273
- #144 Letter, May 29, 1943, from Paul H. R. Grohs, to Sophie Grohs,
112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q 2274
- #144 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Paul H. K. Grohs, from Sophie Grohs,
112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q 2275
- #127 Letter, May 29, 1943, to Lester Holness, from Mrs. G. Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q 2276



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, N. Y.**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 FDR**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE 6/10/43	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 12/11/42; 3/9; 4/10, 13; 5/2/43	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH R. ROUTON
TITLE CHANGED CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL with alias: J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

THORNHILL received sentence of eight years for his activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, charged with sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition; COOKS' inducted into Army, 4/9/43. Additional information set out. REID interviewed and denies statements allegedly made by him. No evidence of his activity as a street speaker at present. However, he continues to hold small meetings indoors, reportedly dealing with African history. Identities and location of CLARK, HOLLINGSWORTH and GREEN not known, and in absence of information of their present activities as speakers, no further investigation is being conducted.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ^{267, 136}
DATE 7/11/86 BY SP5C/10MS

- C -

REFERENCE:

Bureau File No. **14-669**
Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Ronton dated December 8, 1942 at New York City.

COPIES DESTROYED

Letter from Bureau to New York dated March 19, 1943.

44 AUG 18 1961

DETAILS:

The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject COOKS as CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS.

In reference to subject JAMES HENRY THORNHILL reported in reference report as being detained at the Federal Detention House, New York City under indictment on charges of sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition, the dockets of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York reflect that on January 14, 1943, THORNHILL was sentenced by Judge

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>E. E. Conroy</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - USA SDNY 1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, (NI) 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York	14-1187-19 7-2-43 EPB 100 to [unclear] JUN 14 1943 7-5-43 EPB [unclear] to [unclear] [unclear] memo to [unclear]
	RECORDED & INDEXED 162

NY 14-48

CLARENCE GALSTON in the Federal Court, Southern District of New York to a term of eight years on each indictment to run concurrently. At the same time, four other subjects under indictment for their activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement were sentenced for terms ranging from four to ten years.

On May 3, 1943, it was ascertained from Local Draft Board 53, 235th Street, New York City that subject CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS was inducted into the Army on April 3, 1943. However, he was held over because of his physical and was not accepted until April 9, 1943. His present Army serial number is 32886414.

From the records of the New York Probation Office, New York City, the following additional information was obtained on December 11, 1942 concerning CARLOS COOKS. His fingerprint number is 329205, New York City. His criminal record reflected that he was arrested July 13, 1936 for malicious mischief, Fifth Court, New York City, and he was brought before Judge LINDAU and dismissed. On July 17, 1936, he was charged with extortion, General Sessions, New York City and discharged October 8, 1936. On July 14, 1942, he was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets, and was sentenced to ninety days, City Jail.

According to the records of the Probation Office, COOKS is the youngest of four children, born June 23, 1913, San Pedro, Dominican Republic. He entered the United States in 1929 aboard the S. S. HURON and his mother died in 1935. His father is a citizen of the United States, sixty-two years of age, a carpenter by trade, but has not worked in recent years. He owns two rooming houses and operates them for his livelihood. COOKS advised authorities that he was of the Wesleyan faith. However, he did not attend church.

When questioned concerning his becoming a citizen of the United States, he replied that he intended to go to Africa. According to COOKS, he attended public school in the Dominican Republic and went as far as the eighth grade. Later he attended an English class on the Island of St. Martin, for a period of two years.

When questioned concerning his employment, he advised that for the past six years, he had assisted his father who paid him from \$10. to \$15. per week. However, according to probation officials, his father denied his statement, and stated that subject had lived in the house practically free of charge. However, he did state that COOKS had done some odd jobs as a carpenter.

In reference to COOKS' character, his arrest in all instances, had been the result of his speaking on the streets of Harlem.

NY 10048

COOKS leased the premises at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue where his meetings were held from the real estate office of Goodwin and Goodwin, 311 Lenox Avenue, for which he paid \$35. a month. COOKS advised the probation officers that he was editor of a paper known as the Street Speaker. However, the officers were unable to obtain a copy of such a paper. It is further pointed out that in any investigations of a similar nature in the colored areas, at no time has the writer come upon such a paper.

Records at the Selective Service Board previously referred to reflects that COOKS complied with the regulations and registered with the Selective Service Board. However, upon being placed in classification 1A, on July 14, 1942, he made an appeal and filed an application as an alien for relief from military service. It is noted that when he returned his questionnaire, he gave no occupational experience, no income, no property owned and stated that he had been a resident in the United States since July 6, 1929.

Concerning his court record, he denied that he had been convicted of any crime. Further on March 16, 1942, he signed the statement that he intended to remain a national of the Dominican Republic. As previously reported, COOKS is now in the United States Army.

ARTHUR REID was located and voluntarily came to the New York Office where he furnished the following information concerning himself. He is a British subject, who entered the United States 1907, as a result of a ship wreck of the S. S. ORIENT off the Atlantic Coast, at Norfolk, Virginia. At that time, his passport was lost and subsequently, he has not attempted to become a naturalized citizen. He exhibited his certificates, which reflected that he registered as an alien and for the Selective Service Act. Because of his age, he is not being classified by his Local Board.

REID advised that he first began speaking as a street speaker in Harlem in 1932 and about that time, he organized the African Patriotic League, which is currently active, but enjoys a small following of Negroes. The purpose of this organization was for the uplift of the Negro educationally and economically. The location of this organization is presently at 254 W. 135th Street, New York City, and it has been observed by agents to be a small room with chairs which would accommodate approximately twenty-five persons.

REID advised that meetings are held there each Sunday evening at 4 P.M., that at present there are about thirty active members and they are assessed as dues \$.35 a month. In addition to that, REID stated that he was formerly active in the Harlem Labor Union, which was organized in 1935 and which is presently active, the headquarters now being at 236 W. 116th Street, New York City.

NY 14-48

REID advised that in 1938 and 1939, he was president of this organization, however, at the present, he is not affiliated with it, though it is a strong organization, having approximately six hundred members. REID is presently married and has one child, and his occupation since being in New York has been that of an elevator operator and general miscellaneous work. He ran a grocery business for himself in 1915 and in late years, he has been in the business of the manufacture of colored baby dolls. In this connection, he advises that he is somewhat of a contractor and he maintains his office at 254 W. 135th Street, the same location as that of the African Patriotic League.

REID denies membership in any other organizations, but does state that he has appeared as a speaker before a number of organizations including the Ethiopian World Federation, the Universal Negro Improvement Association and the African Pioneering Movement. However, he denies that he ever spoke before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement.

REID denied all specific statements allegedly made by him. However, he did admit that in the early part of the war, he had made some statements which might have been considered a violation of the law in war-times, so he had been very careful and had discontinued any such statements that might be considered disloyal. Further, in fact, he had never been disloyal to the United States and was only attempting to uplift the condition of the colored race in America.

In this connection, Inspector MULHOLLAND, 28th Precinct, New York City, advised according to reports from members of the police force, that REID had been very quiet and did not very often speak with anyone, and was not known to have been speaking on the streets subsequent to the arrest of THORNHILL, COOKS and GREEN as reported in reference report.

REID stated that since being in America, he had only been arrested on one occasion, December 3, 1939, charged with disorderly conduct as a result of a fight he had with a white man on the subway. He was sentenced to ten days. However, the sentence was suspended.

REID was questioned in reference to ARTHUR GREEN and he advised that he was not acquainted with him to the extent that he knew his address or occupation. He advised that he believed he was a junk dealer. However, he had never spoken before his organization, nor had he heard him speak at any other place other than on the streets during the summer of 1942. REID described GREEN as being forty-years of age, 5'8" tall, 160 lbs., with very dark complexion.

NY 14-48

In reference to HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH or CLARK, REID did not know them at all nor could he furnish any descriptions of them.

In reference to REID's organization on 135th Street, he states that the speakers are cautious in their remarks and only lecture on African history and the economic condition of the Negroes, that no remarks are made pertaining to the Japanese, and are primarily interested in the breakdown of discrimination and the obtaining of jobs for the Negro people.

Agent Torrens and the writer made an effort to locate ARTHUR GREEN without success and at the address furnished by him to the Police Department, no one at that address admitted their acquaintance with GREEN nor could they furnish his present location.

Inquiries were also made of the Police Department and individuals living in that vicinity without success.

In reference to CLARK and HOLLINGSWORTH, mentioned as making remarks along with subjects of this case, it is pointed out that THORNHILL and COOKS as well as REID denied their acquaintance with these individuals, advising they are just people who came up to the stands, out of the crowd, and voluntarily made a few remarks. The Police and detectives of the 28th Street Precinct were not acquainted with these individuals and it has not been reported that they have done any further speaking on the streets.

A description of CARLOS COOKS as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS (colored)
Age	31
Born	June 23, 1913, Dominion Republic
Height	5'7"
Weight	150 lbs.
Build	Medium
Complexion	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Dark brown
Race	Negro
Occupation	Street speaker
Citizenship	British

Marital status	Single
Criminal record	Several arrests for disturbing the peace
Relatives	Father - JAMES COOKS, 43 W. 131st Street; Sister - SILVIA, 43 W. 131st St.; Brother - LORENCO, 43 W. 131st St.; - JAMES, 219 E. 135th St., age 33.

A description of ARTHUR REID as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	ARTHUR REID
Age	55
Born	May, 1888, Barbados, British West Indies
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 lbs.
Complexion	Black
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black, part bald
Criminal record	Arrested 12/3/39, disorderly conduct
Occupation	Lecturer and laborer
Race	Negro
Citizenship	British
Marital status	Married, one child,

A description of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL is as follows:

Name	JAMES HENRY THORNHILL
Age	41
Born	October 23, 1901, St. Croix, Virgin Islands
Height	5'9"
Weight	140 lbs.
Build	Slim
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black
Complexion	Black
Marital status	Married to ADRINA JACOBS - separated
Race	Negro
Occupation	Laborer
Citizenship	U. S. citizen

NY 14648

Relatives * Sister - VERA CAMPUS, 19 W. 117th St.,
New York City;
Brother - BERNARD THORNHILL,
address unknown

Inas much as the police and informants available, know of no activities on the part of individuals and subjects of this investigation, in engaging in street speaking or making remarks that might be considered seditious subsequent to those originally reported by the Police Department in reference report, and since it is further substantiated by the sister of CARLOS COOKS that he has not engaged in speaking since his release from the City Jail, and in view of the fact that COOKS is presently in the Army, and that REID denies making statements of seditious character and THORNHILL is presently serving a term of eight years of imprisonment for statements he made before the Ethiopian Pacific League, no further investigation is being conducted in this case and it is considered closed.

- C L O S E D -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK, N. Y.

NY

FILE NO. 14-48 FIA

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE 6/10/43	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 12/11/42; 3/9; 4/10, 13; 5/9/43	REPORT MADE BY KENNETH E. BORTON
TITLE CHANGED CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL with alias: J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID			CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:</p> <p>THORNHILL received sentence of eight years for his activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, charged with sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition; COOKS' induction into Army, 4/9/43. Additional information set out. REID interviewed and denies statements allegedly made by him. No evidence of his activity as a street speaker at present. However, he continues to hold small meetings indoors, reportedly dealing with African history. Identities and location of CLARK, HOLLINGWORTH and GREEN not known, and in absence of information of their present activities as speakers, no further investigation is being conducted.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- 0 -</p> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236 DATE 7/18/86 BY SP5CJ/oms</p> <p>REFERENCE:</p> <p>Bureau File No. 14-669 Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Borton dated December 8, 1942 at New York City.</p> <p>DETAILS:</p> <p>Letter from Bureau to New York dated March 19, 1943.</p> <p>The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject COOKS as CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS.</p> <p>In reference to subject JAMES HENRY THORNHILL reported in reference report as being detained at the Federal Detention House, New York City under indictment on charges of sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition, the dockets of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York reflect that on January 14, 1943, THORNHILL was sentenced by Judge</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <div style="font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5; position: absolute; top: 50px; left: 50px;">FILE COPY</div>		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-family: monospace;">14-1187-19</div>
5 - Bureau COPIES OF THIS REPORT 1 - USA BONY 1 - Captain R. C. McFall, NY 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York			

EPB:AJB
7-5-43
14-1187

RECORDED

MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL
WENDELL BERGE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/12/86 BY SP5C/LDMS

RE: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS;
JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, with alias
J. J. Thornhill;
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;
SEDITION

Enclosed herewith for your consideration are copies of the following
investigative reports:

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated September 29, 1942,
at New York, New York, entitled "Carlos Cooks; James Henry Thornhill,
alias J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid; Sedition."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated December 8, 1942, at
New York City, entitled "Carlos Cooks; James Henry Thornhill, alias
J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid; Sedition."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated April 21, 1943, at
New York, New York, entitled "Arthur L. Reid (Colored); Custodial
Detention - G & J."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated June 10, 1943, at
New York, New York, entitled "Carlos Alexander Cooks; James Henry
Thornhill, with alias J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid;
Sedition."

Mr. Tolson

Mr. E. A. Tamm

Mr. Clegg

Mr. Coffey

Mr. Glavin

Mr. Ladd

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Carson

Mr. Harbo

Mr. Hendon

Mr. McGuire

Mr. Mumford

Mr. Piper

Mr. Quinn

Mr. Nease

Miss Gandy

Will you kindly review these reports and advise me whether you
believe the activities and speeches of the subjects amount to a violation of
the Sedition Statutes and whether you believe further investigation in this
matter is justified.

You will note in your review of these reports that subject James
Henry Thornhill received a sentence of eight years on January 14, 1943, for his
activities in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, being charged with sedition and
conspiracy to commit sedition. Subject Carlos Alexander Cooks you will note
was inducted into the United States Army on April 9, 1943.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosure

47 JUL 12 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 8, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- 24 Letter, June 6, 1943, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd,
601 W. 151st Street, New York City. Q 2389
- 24 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd,
601 W. 151st Street, New York City. Q 2390
- 35 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y. Q 2391
- 35 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y.

RECORDED & INDEXED

102

EX-1

14-1187-20

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUN 17 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

117 301
50 JUN 26 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 8, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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- 24 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City. *Q 2390*
- 35 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y. *Q 2391*
- 35 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N.Y. *Q 2392*
- 36 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. *Q 2393*
- 42 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. *Q 2394*
- 144 Letter, June 5, 1943, to Paul H. K. Grohs, from Mrs. Sophie Grohs, 112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. *Q 2395*
- 51 Letter, June 5, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N.Y. *Q 2396*
- 51 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. *Q 2397*
- 138 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. *Q 2398*
- 66 Letter, June 3, 1943, to Karl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller, Weehawken, N. J. *Q 2399*



~~copy~~ ALL SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

6-10-43
EBL

June 1, 1943

- #51 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. Q 2277
- #120 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Johannes Kroeger, from Harold St. L. O'Dougherty, 303 Washington Street, Brooklyn, New York. Q 2278
- #120 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Johannes Kroeger, from Else G. Koal, 225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York, and blank check. Q 2279
- #119 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q 2280
- #75 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. Q 2281
- #140 Letter, May 2, 1943, to Frank Sanner, from Sophie Sanner, Federal Reformatory for Women, Alderson, West Virginia. Q 2282
- 11140 Letter, May 28, 1943, to Frank Sanner, from Kate Schmidt, R 5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky. Q 2283
- #115 Letter, May 27, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Swiss Consulate General, 444 Madison Avenue, New York City, New York. Q 2284
- #115 Letter, May 27, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Col. Ralph Hutchins, Commanding Officer, 1343rd Service Command Unit, Fort George G. Meade, Md. Q 2285
- #89 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11 B., New York City. Q 2286
- #89 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Charles M. Phillips, U. S. Attorney, Newark, New Jersey. Q 2287
- #89 Letter, May 27, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from The Seamen's Bank for Savings, 74 Wall Street, New York. Q 2288
- #129 Letter, May 30, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Bernhart Thornhill, 60 West 129th Street, c/o Tanner, New York City. Q 2289

Very truly yours


J. Shuttleworth,
"arden.

Encls.

SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

6-3-43 EC

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 7, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, June 3, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City. Q2358

#36 Letter, June 3, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from Mrs. Anna Fuchs,
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q2359

#42 Letter, May 31, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q2360

#128 Letter, May 26, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote,
505 Woodward Avenue, Ridgewood, Long Island, New York. Q2361

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152

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57 JUN 29 1943



DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 7, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

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- #126 Letter, June 3, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City. Q2358
- #36 Letter, June 3, 1943, to Carl F. T. Fuchs, from Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q2359
- #42 Letter, May 31, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q2360
- #128 Letter, May 26, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Ridgewood, Long Island, New York. Q2361
- #128 Letter, June 3, 1943, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q2362
- #62 Letter, June 1, 1943, from Rene E. Menzen, to Mrs. Christian Menzen, 412 East 64th Street, New York, New York. Q2363
- #67 Letter, June 4, 1943, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, 101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N.Y. Q2364
- #75 Letter, May 28, 1943, to Everett H. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary Roeder, Mautagh, New York. Q2365
- #115 Letter, May 30, 1943, from Else Schickert, Seagoville, Texas, to Adolf G. Schickert. Q2366
- 6-9-43 ARE #129 Letter, June 3, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Bernhardt Thornhill, 60 W. 129th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q2367
- #113 Letter, June 5, 1943, from E. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, 720 Crenshaw Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q2368
- #113 Letter, May 28, 1943, to E. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, 720 Crenshaw Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q2369



Encls.

Very truly yours,
C. J. Shuttleworth, Warden.

June 8, 1943

- 67 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Hans Pagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhumer, 101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N.Y. *a 2401*
- 75 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. *a 2401*
- 115 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. *a 2401*
- 139 Letter, June 7, 1943, to R. Karl Schmidt, from Kate Schmidt, R 5, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky. *a 2401*
- 139 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt, R5, Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. *a 2401*
- 114 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to Mrs. Laura E. Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. *a 2401*
- 89 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Charles A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, and three withdrawal slips for funds from Seamen's Bank *a 2401*
- 89 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaler, 325 Westend Avenue, New York City, N. Y. *a 2401*
- 89 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Mrs. Chas. A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. *a 2401*
- 94 Letter, June 6, 1943, to Erich Strunck, from Alfred H. Strunck, 1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. *a 2401*
- 127 Letter, May 7, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City. *a 2401*
- 120 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mrs. Herbert Rahn, Main Street, Huntington, New York. *a 2401*
- 129 Letter, June 8, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Lowry, 110 W. 125th Street, New York City. *a 2401*

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 16, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, June 14, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City. Q2487
- #24 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. Q2488
- #24 Letter, June 13, 1943, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mary Lou Lloyd, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City. #31. Q2489
- #35 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q2490
- #36 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q2491

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EX-58

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14-1187-22

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 30 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

52 JUL 13 1943

269

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 16, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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- #24 Letter, June 13, 1943, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mary Lou Lloyd,
601 W. 151st Street, New York City. #31. Q 2489
- #35 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs.
Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, Q 2490
189 E. 64th Street, New York City.
- #36 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs,
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q 2491
- #89 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Chas. A. Oberwager,
11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q 2492
- #42 Father's Day Greeting Card, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina Q 2493
- #42 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q 2494
- #144 Letter, June 11, 1943, to Paul H. E. Grohs, from Sophie Grohs,
112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q 2495
- #144 Father's Day greeting card, to Paul H. E. Grohs, from Margaret Grohs,
112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Q 2496
- #127 Letter, June 14, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q 2497



REMAINDER RETAINED IN LAB.

Returned
6-21-43
RIP

To: F.B.I.

-2-

June 16, 1943

- #147 Letter, June 10, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Pk., New Jersey *End*
- #147 Letter, June 11, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Pk., New Jersey *End*
- #138 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky *Returned 2500 6-21-43 RAP*
- #67 Letter, June 10, 1943, to Rene E. Mezenen, from Ida Mezenen, 412 E 64th Street, New York City. *2501*
- #67 Letter, June 15, 1943, from Rene E. Mezenen, to Christian Mezenen, 412 East 64th Street, New York City. *2502*
- #66 Letter, June 15, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, Hudson County, New Jersey *2503*
- #75 Letter, June 12, 1943, to Everett Roeder, from M. S. Roeder, Roland Avenue, Wantagh, New York. *2504*
- #75 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Everett Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, Roland Avenue, Wantagh, New York. *2505*
- #137 Letter, May 30, 1943, to Frank Banner, from Sophie Banner, Federal Reformatory for Women, Alderson, West Virginia. *2506*
- #115 Letter, June 11, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Consulate General of Switzerland, New York. *2507*
- #115 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. *2508*
- #115 Letter, June 13, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. *2509*
- #139 Birthday Greeting Card, to Karl R. Schmidt, from Mother, Louisville, Kentucky. *2510*
- #139 Letter, June 13, 1943, to Karl R. Schmidt, from sister Mary, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky. *2511*
- #89 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Caroline Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, New York City. *2512*

COPIES RETAINED IN LAB.

*Exhibit
not d
6/21/43
Lyon*

To: F.B.I.

-3-

June 16, 1943

#84 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Seaman's Bank of Savings, 74 Wall Street, New York City. Q 2513

#44 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, 1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q 2514

#129 Letter, June 15, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roseline Williams, St. Thomas, Virgin Island, U. S. Q 2515

Very truly yours,

J. Shuttleworth

J. Shuttleworth,
"arden."

Encls.

*wid. att
6/21/43
dgm*

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, June 15, 1943, to Jos. Bachmaier, from Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania. Q2590
- #149 Letter, June 15, 1943, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio. Q2591
- #149 Letter, June 16, 1943, to Joseph Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio. Q2592
- #126 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City, N. Y.

RECORDED

INDEXED

141-1187-23

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUL 3 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL FILE IN

This Serial
De-indexed
12/17/58
#22

57 JUL 14 1943

To: F.B.I.

-2-

6/22/43

- Encl. returned
6/26/43
Wood*
- #130 Letter, June 19, 1943, from Joseph Hartrey, to Str. M. Bernadette,
Convent Station, New Jersey Q 2601 ✓
- #127 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q 2602 ✓
- #147 Letter, June 15, 1943, to August Klapprott, from John V. Dollard,
51 Chambers Street, New York City. Q 2603 ✓
- #147 Letter, June 19, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott,
82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgfield, Park, N. J. Q 2604 ✓
- #51 Letter, June 20, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Erna Kleiss,
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N.Y. Q 2605 ✓
- #120 Letter, June 21, 1943, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mrs. Elsie Koal,
225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York. Q 2606 ✓
- #138 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig,
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q 2607 ✓
-
- Returned 6-26-43
Hummel*
- #67 Letter, June 16, 1943, to Hans Fagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhammer
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, New York. Q 2608 ✓
- #75 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, New York. Q 2609 ✓
- #115 Letter, June 18, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Consulate
General of Switzerland, New York. Q 2610 ✓
- #115 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert
Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. Q 2611 ✓
- #139 Letter, June 17, 1943, to Rudy Schmidt, from Mary Louise Schmidt,
R. R. 5, Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q 2612 ✓
- #139 Letter, June 19, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt,
R. R. Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q 2613 ✓
- #114 Letter, June 20, 1943, to Charles W. Soltau, from Mrs. Laura Soltau,
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q 2614 ✓
- #99 Letter, June 20, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline
Steismaier, 325 Westend Avenue, New York City, N.Y. Q 2615 ✓

To: F.B.I.

-3-

6/22/43

- Returned 6-26-43
C. J. S.*
- #44 Letter, June 21, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, ✓
1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q2616
- #129 Letter, June 21, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Barnhart Thornhill, ✓
60 West 129th Street, New York City. Q2617
- #150 Letter, June 15, 1943, to Hugo Weiss, from John V. "ollard, ✓
51 Chambers Street, New York. Q2618

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

P.S. Also letter, June 15, 1943, to Hugo Weiss, from M. Weiss,
44-04 3rd Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.

#150

Q2619

Encl.

C. J. S.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

KRR:BEO
14-48

New York, N. Y.
July 3, 1943

Director, FBI

Re: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS;
JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, with alias;
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;
SEDITION

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter (Bureau file 14-1187)
dated June 5, 1943 requesting a report in the above captioned case.

Your attention is called to the closing report of Special
Agent KENNETH R. ROUNTON on this matter dated June 10, 1943, New
York (Bureau File 14-669).

Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy
E. E. CONROY,
SAC

COPIES DESTROYED

11 00 AUG 18 1961



57 JUL 16 1943

Op. 7

CIF

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/18/86 BY SP5 CJD/MS

RECORDED
EX-14

F B I
25 JUL 5 1943

ar
24

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

WB:LAR:MLB

146-28-1035

July 26, 1943

et. 4

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Re: Carlos Alexander Cooks, et al.

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. E. A. Tamm	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Coffey	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Acers	_____
Mr. Carson	_____
Mr. Hendon	_____
Mr. Mumford	_____
Mr. Starks	_____
Mr. Quinn Tamm	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____
Files	_____

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 6, 1943, and the investigative reports dated at New York, New York, enumerated therein, in the above-captioned matter.

In view of the disposition of collateral proceedings against the subjects herein, as outlined in the report of Kenneth R. Ronton, dated June 10, 1943, (p. 7), and particularly the present status of the individual subjects, it is deemed inadvisable to suggest additional and supplemental prosecutive action herein. It is our present view that reconsideration shall be given to prosecution of subjects Arthur Green and Arthur Reid if their future activities follow the pattern set in the past.

In particular reference to subject Carlos Alexander Cooks, if the four enumerated reports have not been transmitted to the Military Intelligence Division, War Department, Washington, D. C., it is recommended that copies of same be transmitted to such division for their guidance and processing.

Respectfully,

Wendell Berge
WENDELL HERGE,
Assistant Attorney General.

*8-20-43 EPB
Set to N.Y.C. +
Running Memo*

FOR DEFENSE



BUY
UNITED
STATES
SAVINGS
BONDS
AND STAMPS

RECORDED

EX-46

114-1187-25
FBI
35 JUL 28 1943

EPB

EPB:AJB
RECORDED 14-1187 - 25

Date: August 20, 1943

To: SAC, New York City

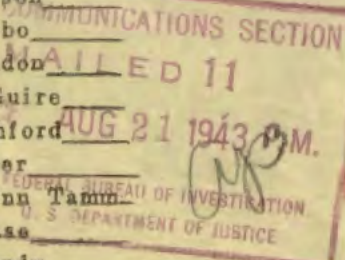
From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, with alias
J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;
SEDITION

Reference is made to the closing report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated June 10, 1943, at New York, New York, submitted in connection with the investigation of the captioned matter. This is to advise that a copy of Special Agent Routon's report was furnished the Criminal Division of the Department for its consideration in conjunction with the material previously made available on the above individuals. An opinion relative to the possibilities of a sedition violation was requested. By a memorandum dated July 26, 1943, advice was received to the effect that in view of the disposition of collateral proceedings against the subjects herein, as outlined in the report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Routon, dated June 10, 1943, and particularly the present status of the individual subjects, it was deemed inadvisable to suggest additional and supplemental prosecutive action. It was further stated that reconsideration would be given to prosecution of subjects Arthur Green and Arthur Reid if their future activities followed the pattern set in the past.

Accordingly, it is desired that this case be retained in a closed status. However, should your Office receive information indicating that Arthur Green and Arthur Reid are continuing their activities, the Bureau should be advised so that this information may be transmitted to the Department for further consideration.

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. McGuire _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Piper _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____



23 AUG 24 1943

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236
DATE 7/12/86 BY SP5/CLM

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

August 23, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. Q3557
- #42 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q3558
- #147 Letter, August 22, 1943, from August Elaprott to Mrs. Hedwig Elaprott,
82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J. Q3559
- #51 Letter, August 20, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Erna Kleiss,
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q3560
- #138 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Erna Lustig,

*this Serial
is enclosed
12/18/58
#22*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

205

EX-91

58 SEP 8

1943 518

14-1187-26

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SEP 3 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

August 23, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination and are as indicated below:

- evidence handled & returned 8-27-43*
- #148 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. Q3557
- #42 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q3558
- #147 Letter, August 22, 1943, from August Klapprott to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott,
82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J. Q3559
- #51 Letter, August 20, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Anna Kleiss,
150 W. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q3560
- #138 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig,
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q3561
- #75 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary M. Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Montagh, N. Y. Q3562
- #115 Letter, August 19, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Arthur Herbert,
70 North Grove Street, East Orange, N. J. Q3563
- #115 Letter, August 21, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Hilde Schickert,
130 West Eleventh Street, New York City Q3564
- #139 Letter, August 21, 1943, from Karl E. Schmidt, to Mrs. Lillian Schmidt,
R. 5, Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q3565
- #139 Letter, August 13, 1943, to Karl E. Schmidt, from Anna,
Louisville, Ky. Q3566
- #129 Letter, August 22, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roseline Williams
St. Thomas, U. S. V. I. Q3567



To: F.B.I.

-2-

August 23, 1943

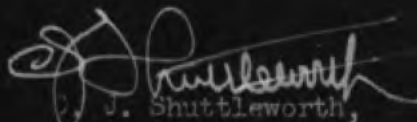
*Enclaves handled
returned 8-27-43
ESP*

#150 Letter, August 19, 1943, to Hugo Weiss, from Mrs. Marie Weiss, 44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y., and 2 photos. Q356

#150 Letter, August 22, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q356

#113 Letter, August 17, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, 1702 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California, and photograph. Q3570

Very truly yours,


J. Shuttleworth,
Garden.

Encls.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- James Henry Thornhill*
- #126 September 8, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best
62 West 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, 8-8-43, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- #128 Letter, September 7, 1943, to Oscar A. Stabler from Caroline
Stegmaier, Lake Mahopac, New York.
- #129 Letter, September 4, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Leona Lowery
3182 W. 121st Street, New York City.
- #130 Letter, September 8, 1943, from B. A. Zenzinger, to S. R.
Zenzinger, 1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
- Evidence Filed
9-14-43
L.B.*

52 SEP 29 1943

INDEXED
&
RECORDED
205

14-1187-26X
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
SEP 20 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- James Henry Thompson*
- #126 September 8, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best
62 West 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, 8-8-43, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- #128 Letter, September 7, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler from Caroline
Stegmaier, Lake Mahopac, New York.
- #129 Letter, September 4, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Leona Lowery
3182 W. 121st Street, New York City.
- #130 Letter, September 8, 1943, from B. B. Zenzinger, to B. B.
Zenzinger, 1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, September 19, 1943, to Joseph Bachmaier, from Mrs. J. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q 3995
- #148 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. J. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q 3996
- #149 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q 3997
- #126 Letter, September 21, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. Q 3998
- #24 Letter, September 19, 1943, to Conradin O. Dold, from Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City 25, N. Y. Q 3999
- #24 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Conradin O. Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q 4000
- #35 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Paark, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. Q 4001
- #42 Letter, September 19, 1943, from H. ...

Evidence returned
9-27-43
WJL

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

8152

14-1187-27

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
OCT 6 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

55 OCT 16 1943
DIVISION
FBI
12 09 PM '43

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- Evidence returned 8-27-43 Mfe*
- #148 Letter, September 19, 1943, to Joseph Bachmaier, from Mrs. J. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q 3995
- #148 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. J. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q 3996
- #149 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q 3997
- #126 Letter, September 21, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. Q 3998
- DEFERRED RECORDING
- #24 Letter, September 19, 1943, to Conradin O. Dold, from Mrs. Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City 25, N. Y. Q 3999
- #24 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Conradin O. Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q 4000
- #35 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Paark, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. Q 4001
- #42 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q 4002
- #128 Letter, September 17, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. Q 4003
- #147 Letter, September 19, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgely Park, N. J. Q 4004
- #138 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Mrs. Pauline Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q 4005



ENCL G

COPIES AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.
9-24-43 Mfe

To: F.B.I.

-2-

9/22/43

- Evidence returned
9-27-43 by JC*
- #66 Letter, September 16, 1943, to Karl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller,
7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, New Jersey Q 4006
- #67 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhammer,
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. Q 4007
- #75 Letter, September 19, 1943, to Everett M. Roeder, from Carl M. Roeder,
607-608 Carnegie Hall, New York City. Q 4008
- #115 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert,
Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas Q 4009
- #89 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline
Stegmaier, Lake Mahopac, New York. Q 4010
- #129 Letter, September 20, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Lowry,
318 West 121st Street, New York City. Q 4011
- #150 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss,
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q 4012
- #151 Letter, September 10, 1943, to K. R. Wendlandt, from Mrs. Betty Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. Q 4013
- #151 Letter, September 19, 1943, to K. R. Wendlandt, from Mrs. Henry Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. Q 4014
- #151 Letter, September 19, 1943, from K. R. Wendlandt, to B. Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. Q 4015

Very truly yours,


C. V. Shuttleworth,
"arden."

Encls.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 29, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- Handwritten in left margin: "Listed in Library on p. 77."*
- Handwritten in right margin: "Origin 65-4144-12"*
- #148 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Joseph Bachmaier, from Mrs. Joseph Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania. *Q 4144*
 - #126 Letter, September 28, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. *Q 4145*
 - #40 Letter, September 28, 1943, from Carl Graff, to Harold Christensen, 640 Abbott Street, Apt. 14, Detroit, Michigan. *Q 4146*
 - #42 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Avenue, Charleston, S. C. *Q 4147*
 - #115 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. *Q 4148*
 - #94 Letter, September 27, 1943, to Erich Strunck, from Alfred H. Strunck, *Q 4149*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED
123

14-1187-28

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OCT 13 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED OCT 13 1943

66
57 OCT 22 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 29, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- Examined and Ruled in Laboratory
10-6-43 by M. G. H.*
- Original 65-*
- #148 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Joseph Bachmaier, from Mrs. Joseph Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania. *Q4144*
- #126 Letter, September 28, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. *Q4145*
- #40 Letter, September 28, 1943, from Carl Graff, to Harold Christensen, 640 Abbott Street, Apt. 14, Detroit, Michigan *Q4146*
- #42 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Avenue, Charleston, S. C. *Q4147*
- #115 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. *Q4148*
- #94 Letter, September 27, 1943, to Erich Strunck, from Alfred H. Strunck, 1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin. *Q4149*
- #129 Letter, September 28, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Bernhardt Thornhill, 60 West 129th Street, New York City, N. Y. *Q4150*
- #151 Letter, September 26, 1943, to K. R. Wendlandt, from Mrs. Henry Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. *Q4151*
- #151 Letter, September 26, 1943, from K. R. Wendlandt, to B. Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. *Q4152*
- #113 Letter, September 24, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, 1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. *Q4153*

*Retained in Laboratory
10-4-43 EGC*

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden

Encls.



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

October 8, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination, and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, October 3, 1943, to Ralph Best, From Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y. Q4273
- #147 Letter, October 4, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott, c/o Goeckler, 82 Dergen Avenue, Ridgefield, Park, N. J. Q4274
- #129 Letter, October 1, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Mrs. Roselin Williams, St. Thomas, V. I. Q4275
- #113 Letter, October 6, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, 1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q4276

SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

10-12-43 EOL

Very truly yours,

59 OCT 28 1943

RECORDED
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INDEXED

14-1187-29

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OCT 20 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

October 8, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

10-12-43 ECL

Very truly yours,

Encls.

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

October 5, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. Q 4204
- #149 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q 4205
- #126 Letter, October 5, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y. Q 4206
- #24 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 West 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q 4207
- in same* { #35 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. Q 4208
enc. { Also a letter, October 2, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Sally Fruendt, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. Q 4209 *me*
- October 24, 1943, from Dr. Franz E. Fiedler, to Attorney A. Davis

58 NOV 1 1943 33

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14-1187-30
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
OCT 18 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

October 5, 1943

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- #126 Letter, October 5, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y. Q 4206
- #24 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 West 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q 4207
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Also a letter, October 2, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Sally Fruendt, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. Q 4209
- #157 Letter, September 24, 1943, from Dr. Franz P. Fiedler, to Attorney A. Davis 200-5 Walsh Bldg., 434 Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Q 4210
- #42 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q 4211
- #128 Letter, September 30, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Frank H. Grote. 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27 N. Y. Q 4212
- #147 Letter, October 3, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott, c/o Goeckler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Hidesfield Park N. J. Q 4213
- #51 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q 4214
- #138 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q 4215



24

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Evidence returned
NYC
10-11-43

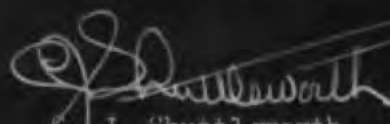
To: F.B.I.

-2-

10/5/43

- #138 Letter, October 1, 1943, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q4216
- #66 Letter, October 1, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, New Jersey Q4217
- #66 Letter, October 1, 1943, to Karl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller, Woodcliff, N. J. Q4218
- #75 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Everett M. Hoeder, to Carl M. Hoeder, 640 Riverside Drive, New York City. Q4219
- #115 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. Q4220
- #114 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to Miss Pearl Soltan, 339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q4221
- #89 Letter, October 3, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, c/o Siemund, Lake Mahopac, N. Y. Q4222
- #94 Letter, October 1, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, 1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin Q4223
- #129 Letter, October 3, 1943, from James Thornhill to Mrs. Roslin Williams, Down Street, St. Thomas, U. S. Virgin Island. Q4224
- #150 Letter, September 30, 1943, to Hugo Weiss, from M. Weiss, 44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q4225
- #151 Letter, October 3, 1943, from K. R. Wendlandt, to B. Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Q4226
- #113 Letter, October 1, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, 1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q4227
- #113 Letter, September 30, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenginer, 1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q4228

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 2, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

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- #149 Letter, October 27, 1943, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef
Belohlavek, 4432 West 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 94615
- #147 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary
Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 94616

District Court of the United States, 94617

RECORDED

449
55 NOV 20 1943

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
NOV 13 1943
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 2, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
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Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 94616
- #149 Notice to Attorney, District Court of the United States,
Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, dated
October 27, 1943, in the case of United States of America
vs. Joseph Belohlavek, et al. 94617
- #24 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Conradin Otto Mold, to Mary Lou Lloyd,
605 West 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 94618
- #35 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. J. K. Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. 94619
- #42 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 94620
- #128 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote,
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. 94621
- #127 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Lester Holness, from G. Holness,
14 W. 119th Street, New York City. 94622
- #127 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City. 94623
- #147 Letter, October 31, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig
Klapprott, c/o Goeckler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgely Park, N. Y. 94624



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Egc

To: F.B.I.

-2-

November 2, 1943

- Remained a letter in laboratory 11-6-43 per MFM.*
- #51 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 94625
- #138 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Mrs. Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. 94626
- #51 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 94627
- #62 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Rene E. Menzen to Mrs. Christian Mezenen 412 East 64th Street, New York City. 94628
- #66 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, New Jersey 94629
- #75 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, Roland Avenue, Wastagh, N. Y. 94630
- #115 Letter, October 28, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Frederic M. P. Pearse, Counsellor at Law, 744 Broad Street, Newark 2, N. J. 94631
- #88 Letter, October 29, 1943, from Gerhard Stabler, to Paul Galle, 3160 33rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. 94632
- #80 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Hubert Schmuderrick, to Mrs. Emma Gaiger 1302 Teller Avenue, New York, Bronx, New York. 94633
- #89 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Oscar M. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, c/o Siemond, New York, N. Y. 94634
- #129 Letter, October 31, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Lowry, 318 West 121st Street, New York City, N. Y. 94635
- #156 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N.Y. 94636
- Warden's Office 11-6-43 per MFM*

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

11-4-43
Egc

EPG
WFM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT
ARMY SERVICE FORCES

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH SERVICE COMMAND
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

3 November 43

NOV 22 1943

ID/ANA/gdc

DECLASSIFIED

Authority Ex. Ord. 12958
By hmm, Date 12-12-23

SUBJECT: COOKS, Carlos A. Pvt., ASN 32886/14, Camp Gordon, Georgia.

TO : Military Intelligence Service, War Department, Washington, D. C.

1. Subject is considered to be subversive by the Director, ID, Hq. Fourth Service Command.

2. Request subject be transferred to a War Department Special Unit in accordance with the provisions of Par. 5 of AG letter dated 19 March 1943, subject "Military Personnel Suspected of Disloyalty or Subversive Activity".

3. Attention is invited to the fact that subject is a negro.

4. It is not deemed necessary by this office to request development of background investigation.

5. Subject will be transferred to Station Complement, and left under close GS surveillance including mail intercept, pending decision by your office.

STACY KNOFF

Colonel, G. S. C.

Director, Intelligence Division

Incl: 1

CI-R1 rpt. re subj.

26 Oct. 43 (trip)

cc: PIO Camp Gordon, Ga.

Since investigation is PENDING,
Military Intelligence Division
makes no recommendation at this
time.

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EX - 37

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

57 DEC 7 1943

WAR DEPARTMENT
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

JRM/pbj

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

File No. IV B 3 61 2 m
Date 22 October 1945
Subject: CARLOS A. COOKS, Pvt.,
ASN 38286414,
32nd CM Bn.,
Camp Gordon, Georgia.

Investigation requested by DID, 4th Serv. Comd, Atlanta, Ga.
Office of origin DID, 4th Serv. Comd, Atlanta, Ga.
Report made at Camp Gordon, Georgia
Report made by John H. Olson, 1st Lt, Asst. PIO.
Period covered 19 September 1945 to 20 October 1945.
Character of investigation Disaffection.
Status of Case PENDING

REASON FOR INVESTIGATION:

CARLOS A COOKS, Pvt., has been reported as having been a street speaker prior to his induction into the Army, and to have made speeches, possibly of a seditious nature in the Harlem district of New York City. These speeches, directed to negro audiences, are said to have been anti-white race; to have been of a tone unfavorable to the United Nations, and favorable to the Japanese and Axis countries. This information is contained in Summary of Information (Exhibit I) dated 24 September 1945, from Headquarters, Fourth Service Command, Atlanta, Georgia.

The above information was transmitted by inclosures to letter dated 25 August 1945 from Military Intelligence Service, Washington, D. C., to Director, Intelligence Division, Third Service Command. By 4th Indorsement, dated 15 September 1945, correspondence was forwarded to Director, Intelligence Division, Fourth Service Command. By 5th Indorsement dated 24 September 1945, Director, Intelligence Division, Fourth Service Command forwarded correspondence to Post Intelligence Officer, Camp Gordon, Georgia and requested CI-RI Report. Instant report is in response to this request.

DETAILS:

Fourteen-point Topic Outline: (Unless otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein was obtained from review of COOKS' ROL File, Form 20 card, and Service Record.) (Memo A).

1. Personal Data:

Birth: San Pedro De Macoris, Dominican Republic; 23 June 1915.
Present Age: 30.
Citizenship: British (Exhibit I, p. 25).
Description: Male; negro race; height 5'7"; weight 150 lbs.;
medium build; brown complexion; brown eyes;
dark brown hair (Exhibit I, p. 25).

FORWARDED, ABC:
MID, Washington, D. C., 3 copies.
ISD 3 copies.
File 3 copies.
3 copies.

REVIEWED AND APPROVED:

DETAILS: (continued)

Characteristics: Quiet; attentive (Memo B).
 Religion: Wesleyan; does not attend church (Exhibit I, p. 22).
 Marital Status: Single.

2. Family Data:

Father: James Cocks; age 62; 43 West 131st St., New York, N.Y.;
 carpenter; Rooming House operator (Memo A, Exhibit I, pp 2, 28, 29).
 Mother: Christaphine Matthis; died in 1935 (Exhibit I, pp 5, 22).
 Brothers: Lawrence Cocks; 43 West 131st St., New York, N.Y.,
 (Exhibit I, p. 26).
 James Cocks; age 33; 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y.,
 (Exhibit I, p 26).
 Sister: Silvia Cocks, 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y.,
 (Exhibit I, p 26).

3. Education:

Grammar school, 8 years, finished 1925, San Pedro,
 Dominican Republic (Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).
 High School, finished 1929, San Pedro, Dominican Republic
 (Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).

4. Employment:

Odd jobs for father until inducted. No regular employment.
 (Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).

5. Military History:

19 October 1945 - Transferred to 632nd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga.,
 per Par. 24, SO 250, Headquarters Camp Gordon, dated 19 October
 1945. (Memo K).
 3 September 1945 to 19 October 1945 - 3168th QM Service Co.,
 553rd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo A).
 28 August 1945 to 3 September 1945 - Co. D, 11th QM Training
 Regt., Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).
 6 May 1945 to 28 August 1945 - Co F, 11th Training Regt.,
 Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).
 9 April 1945 to 6 May 1945 - Camp Upton, N. Y. (Memo A).
 3 April 1945 - Inducted from Local Board No. 53, New York, N. Y.
 Not accepted until 9 April 1945 (Exhibit I, p 22).
 Branch in which training was received: Quartermaster (Memo A).
 General Service (Memo A).
 Specification Serial No: Carpenter (OSO) (Memo A).

CI-EL REPORT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DETAILS: (Continued)

6. Unit Check:

Capt. Ernest J. Schroeder, Subject's Company Commander (S) (Memo D).
2nd Lt. Russell R. Clements, Subject's Platoon Leader (S) (Memo C).
1st Sgt. Alva W. Mason, Subject's 1st Sgt. (S) (Memo D).

7. Addresses:

19 October to Present - 552nd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo E).
September 1943 to October 1943 - 3105th QM Service Co., 563rd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo A).
August 1943 to September 1943 - Co. D, 11th QM Training Regt., Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).
May 1943 to August 1943 - Co. F, 11th Training Regt, Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).
April 1943 to May 1943 - Camp Upton, New York (Memo A).
Prior to 9 April 1943, 43 West 151st St, New York, N. Y. (Memo A).

8. Barracks Check:

Pvt. Lewis R. Thompson, Barracks Mate (U) (Memo E).
Pvt. James A. Ford, Barracks Mate (S) (Memo F).
Cpl. Arthur Jackson, Barracks Mate (S) (Memo G).

9. Organizations:

Universal Negro Improvement Association, E Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England 1935-1940 (Exhibit I, p 2).
Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association, 55 Lenox Ave, New York, N. Y., 1940-1941, Organizer and President (Exhibit I, p 3).
African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement, 209 St. Nicholas Ave., New York, N. Y., 1941-1942 (Exhibit I, p 3).

10. Principal Amusements:

Playing cards (Memo D).

11. References:

None given.

12. Acquaintances:

Samuel Daniels, address unknown; Sponsor of Pan African Reconstruction Association (Exhibit I, p 2).
Henry Kew, address unknown; Vice President Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association (Exhibit I, p 3).

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DETAILS: (Continued)

Thomas Parks; address unknown; Treasurer of Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association (Exhibit I, p 3).

Arthur Reid, President of African Patriotic League; 135th St., between Seventh & Eighth Avenues, New York, N. Y. (Exhibit I, p 4).

Robert Jordan, President of Ethiopian Pacific Movement, 113 Lenox Ave., New York, N. Y. (Exhibit I, p 4).

James Thornhill; street speaker; indicted and convicted of Sedition and Conspiracy to Commit Sedition (Exhibit I, pp 21 and 22).

13. Credit Record:

Credit Bureau, Marion Bldg., Augusta, Ga. (NR) (Memo H).

14. Police Record:

13 July 1936, Fifth Court, New York, N. Y., malicious mischief; dismissed (Exhibit I, p 22).

17 July 1936, General Sessions, New York, N. Y., extortion; discharged 8 October 1943 (Exhibit I, p 22).

14 July 1942, disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets. Sentenced to ninety (90) days, City Jail, New York, N.Y. (Exhibit I, p 22).

Provost Marshal, Camp Gordon, Ga. (NR) Memo I).

Police Department, Augusta, Ga. (NR) (Memo J).

City and Superior Court, Richmond County, Augusta, Ga. (NR) (Memo J).

ADVERSE INFORMATION:

- (1) Subject has been a race agitator and speaker since 1935. (Exhibit I, p 2).
- (2) Subject was excluded from the Universal Negro Improvement Association because of statements made and attitude taken in reference to the racial question (Exhibit I, p 8).
- (3) Subject was one of the principal speakers before a group which met frequently between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Ave., New York, N. Y., in the summer of 1942 and made speeches reflecting unfavorably on the United Nations and reflecting favorably on the Axis Nations (Exhibit I, pp 9 through 18).
- (4) Subject is reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, 113 Lenox Avenue, New York, N. Y., where speakers have openly favored the Axis powers, particularly Japan, and have attempted to discourage enlistment into the Armed Forces by colored people (Exhibit I, pp 4, 19).

CI-RI REPORT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ADVERSE INFORMATION (Continued)

- (S) Subject, on 14 July 1943 was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets. He was convicted on 4 August 1942 and sentenced to ninety (90) days in the City Jail. (Exhibit I, p 22).
- (S) Subject attends the House of Prayer in Augusta, Georgia. (Memo E, L; Exhibit II).

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

CLOSED Director, Intelligence Division, Second Service Command, Residence check at 43 West 131st Street, New York, N. Y.

CREDIBILITY OF WITNESSES:

Witnesses are believed to be credible.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

This officer recommends that this case remain pending (See Memo L).

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt.,
ASN-332886414,
3188th QM Serv Co., 553rd QM Bn.,
Camp Gordon, Georgia.

Re: Review of 201 file, Service Record, and
Form 20 Card.

On 12 October 1943, this Officer reviewed the Subject's 201 file, Service Record, and Form 20 Card and extracted therefrom the following information:

Personal Data: Born: 23 June 1913. Place: San Pedro De Marcus, Dominican Republic. Height: 5' 1-1/2". Weight: 141 lbs. Eyes: Brown. Hair: Black. Complexion: Colored. Marital Status: Single. Length of time in United States: 14 years.

Family Data: James Cooks, Relation: Father. Address: 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y. Born: Dutch West Indies. Silvera Cooks, Relation: Sister. Address: 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y. Born: Unknown.

Education: Grammar School: 8 years. Place: Dominican Republic. Date finished: 1925. High School: Cominican Republic. Date finished: 1929.

Employment: Managed four (4) Rooming Houses owned by father, showed same to prospective guests. Collected Rents, kept rooms in clean and orderly condition, made a few carpentry repairs, no electrical or plumbing work. Did some painting. Last date of employment: April 1943. Employer: Father (James Cooks). Address: 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y. Kind of Business: Rooming House.

Military History: Prior Service: None. Date of Induction: 9 April 1943. Place: A.F.I.S. GCP NYC. Place to which sent: Camp Upton, N. Y. Date: 9 April 1943. Date trfd: 6 May 1943. Asgd: Co F 11th Tng Regt., Camp Lee, Va. Trfd to: Co D 11th QM Tng Regt., Camp Lee Va., date: 28 Aug 1943. Trfd to: 3188th QM Serv Co., 553rd QM Bn., Camp Gordon, Ga. Date: 3 Sept 1943.

Addresses: Last Civilian address: 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y. Other: None.

(MEMO A)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

14-1187-32

Organizations: Clubs, Labor Unions etc.,: None.

Occupational Serial Number: Carpenter (050)

Branch in which recieved Basic Training: Quartermaster.

General or Limited Service: General.

Remarks: SUBJECT, when interviewed, by this OFFICER, made no attempt to conceal his past record. He stated, however, that while in the Army he would make no attempt to convey his doctrines to his fellow soldiers. COOKS has not forgotten his convictions at all, but seems content to wait until the war is over before beginning anew his work.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn

(MEMO A)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Ernest J. SCHROEDER, Capt., ASN 0423272
Commanding 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Capt. SCHROEDER in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company concerning Private COOKS. Capt. SCHROEDER is commanding officer of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company in which Private COOKS is and Enlisted Man. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Captain SCHROEDER stated that he has known SUBJECT since the latter first came into his company, September 3, 1943. At that time Private COOKS was appointed company carpenter because of his past experience in that field. He was, however, very shortly removed from that position because of insubordination to the 1st Sergeant of that organization. This occurrence seemed to result from a misunderstanding on COOKS part as to whether or not a carpenter was required to do K P. Other than the aforementioned incident, SUBJECT is regarded by Captain SCHROEDER as an average soldier, possessing little leadership ability, and causing no trouble.

Captain SCHROEDER has commanded the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company since its activation on approximately 25 June 1943. He is an outstanding officer and his judgement of men is to be relied upon.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Battalion

(MEMO B)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Russell R. Clements, 2nd Lt., 01591054
Commanding 1st Platoon, 3188th Quartermaster Ser. Co.
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Lt. CLEMENTS, in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS. Lt. CLEMENTS commands the 1st Platoon of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company in which SUBJECT is an enlisted man. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

This interview was conducted 3 weeks after Lt. CLEMENTS joined the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company; such being the length of time Lt. CLEMENTS has known SUBJECT. Private COOKS is regarded by said officer as an average soldier-not unlike the other members of his platoon. SUBJECT is reported as being quiet, attentive, and creating no disturbances.

Although Lt. CLEMENTS has known SUBJECT for only 3 weeks, his observations are to be deemed accurate in that they are in accord with interviews conducted by this OFFICER with other members of said organization.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO C)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 328864
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Alva W. MASON, 1st Sgt., ASN 35457120
1st Sgt., 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On October 11, 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Sgt. MASON in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS. Sgt. MASON is the 1st Sgt. of said company and has acted in such capacity for approximately two months. Private COOKS is a member of that organization, and is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Sgt. MASON regards Private COOKS as just an ordinary soldier of average intelligence. SUBJECT is reported as seeming to have no close friends, but does frequently participate in "sociable card games". There is no record of SUBJECT'S ever having received any company punishment.

Sgt. MASON'S statements were rendered after one week's careful observation of SUBJECT upon this OFFICER'S request, and may be regarded as authentic.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO D)

ENCLOSURE

14-1187-3.2

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Lewis R. Thompson, Private, ASN 33741088
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Private THOMPSON in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS who is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Private THOMPSON has known SUBJECT for six weeks, and sleeps on top of the double-decker bed occupied by him and COOKS. Conversation with SUBJECT usually revolves around girls, and COOKS always avoids speaking of the nature of his work before he was inducted into the army. Neither is anything ever said by SUBJECT of his future plans. At no time has THOMPSON heard SUBJECT speak of anything of a subversive nature. On weekends THOMPSON reported that he and SUBJECT frequent the House Of Prayer, a Negro church, in Augusta, Ga.

Although THOMPSON was apparently reluctant to speak during this interview, this OFFICER believes that his statements may be regarded as truthful.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO E)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414
Private, 3188 Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with James A. FORD, Pvt., ASN 33633498
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Private FORD in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS who is under surveillance for suspected subversive activities.

FORD has known SUBJECT for approximately six weeks, and sleeps in an adjoining bunk. COOKS is reported as being a quiet type of soldier with apparently no close friends. FORD has never heard SUBJECT mention anything of a subversive nature, and only remarked upon his receiving an excess of mail.

FORD is an easy going type of soldier, careful of his speech, but his statements may be relied upon as being truthful. Since mail interception has been initiated by this officer since this case was called to his attention, and all incoming and outgoing letters found to be of a negative nature, this interview is in accord with all the others conducted on this case.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(Memo F)

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ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM TO THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414
Private, 5188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Arthur JACKSON, Corporal, ASN 14196763
Squad Leader, 5188th Quartermaster Service Company
553rd Quartermaster Battalion
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 10 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Corporal JACKSON in the orderly room of the 5188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Corporal JACKSON is SUBJECT's squad leader, and lives in the same barracks with him. He has known COOKS since May 1943 at which time they took basic together at Camp Lee, Virginia. Jackson reports that he has never heard SUBJECT say anything of a subversive nature, although he has particularly watched him. COOKS is reported in this interview as not going out very often, except on weekends; as being very quiet; and as not appearing to have any close friends in the aforementioned company.

Because of a very high recommendation by his company commander, Corporal JACKSON was instructed to keep a close watch on the SUBJECT for eight days before this interview. This OFFICER concurs in his company commander's opinion that Corporal JACKSON is an honest and conscientious worker.

Irvin J. Daitch
1st Lt., QMC
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Battalion

(MEMO G)

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ENCLOSURE

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia
27 October 1943.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE :

Subject : CARLOS A. COOKS, Pvt.
ASN 32886414
532nd Q. M. Battalion,
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Credit Check, Augusta, Georgia.

On 26 October 1943 this Agent interviewed Mr. Rudasael, Credit Bureau, Marion Building, Augusta, Georgia with reference to the Subject.

The informant checked the files and stated that the name of CARLOS A. COOKS did not appear on the records of the Credit Bureau.

WILLIAM H. THRASHER
Agent, CIC.

(Memo H)

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ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS A COOKS, PVT.
ASN 32886414
532nd Q. M. Battalion,
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Provost Marshal Check

On 26 October 1943, this Officer interviewed Pvt. Paulsen, Clerk, Provost Marshal's Office, Camp Gordon, Georgia. Pvt. Paulsen checked the files of the Provost Marshal's Office and reported that they contained no records of the subject.

JOHN R. GLEN,
1st Lt., AUS,
Ass't. P.I.O.

(Memo 1)

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ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia
27 October 1943.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject : CARLOS A. COOKS, Pvt.
ASN 32886414
532nd Q. M. Battalion,
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Police Check, Augusta, Georgia

This Agent on 26 October 1943 checked the files of the Police Department of Augusta, Georgia in connection with the investigation of the Subject. The name of CARLOS A. COOKS did not appear in the records.

On the same date this Agent reviewed the City and Superior Court Records, Richmond County, Richmond County Court House, Augusta, Georgia with reference to the Subject. These records revealed no information concerning the Subject.

WILLIAM H. THRASHER
Agent, CIC.

(Memo J)

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14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT.
ASN 32886414
532nd Q.M. Battalion,
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Inspection of Special Order

On 26 October 1943, this officer inspected the copy of Par 24 SO 250 Hq. Camp Gordon, dated 19 October 1943.

Paragraph in order referred to transferred SUBJECT CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT. ASN 32886414, from the 553rd QM Bn., Camp Gordon, Georgia, to the 532nd Q.M. Bn., Camp Gordon, Georgia.

JOHN R. GLEN,
1st Lt., AUS
Ass't. P.I.O.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Memo K)

ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT.
ASN 32886414
532nd Q. M. Battalion,
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Impressions of Reporting Officer

It is apparent to this officer from information contained in Exhibit I that Carlos A. Cooks, the SUBJECT of this investigation has, for a long time, been a race agitator. He has identified himself with a number of organizations whose principal purpose has been the advancement of the colored race, which is, of course, not unfavorable information. It is also apparent, however, that the SUBJECT has made many speeches of an inflammatory nature and of a sort designed to create friction between the white and colored races. This activity apparently came to a climax in the summer of 1942 when SUBJECT spoke very frequently before a gathering on 8th Ave. between 124th and 125th Streets in New York City. It is noted that William E. Ringel, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, formed the opinion that the SUBJECT had made statements which were seditious and treasonable after this magistrate had found the SUBJECT guilty on a charge of disorderly conduct.

It is also worthy of note that one of the SUBJECT'S associates, James Henry Thornhill, who had spoken in the same series of meetings has been tried and found guilty of sedition. (Exhibit I, Page 21)

It is worthy of note that SUBJECT, since coming to Camp Gordon, Georgia, has attended meetings at the House of Prayer in Augusta, Georgia. The House of Prayer is a "Religious Organization" whose leader is known as Daddy Grace or Bishop Grace. (See Exhibit II) While it has not been established that the House of Prayer is a subversive organization, it is suspected of being a meeting place for colored people who are inclined to create friction between the white and colored races.

Due to the fact that SUBJECT so quickly identified himself with the one organization of this nature in this vicinity, it is believed by this officer that SUBJECT is likely to be a continuous source of trouble and that he should be placed in a unit of such a nature that such activities on his part might be held to a minimum.

Subject's unit, 532nd Quartermaster Bn, is now in an alerted status.

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JOHN R. GLEN,
1st Lt., AUS,
Asst. P.I.O.

(Memo L)

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WAR DEPARTMENT
ARMY SERVICE FORCES
HEADQUARTERS FOURTH SERVICE COMMAND
(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia
(Place)
24 September 1943.
(Date)

Subject: COOKS, Carlos A., Pvt.
ASN 32886414
553rd QM Bn. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.
Summary of Information:

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 331 Madison Avenue, New York City and this office concerning the status of CARLOS COOKS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that CARLOS COOKS of 12 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 53 and up to October 18, 1941 he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

Previous Distributions:

Distributions:

Evaluation	
-of source	-of information
	Reliable
	Credible
	Questionable
	Undetermined

(EXHIBIT I)

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ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

N.Y. 14-48

Subject COOKS was interviewed by the writer in the New York County Jail on September 23, 1942, at which time he voluntarily furnished the following information concerning himself:

COOKS gave his age as twenty-nine, stating he was born in San Pedro, San Domingo, June 23, 1913 and, further, that he entered the United States on July 16, 1929, embarking from San Pedro Domingos aboard the S.S. Huron and that he entered the United States at the port of New York. COOKS stated that he paid his own passage to New York but when questioned concerning his passport, he informed that he lost it approximately four years ago when the place where he was residing was burglarized. Subject attended school in San Pedro under the tutorage of a private teacher and received the equivalent to a high school education before entering the United States. He stated further that although he came into this Country as a student that he had not attended school after entering the United States. He has spent his entire time in the City of New York with the exception of two occasions at which time he made a trip to Cleveland, Ohio and Washington, D.C. and return. The subject could not give an account of his employment since his entrance into the United States and when pressed advised he had done odd jobs on two or three houses helping his father, JAMES COOKS, 43 West 131st Street, who owned and rented these buildings; further that he had never had any more than enough money to exist. Subject is not married and has no children. He further informed that he registered for the draft in October 1941 at Local Board No. 55 and is presently in Class 1-A. It is pointed out that the Selective Service Board informed that the subject was registered at Local Board #53.

COOKS, when questioned concerning making speeches on the streets of Harlem, advised that he first began speaking on the streets during the Italian-Ethiopian War and that it came about as a result of SAMUEL DANIELS, colored, who was active at that time, attempting to obtain enlistment of the American negroes into the Ethiopian War. In this connection he advised that DANIELS secured a number of enlistments or at least persons signed up to fight. He himself signed some kind of paper in this connection. However, he could not furnish any names of other persons known to have also signed and to his knowledge none of the individuals actually went to Ethiopia. COOKS further recalled that DANIELS had been active as a street speaker in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but that he has not seen him since May of 1941. He further informed that during those days DANIELS had sponsored an organization known as the Pan African Reconstruction Association. COOKS further advised that he had always been interested in obtaining better conditions for the men of African descent and that all of his speeches and statements had been for this purpose.

Following his convictions along those lines he joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association (U.N.I.A.) in 1935, at which time he paid dues which he forwarded to London, the address he recalled as being 2 Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England. However, he has not been

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N.Y. 14-43

a financial member since the death of MARCUS GARVEY, June 10, 1940, the founder of the above mentioned organization. Its purpose primarily was the migration of the negroes to Liberia and the establishment of a Government there. COOKS in 1939 organized the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. whose headquarters were at 55 Lenox Avenue, New York City. The group later moved and held meetings at 42 West 103rd Street and at the time it dissolved meetings were being held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The Officers of this organization were CARLOS COOKS, President; HENRY KERR, Vice-President; THOMAS PARRIS, Treasurer. The above organization lasted until 1941 at which time it was a branch of the U.N.I.A. whose parent body was located in Cleveland, Ohio. The charter in 1941 was returned to ETHEL COLLINS, National Secretary for the U.N.I.A. who presently resides in New York City and whose address COOKS could not recall.

COOKS went on to say that in 1941 out of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. grew the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement which, although foreign, the principals of the U.N.I.A. were not connected with the officials. The subject admits sponsoring this movement but advises there was no organization in respect to the appointment of officers; that such was contemplated but that at the time of his arrest by the New York City Police Department on August 25, 1942, this had not materialized. He advised that these meetings were under the above organization and were continued to be held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue as had been in the above instance of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. However, he informed in this instance the procedure was to speak on the streets and to later adjourn to the hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. There was no special program drawn up and any person so desiring could speak on these programs.

In this connection he informed that ARTHUR REID, JAMES THORNTON, ARTHUR GREEN, HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH and one CLARK (phonetic) and others whose names he could not remember occasionally spoke on this program. COOKS could not recall any specific statements but stated that they were all pertaining to the betterment of the conditions of the colored race and the establishment of a homeland in Africa. In this connection the subject denied making statements in sympathy with Japan or attempting to interfere with the enlistment into the armed forces on the part of the negroes. At the same time he did make the statement to the writer, in substance, the United States Government should declare themselves as to the future and the colored race if they expected the colored man to fight. COOKS denied making statements allegedly made by him previously reported in reference report. However, he admitted that he has been a regular speaker on the streets in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but denied that at any time he made any statements tending to inspire a riot or cause public disturbance and at no time has he spoken against the United States Government.

Concerning individuals who were identified as speaking in company with him, COOKS informed that none of them are in any way officially connected with his organization and that most of the people that speak

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3

N.Y. 11-48

before it or on the program were individual that he recognized by face and not by name. Concerning HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH, he advised that he recognized him as a street speaker but was not acquainted with him personally nor could he furnish his occupation or address. As to CLARK, above referred to, he advised he recognized him as being a former member of the U.N.I.A. and a frequent street speaker. COOKS was not acquainted with ARTHUR GREEN but recalls that he has been active at intervals as a speaker speaking on the racial question on the streets of Harlem for the past five years. He believes that GREEN is originally from one of the southern states and that he is presently engaged as a junk dealer. COOKS recalled JAMES THORNHILL as being a member of former member of the U.N.I.A. who has been an active speaker in Harlem for the past ten years.

Concerning ARTHUR REID, COOKS advised that he is a more educated speaker than many of the others and that he formerly sponsored or organized the African Patriotic League whose office or meeting place was on 135th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. COOKS did not believe REID to be a member of the U.N.I.A. but did state that he has been an active speaker for the past ten years or more.

COOKS also admitted acquaintance with ROBERT JORDAN, President of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and advised that he has known him for seven or eight years and that he has been very active as a street speaker in Harlem. COOKS denies ever visiting JORDAN at his home or denies knowledge of JORDAN'S activities.

JORDAN, above referred to, for the past number of years has sponsored the above mentioned organization and since the fall of 1941 has held meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue attended by approximately seventy-five persons and he and other speakers have openly made statements in sympathy with the Axis powers particularly Japan and generally has attempted to discourage the enlistment into the armed forces of the colored people.

COOKS admits attending one or two meetings at the above hall since the attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese and denies that he spoke before this group. COOKS denied that any of his statements or speeches have been influenced by any organizations or individual and that his remarks had been based entirely on his own convictions and beliefs and his desire to aid members of his race. During this interview, the subject took it upon himself to point out to the interviewing agent the futility of the conditions between the white and colored race ever correcting itself and the only solution was to establish a government of their own which properly should be in Africa, their homeland.

On October 6, 1942 Special Agent Frederick L. Scofield checked the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Ellis Island, which reflected that CHARLES A. COOK, who is evidently identical to the

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4

N.Y. 11-48

subject, was admitted to the port of New York on July 16, 1929 having embarked from San Pedro, Mexico aboard S.S. Huron. His race is given as that of black, place of birth San Pedro and declared to be a citizen of San Domingo. His classification visa is HQ-290, issued at San Domingo City June 27, 1929 and he gave as his permanent address San Pedro. His destination was given as New York and he advised that his passage was paid by his mother, CHRISTAPHINE MATHEIS, whom he was going to visit who then resided at 20 West 113rd Street, New York City. At this time it was indicated that some special investigation had been made concerning the subject which file was maintained at the office of Immigration and Naturalization, 341 Ninth Avenue, New York City.

At the above address a file was made available to the writer on subject by B. H. Berman and a review of the file reflects the following names being used by the subject: Carlos Cook, Charles Cook and Carlos Stott. At the time subject was interviewed he advised that his correct name was CARLOS COOK and at that time denied having used any other name. This file further reflects that subject's address was given as 106 West 137th Street, New York City. It was also noted that on September 15, 1929 Detective Carrington of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department, by telephone furnished information that COOK was arrested July 17, 1936 on a charge of extortion and was released October 17th.

In a memorandum dated September 18, 1939, it is reflected that CHARLES COOK was legally admitted to the United States on April 16, 1929 and his relatives are listed as VICTORIA SMITH, San Pedro, Aunt and Alice VUHMERS COOK, 106 West 137th Street.

At the time this check was made Mr. BERMAN, above referred to, advised the writer that their office intended to conduct an investigation concerning this subject with the purpose in view of detaining him for deportation on the grounds that he was in the United States as a student and, further, that he was an undesirable alien.

On October 13th Mr. BERMAN telephonically communicated with the writer at which time he advised that he had discussed the above case concerning COOK with the Inspector who is familiar with the circumstances and who also attended the trial when COOK was sentenced for making certain statements on the streets of New York. At this time BERMAN advised that COOK upon his entrance into the United States came in legally on a h-C visa which is a visa issued to people of the Western Hemisphere and is a non-quota visa or in other words a resident alien visa; further that COOK came in as a student and not on a student visa and, consequently, he could not be deported or held on that angle; further that to deport such an alien the alien must have committed a crime of moral turpitude or receive a sentence of more than one year within five years after entrance into this country. After five years have elapsed, it is necessary that

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two such crimes have been committed or in either case since his entrance into this Country he has been found guilty of committing a violation of the Rarotia Act. In view of the above, HERRAN informed that no further investigation is being conducted concerning COONS but that the facts as reported is being made a matter of record.

A further check was made at the Immigration and Naturalization Office, 641 Washington Street, New York City, by Special Agent R. Campbell Carden to determine if subject had been naturalized subsequent to his entrance into this Country but no information could be found concerning him.

JAMES BENNY THURSHILL has been interviewed on several occasions by Special Agent Marion E. Torrens and the writer since he has been detained at the Federal Detention House at Eleventh and West Streets, New York City subsequent to his being indicted on a charge of conspiracy to commit Sedition upon statements made by him as a speaker before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement previously referred to in this report.

In addition to information furnished in reference report THURSHILL advised that upon his entrance into the United States in 1921 from the Virgin Islands that his first occupation was that of a dish washer in a restaurant the name of which he could not recall located on 50th Street. Subsequently thereto he was employed for approximately one year on the Pennsylvania Railroad as a laborer. In 1925 he worked for three or four months in a brick yard as a laborer and during that same year he made two trips to the Virgin Islands employed as a mess boy with the Columbian Steamship Company aboard the S.S. Bolivia. Sometime after this trip he was employed for two or three years as a fireman and elevator operator for one Mr. OLSON at a building located at 55 West 21st Street. At the time of subject's arrest he was caretaker or superintendent of a building at 325 West 108th Street where he resided and he was employed by one J.J. HUNT. Prior to that for two or three years he was in the junk business.

THURSHILL attended school in St. Croix, Virgin Islands, where he attended the equivalent of a fourth or fifth grade education. After coming into the United States he admitted being arrested on two occasions. On February 13, 1925 for unlawful entry for which he received a thirty day sentence and in 1933 on charges of assault in that he was speaking on the street at which time a fight started and someone had thrown a brick.

He advised that his relatives in the United States are his sister, VERA LAMPE, 19 West 117th Street, New York City and a brother, EDWARD THURSHILL, who resides some place in upper New York State, whose address he does not recall. He also stated that he has a mother and sister presently living on the Island of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

THURSHILL advised that since coming to the United States he became

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6

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N.Y. 14-48

very interested in the conditions of the negro people here and in other parts of the world and through this interest he had become a member of the U.N.I.A. and as such was appointed to the title of Captain in the Black Guard of the above organization which was conferred upon him by MARCUS GARVEY. He discontinued his membership in the U.N.I.A. in 1931 and since that time has been an independent speaker on the streets of Harlem speaking in the interests of the people in the community and appealing for a national homeland in Africa. He claims that it was through his association in the U.N.I.A. that he met ROBERT JORDAN, above referred to. He advised that he had known JORDAN was a person who spoke in the interests of the colored race and that about five months ago he first attended some of the closed meetings of JORDAN at 113 Lenox Avenue on invitation to speak and that subsequently he has continued to visit the meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and in most instances has spoken before them.

THORNHILL went on to say that after withdrawing from the U.N.I.A. he, in company with IRA KEMP, deceased, Reverend POWELL and one JOHNSON, got together and organized what was known as a fair play organization which purpose was to secure employment of the colored people in Harlem. Later this organization became known as the Harlem Labor Union. He admits being active in this organization up until 1935 at which time he became ill and ceased his activities. He advised that his and others activities in this organization was to boycott a certain business establishment in Harlem and hold meetings in front of their place of business and urge them to employ members of his race in their establishments. He denies that any coercion or force was used by him or any of his associates in this connection and that they only publicized instances in which persons refused to employ members of the negro race.

THORNHILL further admitted that he was a very active speaker on the streets of Harlem during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian conflict and protested the action taken by Italy and urged that the negroes support brothers of their race in Ethiopia. THORNHILL advised that he has frequented many organizations and spoken before many groups in the past ten years concerning racial prejudices and unfairness displayed on the part of the negroes in the United States. He admits speaking on the program of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement and further advised that he was acting President. It will be noted that COOKS had denied that there were any officials of this organization.

THORNHILL denied making any statements confronted with as reported by the New York Police Department in reference report and further he firmly pronounced his loyalty to the United States and stated that any statement made by him was only made in the interests of his race and in order to gain better conditions for them in the community. THORNHILL further admits that after he, COOKS, and GREEN were arrested by the New York Police Department and after COOKS was sentenced that he had taken it upon himself to continue the activities of this organization and that after

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7

N.Y. 14-48

JORDAN had discontinued holding meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue he had secured this hall and had held meetings there under the sponsorship of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement. THORNHILL further admitted that after the arrest of JORDAN on February 18, 1942, he had taken an active part in the activities of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement until JORDAN was released on April 9, 1942. It is pointed out that at 113 Lenox Avenue THORNHILL is reported to have made statements to the effect that he would willingly fight for Japan and would refuse to fight for a white man; that the Japanese war gave the united factions hell and the Allies are telling lies when they told the people that the Allies have won battles over the Japanese in the Coral Sea; further that if the negro is stupid enough to put on a uniform and go and fight he deserves to be killed. THORNHILL was interviewed vigorously concerning these and other statements reported to have been made by him on the street at 113 Lenox Avenue and at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue and he denied making any of the statements above reported or others similar in substance. THORNHILL further denied having been influenced by any person or organization in any statements made by him and that his thoughts were independent and his statements were expressions of his opinions only. He further denied that anyone has ever coached him in any attempt to influence his remarks in any way.

It is noted from a search of the indices of the New York Field Division that in a report written by Special Agent T. H. Tracy, dated March 20, 1936, entitled "SAMUEL DANIELS; ENLISTING RECRUITS TO SERVE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES", that Lieutenant BATTLE of the New York Police Department advised Tracy that the main crowd who stirred up racial prejudices in New York City are the so-called CARVEY crowd; that this crowd is represented by the U.N.I.A., the leader of whom is JAMES THORNHILL, 34th Street and St. Nicholas Place.

In conducting investigations in the Harlem area and in questioning individuals of responsibility they then referred to subjects COOKS and THORNHILL as being rabble rousers and small time racketeers among their own people in Harlem; that they are uninformed and for a number of years have been agitating on the City streets. In no instance has there been any indication or reports of any foundation to the effect that COOKS or THORNHILL are operating as a part of an organized group which might be foreign inspired and it is believed by persons questioned that statements made by them were the result of desire to show off and their lack of information.

In this connection A. L. King, President of the Central Division of the U.N.I.A., 204 Lenox Avenue, who advised Agents that he was spokesman for this organization in this area, informed Agents Torrens and Routon that both CARLOS COOKS and JAMES THORNHILL had been excluded from the U.N.I.A. because of statements made and attitude taken by them in reference to the racial question. Although these individuals admitted that the statements made of agents in Harlem were not representative of the feelings and opinions of the negro race they spoke of their activities and statements in a general way and would not furnish any specific statements made by them.

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WAR DEPARTMENT

ARMY SERVICE FORCES

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH SERVICE COMMAND

(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia

(Place)

24 September 1943.

(Date)

Subject: COONS, Carlos A., Pvt.
ASN 32886211;
553rd QM Bn. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.

Summary of Information:

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 28, 1942, entitled ETHIOPIAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INCORPORATED, et al, INTERNAL SECURITY (J), SELECTIVE SERVICE, SEDITION, (Bureau File No. 100-56894.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. R. Kane of the New York Field Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector BUTLER, attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 229 West 123rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector BUTLER informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocated resistance to the military service by the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

Previous Distribution:

Distribution :

Evaluation

-of source -of information

Reliable

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would disseminate themselves and that the colored and Oriental races would then become the ruling classes. Inspector BUTLER further informed that the speakers attempted to create a favorable impression in the minds of the audience concerning the Japanese people and their attitude toward the colored race. He went on to say that he felt he had sufficient evidence to cause the arrest of several of the speakers on charges of breach of the peace, but that he thought that probably the information might be of value to this office and that he would refrain from causing the arrest of these individuals if the Bureau so advised after reviewing the material which he had obtained.

On the same date the writer was made cognizant of this information and contacted Inspector BUTLER telephonically and advised him that the arrest of these individuals would not interfere with any work on the part of this office and it was further requested of him that the information be available for examination by an agent, which was granted. At this time Inspector BUTLER advised that he intended to arrest CARLOS COOKS, J. J. THORNHILL and ARTHUR GREEN, colored persons known to be the principal speakers for these meetings.

On July 21, 1942, the above individuals were arrested by the New York Police Department on the charge of disorderly conduct in that they made certain statements before groups on the streets of Harlem tending to cause ill feeling between the races.

Subsequently, on July 22, 1942, Agent M. E. Terrens and the writer reviewed the reports of the officers attending the street meetings and made arrangements with Inspector BUTLER to secure the original reports in order that they might be forwarded to the Bureau and presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements contained therein would come within the violation of the sedition statute.

On July 30, 1942, WILLIAM E. RINGEL, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York, in a letter to this office furnished the following information: He advised that he had found the defendant, CARLOS COOKS, guilty after a trial on the charge of disorderly conduct for making certain remarks on Eighth Avenue between 124th and 125th Streets, New York City, which remarks he believed to be seditious and treasonable. He further recommended that this matter be investigated and he set forth statements made by CARLOS COOKS which are not being related at this time as they will be set forth later in this report.

On August 27, 1942, it was ascertained from the office of Captain JAMES DONNELLY, Alien Squad No. 2, New York City Police Department, that CARLOS COOKS was sentenced on August 4, 1942, at which time he received a sentence of ninety days in the workhouse. On August 5, 1942, J. J. THORNHILL was tried and found guilty as charged, at which time he was fined \$10 and received a sixty-day suspended sentence. On August 21, 1942, ARTHUR GREEN was tried and found guilty and received a fifteen-day suspended sentence.

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NY 14-48

On August 31, 1942, the original reports were obtained from Inspector BUTLER of the speeches made on the streets in Harlem as mentioned above and as reported by Patrolmen ROBERT ELLISON, Shield No. 19369, and HOLMAN BOWMAN, Shield No. 19335. The arrangements as previously made were that these reports be furnished this office at the completion of the trial of the above named individuals. It will be noted that these reports show that ROBERT ELLISON reported on meetings held from June 25 through July 18, and that both ELLISON and BOWMAN reported on meetings from July 9, through July 18. The reports further reflect that most of these speeches were made on the streets of Harlem and on occasions after the meetings on the streets the speakers would adjourn to a hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It is also noted that these meetings were made under the name of the organization, ("The African Pioneering Movement"). The principal speakers on these programs were CARLOS COOKS, ARTHUR GREEN, JAMES THORNHILL and ARTHUR REID. Others known to have spoken were FRANK CARTER, HENRY HOLLINSWORTH, and one CLARKE (phonetic). From a review of these reports it appears that the speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly encourage non-enlistment in the armed forces on the part of the Negro. It is further reflected that the tone of these remarks tend to sympathize with the Japanese in the present struggle. The reports of the officers mostly contain excerpts as taken from speeches of the various speakers. A number of these are being set out below which will reflect the type of speeches made by the speakers. The following were taken from the reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON, as reported from June 25 through July 7.

On June 25, meetings were held between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue and lasted from 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. The following excerpts were taken from the speech of CARLOS COOKS:

1. "The United Nations are prejudiced against the black man. If the United Nations want to win the war, they don't behave as though they do, they will have to stop treating the black man as a flunkie."
2. "The Chinese, Russians, and British are not doing so well. Confidentially, I don't think Sam is going to do so hot either."
3. "Before I'd be willing to fight they will have to tear up the Atlantic Charter and rewrite it. The Atlantic Charter is a flop."
4. "The British poisoned MARCUS GARVEY."
5. "Negroes must learn that instead of 'Thou shalt not kill', but 'Who kills most gets most.'"

One CLARKS also spoke on the program and made the remark that the Negro soldier in World War No. I fought merely to maintain white supremacy.

On June 26, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It began approximately 9:50 p.m. and ended at 11 p.m. The attendance was estimated to be approximately 8 persons. CARLOS COOKS spoke concerning the

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12

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NY 14-48

object of these meetings and his movement and the principal object, as reported, appeared to be the uniting of all Negroes around the MARCUS CARVEY slogan of "Africa for the Africans." COOKS also made the following statements:

1. "I understand the Japanese fleet lies just outside of South Africa. I hope they kill off about four million Boers."

2. "CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT and HITLER are good white men. Any white man who engineers the mass murders of other white men is a good white man."

On June 29, meetings were held between 124th Street and 125th Street and lasted from about 8:45 p.m. until 11:50 p.m. and the reported attendance was approximately 100 persons. COOKS, among others, made the following statement. "It seems childish for the Negroes to talk about integrating into the American way of Government. These things were never intended."

One CLARKE made the following statement, "America is a great country, but not for, you, black man. Black boys must learn that no white people from any part of the world will give them freedom. They must fight for it."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things, had this to say. "Some white people would rather see HITLER win than give justice to the Negro."

On June 30, the meetings were held at the same place as above and speeches lasted from 8:50 p.m. until 11:55 p.m., and at the end of these speeches the listeners were estimated to total approximately 125 persons. Among other things, CARLOS COOKS made the following statement. "The time is psychologically ripe for us to organize for our own protection and preservation."

HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH also spoke and had the following to say, "I speak for the Negroes who make \$18 and \$20 a week while white men working in Defense Plants making \$600 a week are ready to blow up the damn place."

ARTHUR REID spoke, and among others, had the following to say. "ALL HITLER did was to work like hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to."

THORNHILL spoke, and among other things, said:

1. "I don't want to fight in Australia."

2. "Ladies and Gentlemen, always be loyal; but only support your mother home, Africa."

3. "Be patriotic first to Africa, then to America and next to the Gods of our ancestors."

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12

(EXHIBIT I)

NY 14-48

On July 2 the meetings were held as usual and lasted from 8:45 to 10 p.m., at which time it broke up because of rain.

COOKS remarks:

1. "So you see, two thousand years ago the Romans considered the Englishmen too dumb to be a slave, but today the Englishman controls one-fifth of the earth's surface."

2. "The Declaration of Independence is a seditious document."

3. "We should take a hint and remain loyal to America and America's institutions, but at the same time we should bend our efforts and energies and use our financial resources to establish a government of our own on the continent of Africa."

Meetings were held at the same place on July 5, 1942, from 9:10 to 11:50 p.m. There were estimated to be approximately 75 listeners.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "As far as ABRAHAM LINCOLN was definitely concerned, it was inconsequential whether emancipation came out of the Civil War."

2. "Whether the United Nations or the Axis Powers get the upper hand the Negro will have to face a solution to his problem."

3. "They move the Japs from the coast, the same as a common alien."

ARTHUR REID'S remarks:

1. "We have never gotten a break under this flag."

2. "The Japanese can make anything the white man can, and twice as fast."

Meetings were held on July 7, from 8:50 to 12:20 p.m. and attracted approximately 150 people.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Wherever the Union Jack flies over black people, they don't enjoy a damn thing but exploitation."

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NY 14-43

2. "Before this war is over, there will be a big demand for Negro blood. But in peace time he is booted around."

3. "If you don't think the Jew is a factor in the economic life of this country wait until Yom Kippur or Rosh Hashonah. Harlem will be like a graveyard."

4. "Before the advent of HITLER the German Jew was an arrogant Jew but HITLER taught him there is no place like home."

5. "The most methodical, the most cold blooded killer in the world today is the white man. The damndest thief who ever breathed the breath of life is the white man."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things stated, "There are no good white people."

The following meetings were reported by both officers ELLISON and BOWMAN and are substantially the same and when statements are reported differently by the two officers, the same will be noted.

Meetings were held on July 9 as usual and the attendance was estimated at approximately 100 people.

CARLOS COOKS while making this speech read an article from a newspaper which stated the terms England gave Ethiopia when Haile Selassie was restored to power and among other things quoted:

1. "If these terms signify what Democracy will be like after the war, the Negro is due for perpetual hell."
2. "HITLER will bring destruction to the white race."
3. "The whole question of war is one of race and the white man must rule."

Notation by the reporter. COOKS drew a facsimile of the interment of American born Japanese while naturalized Germans held high Army ranks and alien Italians and Germans are allowed their freedom even though Italy and Germany are belligerents.

4. "Referred to the late General KITCHENER as an illegally born child."

On July 10, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue and the reporting officers were not allowed admittance. CARLOS COOKS made the following statement to Officer ELLISON, "The trend of the times forces us to

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14

NY 14-48

be cautious because of possible Fifth Columnists. If we thing anyone is really interested in our movement we have them fill out applications for membership and we investigate to find out if they are all right. We announce the platforms of our movement at our street meetings but naturally we can't make public our plans for getting the Belgian Congo."

On July 11, street meetings were again held on Eighth Avenue and 125th Street and lasted from 9 to 11 p.m. and it was estimated that there were approximately 200 persons present at one time.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Negro preachers are nothing but no good rats. If it were left to me I would have them all sent to me in the Belgian Congo and would give each of them a switch blade then have them cut a clearing a mile square a day.

2. "Pope Pius of Rome, keeper of the Keys of Heaven, is as bad. The Ten Commandments say, 'Thou shalt not kill' and 'Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods', and yet when Italy was about to wage war with Ethiopia, he came down to the beach and blessed the Italian ships, guns, tanks and men. So you see my friends, the question is still, black or white?"

3. "If HITLER has done nothing else he has made King GEORGE of England sleep in the basement."

4. "Nobody has told the Negro what he is fighting for".

FRANK CARTER spoke at this meeting but no specific statements are reported and the informants advised that he did not apeak in a subversive nature.

One CLARKE made the following statements:

1. "If we could erase the damn Englishman, the world would be better."

2. "The white man will never lead the Negroes to freedom."

Meetings were held on July 13 as usual and lasted until approximately 11 p.m. and there was estimated to be 150 persons present. After 11 p.m. the meeting adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I have yet to read of a Negro lynched in Berlin or Tokio

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15

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 14-43

but here in Texas, the land of the brave and the home of the free, a Negro was lynched."

2. "No Negro is going to lay down his life to substantiate a system which preaches the wholesale extermination of the Negro."

3. "Whether you know it or not, lynching is America's favorite past time."

4. "King GEORGE of England is the greatest pimp in history."

JAMES J. THORNTON'S remarks:

1. "If HITLER was on one side and a Cracker on the other I wouldn't know which way to shoot."

Following the above remarks, the meeting adjourned indoors and it was estimated that less than three dozen people attended.

Among other statements made by COOKS indoors is the following: "I know the Government is interested in what I am doing and they would put me in jail if it wouldn't be so embarrassing. If they did place me under arrest they would have to give me a public trial and reporters would have to be admitted. They in turn would publish my side of the story and Berlin and Tokio could use it for propaganda."

The usual meetings were held on the streets on July 14 until approximately 10:40 p.m., at which time they adjourned to their headquarters at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The attendance in the street was estimated to be approximately 150 persons.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Christianity is the world's greatest racket. Pope Pius of Rome is the biggest religious pimp in the world."

2. "HITLER is a good white man. Personally I admire him. I have to admire any white man who can organize other white men to kill each other. If there were more white men like HITLER we wouldn't have a damned thing to worry about."

Future meetings were again held as usual on July 15, 1942, and the estimated attendance was placed at 275 persons. This meeting was reported by Officer BOWMAN and ELLISON was apparently absent.

ARTHUR GREEN'S statements:

1. "I know I'm going to jail in this war."

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16

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 14-43

2. "I hope the Japanese machine rolls on."

3. "When a white boy is sent to war he is given the guarantee that his home and family will be protected. Now tell me what guarantees have they given us?"

CARLOS COOKS' statements:

1. "The remarks just made are those of Mr. GREEN and do not represent the feeling of our organizations, but personally I hope nobody wins the war. I hope they fight long enough that they become weakened enough to listen to our demands." (Made in reference to above remarks of GREEN.)

2. "If MAC ARTHUR was a General in my army I would make him a Top Sergeant."

3. "Don't be surprised if after the Germans conquer the Russians the English will form a pact with the Germans and they and the Allies will then move to the Pacific to crush the Japs. My friends this war is still being fought to preserve white supremacy."

Meetings were held as usual on July 16, and were reported by Patrolman ELLISON, Officer BOWMAN being absent. At one time there was estimated to be approximately 300 people present.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I love CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT. They are good white men. HITLER is a good white man. MUSSOLINI is a good white man. They are good white men because they are determined on the destruction of the white race."

THORNHILL'S remarks:

1. "The white man, when you lynch a black man you give us cause to know that Japan is right."

2. "I won't talk about Burma, Burma is free. Singapore is free."

3. "Great Britain -- It's a damn shame America is associated with such a thief."

On this date after the meeting on the street, its speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, and it was estimated that there were 90 persons present. The specific statements made were not set out.

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NY 14-48

Meetings were again held on July 17 as usual. The attendance was estimated to be about 70 persons.

COOKS' remarks as reported by ELLISON are as follows:

1. "Don't let America and England fool you that they are fighting to maintain human decency."
2. "This war is between white nations to determine who shall enslave the black man."
3. "With all the propaganda to show HITLER a bad fellow, he has yet to lynch a Jew."
4. "The only way to fight fire is with fire. Reasoning with this white man is not going to work out."

THORNHILL'S remarks:

1. "Japan convinces me all the dark races must stick together."
2. "I have never read of HITLER cold bloodedly lynching a black man."
3. "HITLER isn't after me; he's after John Bull."

On July 18, meetings were held as usual in the street and the crowd attracted was estimated to be 175 persons. After the street meetings the speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The remarks on the street by COOKS:

1. "The German people know that HITLER has done them some good."
2. "We are not interested in anyone winning this war. I am inclined to believe that ROOSEVELT isn't as liberal as people think. More power to HITLER. Long may he live."
3. "As bad as you say HITLER is, he has yet to use poison gas."
4. "Any Negro that roots for Britain to win is a fool because if she does, it will mean a continuation of slavery."
5. "If HITLER wins, it will mean ten thousand years of slavery, so we don't want any of them to win."

18

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NY 14-48

A search of the files of the New York Field office reflect that there are numerous references to JAMES THORNHILL, CARLOS COOKS, and ARTHUR REID as being agitators and street speakers among the colored in Harlem and they have been engaged in such activities for the past ten years. JAMES THORNHILL is known to be a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and to be very anti-white and extremely racial in his speeches. In addition to his street speaking, recently he has been a frequent speaker at 113 Lenox Avenue on the program of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, sponsored by ROBERT JORDAN and reported in a case, the title of which has been set out at the beginning of this report.

THORNHILL has continuously made pro-Japanese statements and along with other members of the above mentioned organization (Ethiopian Pacific Movement) has been indicted on the charge of conspiracy to commit sedition, and is presently interned at the Federal Detention House, New York City. JAMES THORNHILL was born October 23, 1901 at St. Croix, Virgin Islands. He entered the United States August, 1921 on the S.S. Arista. THORNHILL was separated from his wife, ADELINA JACOBS, in New York City in 1925. He is registered for the Selective Service Act at Selective Service Board 61, New York City. His present address is given as 225 West 108th Street, where he is employed as the superintendent of the building.

It is also pointed out that CARLOS COOKS and ARTHUR GREEN have been reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement. Not much is known concerning ARTHUR GREEN other than he is a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and has been an active speaker in Harlem in recent years during which he has made some extreme liberal speeches.

At the time that ARTHUR GREEN was arrested by the New York Police Department, he gave his age as forty-one years and stated that he was born in the United States. He is presently employed as a junk dealer and resides at 52 West 128th Street, New York City.

CARLOS COOKS informed the police that he was twenty-nine years of age and was born in Santo Domingo, British West Indies, on June 23, 1915. He entered the United States July 16, 1929 at New York City aboard the S.S. Huron. COOKS came to the United States with a student pass. It is not known whether or not he has been naturalized. He gave his address as 43 West 131st Street.

Inspector MULHOLLAND of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, New York City, advised the writer that ARTHUR REID in the past has been a well known street speaker and agitator among the Negroes in Harlem, but that last year he was picked up by the Police Department and subsequent to that time he has been very careful of statements made, even though he has continued to speak on the streets.

The criminal record of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL as it appears in the criminal files of the Criminal Division of the New York City Police Department is as follows:

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(EXHIBIT F)

19

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NY 14-48

"JAMES HENRY THORNHILL (Black) Number of picture in gallery B 107396

1/17/24 as JAMES THORNHILL, Manh., Burglary (Final charge, Unlaw. Entry) On 2/13/25. Thirty days, City Prison, Judge RILEY, Gen. Sess. Court Off. BRANDSWILD and BUTLER, Sixteenth Precinct.

9/20/32 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Manh. Fel. Asslt., On 1/24/33, Discharged, Judge KOENIG, Gen. Sess. Court, Officers BROEN, WILLIAMS, and ROBINSON, 32nd Squad.

1/29/35 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Manh. Vio. Immigration Laws. No. final disposition at present, Officers REDMOND and HATON, 28th Squad.

No picture on file because of negative having been damaged.

3/27/42."

The original reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON and HOLMAN BOWMAN, as furnished by the New York City Police Department are being made a part of the New York file.

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WAR DEPARTMENT
ARMY SERVICE FORCES

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH SERVICE COMMAND
(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia

(Place)

24 September 1943.

(Date)

Subject: COOKS, Carlos A., Pvt.
ASN 32886411.
553rd QM Bn. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.

Summary of Information:

The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject COOKS as CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS.

In reference to subject JAMES HENRY THORNHILL reported in reference report as being detained at the Federal Detention House, New York City under indictment on charges of sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition, the dockets of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York reflect that on January 14, 1943, THORNHILL was sentenced by Judge

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Evaluation

-of source	-of information
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Credible	_____
Questionable	_____
Undetermined	_____

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CLARENCE CALSTON in the federal court, Southern District of New York to a term of eight years on each indictment to run concurrently. At the same time, four other subjects under indictment for their activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement were sentenced for terms ranging from four to ten years.

On May 3, 1943, it was ascertained from Local Draft Board 53, 235th Street, New York City that subject CARLOS ALEXANDER COONS was inducted into the Army on April 3, 1943. However, he was held over because of his physical and was not accepted until April 9, 1943. His present Army serial number is 32836414.

From the records of the New York Probation Office, New York City, the following additional information was obtained on December 11, 1942 concerning CARLOS COONS. His fingerprint number is 329205, New York City. His criminal record reflected that he was arrested July 13, 1936 for malicious mischief, Fifth Court, New York City, and he was brought before Judge LINDAU and dismissed. On July 17, 1936, he was charged with extortion, General Sessions, New York City and discharged October 3, 1936. On July 14, 1942, he was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets, and was sentenced to ninety days, City Jail.

According to the records of the Probation Office, COONS is the youngest of four children, born June 23, 1913, San Pedro, Dominican Republic. He entered the United States in 1929 aboard the S. S. HENSON and his mother died in 1935. His father is a citizen of the United States, sixty-two years of age, a carpenter by trade, but has not worked in recent years. He owns two rooming houses and operates them for his livelihood. COONS advised authorities that he was of the Wesleyan faith. However, he did not attend church.

When questioned concerning his becoming a citizen of the United States, he replied that he intended to go to Africa. According to COONS, he attended public school in the Republic and went as far as the eighth grade. Later he attended an English class on the Island of St. Martin, for a period of two years.

When questioned concerning his employment, he advised that for the past six years, he had assisted his father who paid him from \$10. to \$15. per week. However, according to probation officials, his father denied his statement, and stated that subject had lived in the house practically free of charge. However, he did state that COONS had done some odd jobs as a carpenter.

In reference to COONS' character, his arrest in all instances, had been the result of his speaking on the streets of Harlem.

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(EXHIBIT I)

22

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NY 11-413

COONE leased the premises at 207 St. Nicholas Avenue where his meetings were held from the real estate office of Goodwin and Goodwin, 311 Lenox Avenue, for which he paid \$35. a month. COONE advised the probation officers that he was editor of a paper known as the Street Speaker. However, the officers were unable to obtain a copy of such a paper. It is further pointed out that in any investigations of a similar nature in the colored areas, at no time has the writer come upon such a paper.

Records at the Selective Service Board previously referred to reflects that COONE complied with the regulations and registered with the Selective Service Board. However, upon being placed in classification 1A, on July 14, 1942, he made an appeal and filed an application as an alien for relief from military service. It is noted that when he returned his questionnaire, he gave no occupational experience, no income, no property owned and stated that he had been a resident in the United States since July 6, 1929.

Concerning his court record, he denied that he had been convicted of any crime. Further on March 16, 1942, he signed the statement that he intended to remain a national of the Dominican Republic. As previously reported, COONE is now in the United States Army.

ARTHUR REID was located and voluntarily came to the New York Office where he furnished the following information concerning himself. He is a British subject, who entered the United States 1907, as a result of a ship wreck of the S. S. ORIENT off the Atlantic Coast, at Norfolk, Virginia. At that time, his passport was lost and subsequently, he has not attempted to become a naturalized citizen. He exhibited his certificates, which reflected that he registered as an alien and for the Selective Service Act. Because of his age, he is not being classified by his Local Board.

REID advised that he first began speaking as a street speaker in Harlem in 1932 and about that time, he organized the African Patriotic League, which is currently active, but enjoys a small following of Negroes. The purpose of this organization was for the uplift of the Negro educationally and economically. The location of this organization is presently at 254 W. 135th Street, New York City, and it has been observed by agents to be a small room with chairs which would accommodate approximately twenty-five persons.

REID advised that meetings are held there each Sunday evening at 4 P.M., that at present there are about thirty active members and they are assessed as dues \$3.35 a month. In addition to that, REID stated that he was formerly active in the Harlem Labor Union, which was organized in 1935 and which is presently active, the headquarters now being at 236 W. 116th Street, New York City.

A C O P I

(REIDNEY 2)

23

REID advised that in 1938 and 1939, he was president of this organization, however, at the present, he is not affiliated with it, though it is a strong organization, having approximately six hundred members. REID is presently married and has one child, and his occupation since being in New York has been that of an elevator operator and general miscellaneous work. He ran a grocery business for himself in 1915 and in late years, he has been in the business of the manufacture of colored baby dolls. In this connection, he advises that he is somewhat of a contractor and he maintains his office at 254 W. 135th Street, the same location as that of the African Patriotic League.

REID denies membership in any other organizations, but does state that he has appeared as a speaker before a number of organizations including the Ethiopian World Federation, the Universal Negro Improvement Association and the African Pioneer Movement. However, he denies that he ever spoke before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement.

REID denied all specific statements allegedly made by him. However, he did admit that in the early part of the war, he had made some statements which might have been considered a violation of the law in wartime, so he had been very careful and had discontinued any such statements that might be considered disloyal. Further, in fact, he had never been disloyal to the United States and was only attempting to uplift the condition of the colored race in America.

In this connection, Inspector MULHOLLAND, 28th Precinct, New York City, advised according to reports from members of the police force, that REID had been very quiet and did not very often speak with anyone, and was not known to have been speaking on the streets subsequent to the arrest of THOMAS, COBB, and GREEN as reported in reference report.

REID stated that since being in America, he had only been arrested on one occasion, December 3, 1939, charged with disorderly conduct as a result of a fight he had with a white man on the subway. He was sentenced to ten days. However, the sentence was suspended.

REID was questioned in reference to ARTHUR GREEN and he advised that he was not acquainted with him to the extent that he knew his address or occupation. He advised that he believed he was a junk dealer. However, he had never spoken before his organization, nor had he heard him speak at any other place other than on the streets during the summer of 1942. REID described GREEN as being forty-years of age, 5'8" tall, 160 lbs., with very dark complexion.

A COPY

(EXHIBIT I)

24

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 11-48

In reference to HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH or CLARK, REID did not know them at all nor could he furnish any descriptions of them.

In reference to REID's organization on 135th Street, he states that the speakers are cautious in their remarks and only lecture on African history and the economic condition of the Negroes, that no remarks are made pertaining to the Japanese, and are primarily interested in the breakdown of discrimination and the obtaining of jobs for the Negro people.

Agent Torrens and the writer made an effort to locate ARTHUR GREEN without success and at the address furnished by him to the Police Department, no one at that address admitted their acquaintance with GREEN nor could they furnish his present location.

Inquiries were also made of the Police Department and individuals living in that vicinity without success.

In reference to CLARK and HOLLINGSWORTH, mentioned as making remarks along with subjects of this case, it is pointed out that THORSHILL and COOKS as well as REID denied their acquaintance with these individuals, advising they are just people who come up to the stands, out of the crowd, and voluntarily made a few remarks. The Police and detectives of the 28th Street Precinct were not acquainted with these individuals and it has not been reported that they have done any further speaking on the streets.

A description of CARLOS COOKS as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS (colored)
Age	31
Born	June 23, 1913, Dominion Republic
Height	5'7"
Weight	150 lbs.
Build	Medium
Complexion	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Dark brown
Race	Negro
Occupation	Street speaker
Citizenship	British

A COPY

(EXHIBIT 7)

25

NY 14-48

Marital Status	Single
Criminal record	Several arrests for disturbing the peace
Relatives	Father - JAMES COOKS, 43 W. 131st Street; Sister - SYLVIA, 43 W. 131st St.; Brother - LORENDO, 43 W. 131st St.; - JAMES, 219 E. 135th St.; age 33.

A description of ARTHUR REID as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	ARTHUR REID
Age	55
Born	May, 1888, Barbados, British West Indies
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 lbs.
Complexion	Black
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black, part bald
Criminal record	Arrested 12/3/39, disorderly conduct
Occupation	Lecturer and laborer
Race	Negro
Citizenship	British
Marital status	Married, one child.

A description of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL is as follows:

Name	JAMES HENRY THORNHILL
Age	41
Born	October 23, 1901, St. Croix, Virgin Islands
Height	5'9"
Weight	140 lbs.
Build	Slim
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black
Complexion	Black
Marital status	Married to AURORA JACOBS - separated
Race	Negro
Occupation	Laborer
Citizenship	U. S. citizen

A COPY

(~~SECRET~~ X)

26

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 11-48

Relatives

Sister - VERA LAMFUS, 19 W. 117th St.,
New York City

Brother - BERNARD THORNHILL,
address unknown

In as much as the police and informants available, know of no activities on the part of individuals and subjects of this investigation, in engaging in street speaking or making remarks that might be considered seditious subsequent to those originally reported by the Police Department in reference report, and since it is further substantiated by the sister of CARLOS COOKS that he has not engaged in speaking since his release from the City Jail, and in view of the fact that COOKS is presently in the Army, and that KENNEDY denies making statements of seditious character and THORNHILL is presently serving a term of eight years of imprisonment for statements he made before the Ethiopian Pacific League, no further investigation is being conducted in this case and it is considered closed.

* C L O S E D *

A C O P Y

(EXHIBIT I)

27

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT

MID Atlanta, Georgia

(Office of Headquarters)

Augusta, Georgia

(Place)

29 September 1943

(Date)

Subject: DADDY GRACE

Summary of Information:

Information has been received that Subject is at the head of a religious organization known as the HOUSE OF PRAYER. As head of this organization, Subject exacts money from local negroes in getting them to join his organization and in various ways such as selling "holy water," and in charging for baptisms. Subject is said to have six bodyguards wearing blue uniforms, silver badges, and Sam Browne belts. Subject apparently travels from city to city and comes to Augusta about once a year.

It was reported that a parade was held in Augusta on 26 September 1943 composed of members of the HOUSE OF PRAYER and a revival meeting held later in the evening at which white persons were invited and were present. There is no indication that Subject or his organization is attempting to create any disturbance. The appropriate investigative agency is cognizant of this organization and to date reports that nothing of subversive nature is connected with Subject or his organization.

The above information was obtained in most part from Sgt. E. Bryant, (Col.), Military Police Detachment, Camp Gordon, and Capt. Roach, Military Personnel Director, Camp Gordon, Georgia.

JAMES J. LYNCH
Special Agent, CIC

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Dir., ID, Atlanta: 5
PIO, Camp Gordon : 1
File : 1

Evaluation

-of source	-of information
<u>X</u>	<u>Reliable</u> <u>X</u>
	<u>Credible</u>
	<u>Questionable</u>
	<u>Undetermined</u>

C O P Y

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EXHIBIT II. ENCLOSURE

16-17007-1 GPO

14-1187-32

RECORDED

INDEXED

163

EX-40

14-1187-33
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
NOV 26 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS

58 DEC 8 1943
448

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN
65-41302-2691

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 18, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, November 16, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. *Q4897*
- #126 Letter, November 16, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Clement Best,
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, N.Y. *Q4898*
- #157 Letter, November 17, 1943, to Doctor Franz P. Fiedler, from
Cyrus A. Davis, Attorney at Law, 200-5 Walsh Building, *Q4899*
Pittsburgh, Pa.
- #147 Letter, November 15, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott,
c/o Geockler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J. *Q4900*
- #120 Letter, November 15, 1943, to Johannes Kroger, from F. M. Koal,
Bismarck, N. D., Box 300, Room 31B. *Q4901*
- #75 Letter, November 16, 1943, to Everett Roeder, from Mrs. Mary Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y. *Q4902*
- #115 Letter, November 14, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from *Mc* Else Schickert,
Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas *Q4903*
- #129 Letter, undated but postmarked November 16, 1943, to James Thornhill,
from Vera Lampiris, 440 W. 124th Street, New York City. *Q4904*
- #151 Letter, November 14, 1943, from K. R. Wendlandt, to Henry Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. *Q4905*

SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

11-22-43 *ELC*

Very truly yours,

Lemuel F. Fox
Lemuel F. Fox,
Acting Warden.

Encls.



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 29, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #24 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Conradin Otto Bold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q5050
- #40 Letter, November 25, 1943, from O. Graff, to H. Christiansen, 840 Abbott, Detroit, Michigan. Q505-1
- #42 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q505-2
- #128 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. Q5053
- #128 Letter, November 23, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. Q505-X
- #130 Letter, November 26, 1943, from Joseph Hartrey, to Sr. M. Bernadette, Convent Sta. N. J. Q5055
- #127 Letter, November 24, 1943, to Lester L. Holness, from L. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q505-6
- #138 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky Q5057
- #138 Letter, November 25, 1943, to Paul Lustig, from Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky., and 5 snapshots. Q505-8
- #75 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder, Roland Avenue, Mantagh, N. Y. Q505
- #131 Letter, November 7, 1943, to Frank Sanner, from Sophie Sanner, Alderson, W. Va., and one enclosure. Q5060
- #115 Letter, November 21, 1943, to Adolf W. Schickert, from Elise Schickert, Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas. Q5061
- #139 Letter, November 25, 1943, to Rudy Schmidt, from Mary Louise Schmidt, R.R. 5 Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky., and 1 snapshot. Q5062



12-2-43
JWS

65-41343-

To: F.B.I.

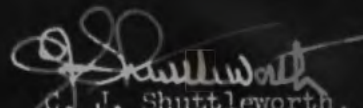
-2-

November 29, 1943

#129 Letter, November 21, 1943, to James Thornhill, from his mother,
Mrs. Roslin Williams, St. Thomas, V.I. Q5663

#151 Letter, November 17, 1943, to K. W. Wendlandt, from Mrs. H. Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Q5064

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

146
55 DEC 18 1943

RECORDED
&
INDEXED
189

14-1187-34

INVESTIGATION
DEC 7 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS OF ORIGINAL

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 30, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#148 Letter November 28, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier to Mrs. Joseph Bachmaier
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q5090

#149 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary
Belohlavek, 4432 N. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5091

#127 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Uwendolyn
Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City Q5092

#147 Letter, November 28, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig
Klapprott, c/a Goecklar, 82 Bergen Ave., Ridgefield Park, N.J. Q5093

#62 Letter, November 25, 1943, to Rene E. Mezenen, from Mrs. I. Mezenen
412 E. 64th Street, N.Y. C. DEFERRED RECORDING Q5094

#67 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhummer,
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. Q5095

#115 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie
Schickert, Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas. Q5096

#80 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Hubert Schuderrick, to Mrs. Emma
Geiger, 1302 Teller Avenue, New York, Bronx. Q5097

#89 Letter, November 25, 1943, to Oscar A. Stabler, from Caroline
Stegmaier, 324 West 4nd Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City, N.Y. Q5098

#89 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Oscar H. Stabler, to Miss Caroline
Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11A, New York City, N.Y. Q5099

#94 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck,
1616 N. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin Q5100



SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.
12-3-43
Jew

2739

To: F.B.I.

-2-

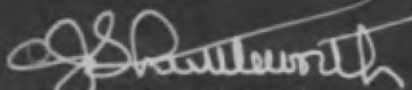
November 30, 1943

Letter, November 28, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Miss Vera Lampress
#129 440 West 124th Street, New York City. Q5101

*150 Letter, November 28, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss,
44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q5102

#151 Letter, November 28, 1943, from K. A. Wendlandt, to Henry Wendlandt
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Q5103

Very truly yours,



C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden.

Encls.

RECORDED

INDEXED

14-1187-36

42

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DEC 23 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

77DEC 31 1943

[Handwritten signature]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 13, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, December 12, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q5284
- #149 Letter, December 12, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5285
- #35 Letter, December 12, 1943, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City, Q5286 and one letter enclosed.
- #35 Letter, December 9, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. J. K. Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q5287
- #42 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q5288
- #128 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Q5289
- #128 Letter, Dec. 9, 1943, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. Q5290
- #127 Letter, Dec. 9, 1943, to Lester Holness, from Mrs. G. Holness, 14 W. 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q5291
- #127 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q5292
- #147 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott, c/o Goeckler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgely Park, N. J. Q5293
- #138 Letter, Nov. 10, 1943, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q5294

DEFERRED RECORDING



23-5000

12-16-43 ebl

To: F.B.I.

-2-

December 13, 1943

- #138 Letter, undated, from Paul Lustig, to Frank Lustig, Tanglewood Farm, Q5295
Clemmons, N. C.
- #75 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, Q5296
Roland Avenue, Mantagh, N. Y.
- #139 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt, Q5297
R. 5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky.
- #114 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Charles W. Soltau, to Mrs. Laura E. Soltau Q5298
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
- #89 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Oscar R. Stebler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier,
325 Westend Avenue, c/o Soemund, Apt. 11 B, New York City, N.Y. Q5299
- #129 Letter, Dec. 10, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Lowry, Q5300
318 West 121st Street, Apt. 3, New York City, N. Y.
- #129 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Bernhardt Thornhill Q5301
60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner, New York City.
- #150 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, Q5302
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.
- #150 Letter, Dec. 8, 1943, to Hugo Weiss, from Marie Weiss, 44-04 31st Avenue,
Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q5303
- #151 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from K. H. Wendlandt, to Mrs. B. Wendlandt, Q5304
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
- #113 Letter, Dec. 6, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, Q5305
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California
- #113 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, Q5306
1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California.

Very truly yours,


J. J. Shuttleworth,
Warden.

Encls.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 14, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, December 10, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Clement Best, 1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York, N. Y. Q 5335
- #126 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, Q 5336
62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y.
- #24 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, Q 5337
605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #24 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Conradin O. Dold, from Mary Lou Lloyd, Q 5338
605 W. 111th Street, New York 25, N. Y.
- #40 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Carl Graff, from Harold Christensen, Q 5339
640 Abbott Street, Detroit, Michigan
- #127 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Hon. Judge Clarence G. Galston, Q 5340
New York City

14-1187-37
DEC 23
104
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL
51 JAN 7 1944

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 14, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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- #126 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, Q 5336
62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y.
- #24 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, Q 5337
605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #24 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Conradin O. Dold, from Mary Lou Lloyd, Q 5338
605 W. 111th Street, New York 25, N. Y.
- #40 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Carl Graff, from Harold Christensen, Q 5339
640 Abbott Street, Detroit, Michigan
- #127 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Hon. Judge Clarence G. Galston, Q 5340
Foley Square, New York City.
- #51 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Anna Kleiss, Q 5341
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. DEFERRED RECORDING
- #115 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert, Q 5342
Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas
- #94 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Erich Strunck, from Alfred R. Strunck, Q 5343
1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin.
- #129 Christmas Card, postmarked Dec. 9, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Q 5344
Mrs. Roselin Williams, Virgin Islands.

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden.



Encls.

Op. 19

12-17-43

242

65-41343-2983

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 16, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, to Joseph Bachmaier, from Harper & Matthews,
70 Pine Street, New York 5, N. Y. Q5377
- #149 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5378
- #126 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y. Q5379
- #128 Christmas Card, from Frank Grote, to Mrs. Marie Grote,
8816-71st Avenue, Glendale, Long Island, N. Y. Q5380
- #128 Christmas Card, from Frank Grote to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Ave.,
Brooklyn 27, New York City. Q5381
- #127 Christmas Card, from Lester Holness, to Dr. L. L. Holness, 1884 - 7th Avenue,
New York City, Apt. 2. Q5382
- #127 Christmas Card, from Lester Holness, to Hubert Holness, 1884 - 7th Street,
New York City, Apt. 2. Q5383

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

71

58 JAN 12 1944 146

14-1187-38

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEC 30 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

For

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 16, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5378

#126 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York 26, N. Y. Q5379

#128 Christmas Card, from Frank Grote, to Mrs. Marie Grote,
8816-71st Avenue, Glendale, Long Island, N. Y. Q5380

#128 Christmas Card, from Frank Grote to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Ave.,
Brooklyn 27, New York City. Q5381

#127 Christmas Card, from Lester Holness, to Dr. L. L. Holness, 1884 - 7th Avenue,
New York City, Apt. 2. Q5382

#127 Christmas Card, from Lester Holness, to Hubert Holness, 1884 - 7th Street,
New York City, Apt. 2. Q5383

#127 Letter, December 12, 1943, to Lester Holness from Lydia Holness,
1886 - 7th Avenue, New York City. Q5384

#147 Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott, Q5385
Ridgefield Park, N. J.

#51 Letter, Dec. 13, 1943, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Erna Kleiss,
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q5386

#120 Letter, and Christmas Card, to John Kroeger from Sylvia Rehm, 224 Main St.,
Huntington, Long Island, N. Y. Q5387



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To: F.B.I.

-2-

December 16, 1943

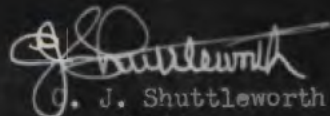
Letter, December 12, 1943, to Hans Pagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhammer,
#67 101-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. Q 5388

#132 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from Hugo Steimle, to Otto Steimle,
151 Lincoln Place, Irvington, N. J. Q 5389

#129 Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Miss Roslin Williams,
St. Thomas, U. S. V. I., and Christmas Card. Q 5390

#150 Christmas Card, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss,
44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q 5391

Very truly yours,


G. J. Shuttleworth
Warden.

Encls.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. [redacted] P. O. #6, Erie, Penna. Q54
- #149 Letter, December 19, 1943, to Josef Belchlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belchlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5437
- #149 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Josef Belchlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belchlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5438
- #126 Letter, December 20, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. Q5439
- #35 Letter, December 17, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt c/o Mrs. J. E. Saark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q5440

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71

59 JAN 10 1944 437

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JAN 1 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS OF AGENT

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. M. D. #6, Erie, Penna. Q54
- #149 Letter, December 19, 1943, to Josef Balchlavek, from Mrs. Josef Balchlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5437
- #149 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Josef Balchlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Balchlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5438
- #126 Letter, December 20, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 113th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. Q5439
- #35 Letter, December 17, 1943, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt c/o Mrs. J. E. Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q5440
- #35 Letter, December 12, 1943, to Richard M. Fruendt, from Cpl. Roderick M. Fruendt, Co. 9-A.L.T.P.-3ks.46, Armory, University of Illinois, Champaign, Illinois Q5441
- #127 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Wendolyn Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City Q5442
- #147 Letter, December 19, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott, c/o Coeckler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgfield Park, N.Y. Q5443
- #51 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q5444
- #120 Letter, December 19, 1943, to Johannes Kroeger, from Elise P. Koel, 225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York. Q5445
- #120 Letter, December 18, 1943, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mr. Edward Corsi, 150 Leonard Street, New York City, N. Y. Q5446
- #138 Letter, December 15, 1943, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky Q5447



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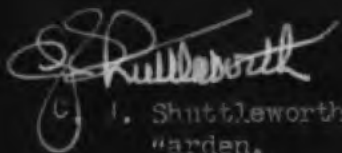
To: F.B.I.

-2-

December 22, 1943

- #115 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Else Schickert,
Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas. Q5448
- #114 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Charles W. Soltau, to Mr. William A. Soltau
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana Q5449
- #67 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhammer,
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. Q5450
- #89 Letter, December 19, 1943, to Oscar H. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier,
325 West End Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York 23, N. Y. Q5451
- #89 Letter, December 20, 1943, from Oscar H. Stabler, to Miss Carolone Stegmaier
325 West End Avenue, c/o Siemens, Apt. 11B, New York City. Q5452
- #32 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Hugo Steimle, to Legation of Switzerland,
Washington, D. C. Q5453
- #129 Letter, December 19, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Barnhardt Thornhill
60 West 129th Street, New York City. Q5454
- #150 Letter, December 19, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, Q5455
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.
- #113 Letter, December 12, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from Mrs. S. R. Zenzinger,
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, 6, California. Q5456

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Garden.

Encs.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 30, 1943

8
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#148 Letter, December 26, 1943, from Joseph Michalick, to Mrs. Joseph Michalick, 2100, Erie, Pennsylvania Q5531

#149 Letter, December 26, 1943, from Josef Delohavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Delohavek, 4432 E. 50th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q5532

#126 Letter, December 27, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 42 W. 118th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q5533

#35 Letter, December 21, 1943, from Richard E. Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Galt, 124 W. 64th Street, N. Y. C. and Letter to Hendrick Freundt, c/o same address as above. Q5534

RECORDED

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77 JAN 15 1944 437

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JAN 5 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 2, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, December 20, 1943, from Joseph J. Schmaier, to Mrs. Joseph Schmaier, 210 W. 46, Erie, Pennsylvania. Q5531
- #149 Letter, December 20, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Belohlavek, 4432 W. 20th Street, Cleveland, Ohio. Q5532
- #126 Letter, December 27, 1943, from Ralph West, to Mrs. Ralph West, 67 W. 115th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q5533
- #35 Letter, December 24, 1943, from Richard F. Truendt, to Mrs. Richard Truendt, c/o Mrs. Johannes Hart, 154 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. and Letter to Roderick Truendt, c/o same address as above. Q5534
- #127 Letter, December 26, 1943, from Lester Holmes, to Mrs. Geraldine Holmes, 14 East 110th Street, New York City. Q5535
- #147 Letter, December 20, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Klapprott, c/o Mueller, 32 Bergen Avenue, Hidesfield Park, N. Y. Q5536
- #115 Letter, December 26, 1943, from Adolf J. Schickert, to Mrs. Olga Schickert, Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas. Q5537
- #139 Letter, December 23, 1943, from Carl A. Schickert, to Mrs. Olga Schickert, 11 E. 5th Street, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q5538
- #88 Letter, December 25, 1943, from Bernard Stalder, to Mrs. Stalder, 1000 - 3rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, New York. Q5539
- #89 Letter, Dec. 25, 1943, from Peter R. Stalder, to Mrs. Stalder, 1000 - 3rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, New York. Q5540
- #94 Letter, Dec. 25, 1943, from Peter R. Stalder, to Mrs. Stalder, 1000 - 3rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, New York. Q5541
- #129 Letter, Dec. 25, 1943, from Peter R. Stalder, to Mrs. Stalder, 1000 - 3rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, New York. Q5542
- #150 Letter, Dec. 25, 1943, from Peter R. Stalder, to Mrs. Stalder, 1000 - 3rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, New York. Q5543

C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden



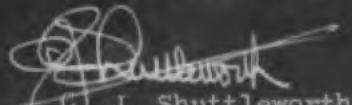
To: F.B.I.

-2-

Jan. 17, 1944

- #147 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott,
c/o Geockler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J. 95908
- #138 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 95909
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.
- #66 Letter, Jan. 15, 1944, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 95910
7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, New Jersey
- #75 Letter, Jan. 12, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Dorothy Schumann
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y. 95911
- #75 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Carl M. Roeder, 95912
640 Riverside Drive, New York City
- #114 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Charles W. Soltau, to Miss Opal M. Soltau,
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 95913
- #89 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Caroline Stegmaier,
c/o Siemund, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City. 95914
- #132 Letter, Jan. 15, 1944, from Hugo Steimle, to Eva Lupp, 95915
15 Headley Terr. Irvington, N. J.
- #129 Letter, Jan. 15, 1944, to James Thornhill, from Bernhardt Thornhill,
60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner, New York City, N. Y. 95916
- #129 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Bernhardt Thornhill,
60 West 129th Street, New York. 95917
- #150 Letter, Jan. 12, 1944, to Hugo Weiss, from H. Weiss, 95918
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.
- #150 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 95919
44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

Specimens Retained in Laboratory
1-17-44
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C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 4, 1944

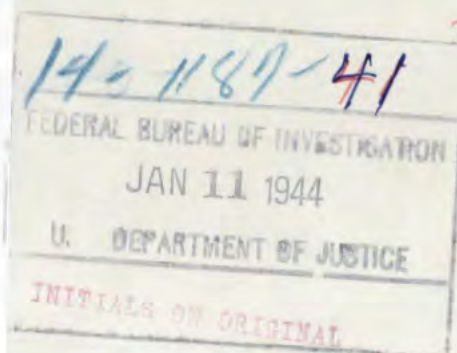
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Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, January 2, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. 9 5650
- #149 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 9 5651
- #126 Letter, Jan. 3, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York City, 26, New York. 9 5652
- #24 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Conradin Otto Gold, to Mary Lou Lloyd,
605 W. 111th St., New York City, N. Y. 9 5653

55 JAN 25 1944



FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 4, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, January 2, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier, R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. 9 5650
- #149 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 9 5651
- #126 Letter, Jan. 3, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 W. 118th Street, New York City, 26, New York. 9 5652
- #24 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Conradin Otto Wold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th St., New York City, N. Y. 9 5653
- #24 Letter, Jan. 1, 1944, to Conradin Otto Wold, from Mary Lou Lloyd, 605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9 5654
- #42 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 9 5655
- #128 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, New York. 9 5656
- #127 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9 5657
- #147 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Hedwig Klapprott, c/o Goeckler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J. 9 5658
- #51 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 9 5659
- #138 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3454 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. 9 5660
- #466 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller 7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, N. J. 9 5661




To: F.B.I.

-2-

January 4, 1944

- #75 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary O. Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y. 9 5662
- #89 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier,
325 Westend Avenue, c/o Siemannund, New York, N. Y. 9 5663
- #129 Letter, Dec. 31, 1943, to James ^OThornhill, from Bernhardth Thornhill,
60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner, New York, N. Y. 9 5664
- #150 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss,
44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, New York 9 5665
- #151 Letter, Dec. 31, 1943, from K. R. Wendlandt, to Miss Marie Kraus
600 Elliott Creek Road, Tonawanda, N. Y. 9 5666
- #113 Letter, Dec. 28, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger,
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles 6, California. 9 5667
- #113 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger,
1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd, Los Angeles, California. 9 5668

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

1-6-44

Ejc

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 17, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

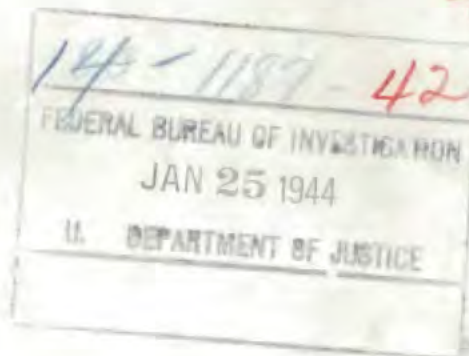
We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#148 Letter, January 16, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95896

#149 Letter, January 16, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary
Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 95897

#149 Letter, Jan. 14, 1944, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, 9, Ohio 95898

RECORDED



53 FEB 9 1944

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 17, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, January 16, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #0, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95896
- #149 Letter, January 16, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary
Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 95897
- #149 Letter, Jan. 14, 1944, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, 9, Ohio 95898
- #126 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York City, N. Y. 95899
- #24 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd,
605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 95900
- #35 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 95901
- #43 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 95902
- #41 Letter, Jan. 12, 1944, to Herman Tracy Green, from S. S. Seideman,
Attorney, 42 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C. 95903
- #128 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 95904
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.
- #130 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Joseph Hartrey, to Sr. M. Bernadette, 95905
Convent Sta. N. J. DEFERRED RECORDING
- #127 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness, 95906
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- #147 Letter, Jan. 7, 1944, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. H. Klapprott,
c/o Geockler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgely Park, N. J. 95907



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 21, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #146 Letter, Jan. 19, 1944, from Herman Buss, to Ethel M. Burnee, Q 5978
316 - 57th Street, New York, New York.
- #138 Letter, Jan. 18, 1944, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Vera Lustig Q 5979
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.
- #62 Letter, Jan. 19, 1944, to Rene E. Mezenen, from Mrs. Ida Mezenen Q 5980
412 E. 64th Street, New York City, 21, New York.
- #67 Letter, Jan. 20, 1944, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, Q 5981
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, New York.
- #167 Letter, Jan. 20, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Gomes, Q 5982
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #75 Letter, Jan. 18, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Sperry Gyroscope Co., Inc. Q 5983
Clinton Road and Stewart Avenue, Garden City, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, to Everett Roeder, from Mrs. Mary Roeder, Q 5984
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, Jan. 17, 1944, to Oscar M. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, Q 5985
325 West End Avenue, New York 23, N. Y. Apt. 11B.
- #129 Letter, Undated (postmarked Jan. 18, 1944) to James Thornhill, from Q 5986
Vera Lampris, 440 W. 124th Street, New York, N. Y.
- #151 Letter, January 20, 1944, from K. R. Wendlandt, to Mrs. Betty Wendlandt, Q 5987
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. 14-1187-45
- #113 Letter, Jan. 13, 1944, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, Q 5988
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California.

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden



Encls.

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 22, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#149 Letter, Jan. 21, 1944, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio. Q5989

#127 Letter, Jan. 19, 1944, to Lester Holness, from G. Holness, Q5990
14 W. 119th Street, New York City.

#129 Letter, undated (postmarked Jan. 20, 1944) to James Thornhill, from Vera Lampris
440 W. 124th Street, New York City. Q5991

#151 Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, to K. W. Wendlandt, from Mrs. E. Wendlandt,
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Q5992

Very truly yours,

DEPT. REC'D
me
C. J. Shuttleworth
C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

1-25-K4 ehl



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 24, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania 96017
- #149 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 62th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 96018
- #126 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Clement Best,
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York. 96019
- #126 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York City. 96020
- #24 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd,
605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 96021
- #35 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Sally Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. 96022
- #35 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. 96023

RECORDED

INDEXED

205

14-7187-45
FEB 12 1944
JAN 24 1944
INITIALS

538
FEB 12 1944

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 24, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania 96017
- #149 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 62th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 96018
- #126 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Clement Best,
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York. 96019
- #126 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 E. 114th Street, New York City. 96020
- #24 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Conradin Otto Bold, to Mary Lou Lindt,
605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 96021
- #35 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Richard F. Freundt, to Mrs. Sally Freundt,
c/o Mrs. Margaret Freundt, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. 96022
- #35 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Richard F. Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Beark, 189 E. 64th Street, N. Y. C. 96023
- #42 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Herman F. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green,
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 96024
- #128 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Ann Grote,
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. 96025
- #137 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. G. Holness,
14 West 119th Street, N. Y. C. 96026
- #51 Letter, Jan. 24, 1944, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Anna Kleiss,
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 96027
- #120 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Johannes Broger, to Max Hoal,
Box 300, Bismarck, N. D. 96028



Specimens retained in Laboratory

1-26-44

89C

To: F.B.I.

-2-

January 24, 1944

- #138 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. 96029
- #167 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Comes, 329 John Street, East Newark, N. J. 96030
- #137 Letter, Jan. 22, 1944, from Frank Sanner, to Mrs. Sophie Sanner, Reformatory for Women, Alderson, W. Va. 96031
- #89 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Caroline Stegmaier, 325 Westend Avenue, New York City, N. Y. 96032
- #129 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Vera Lampress, 440 West 124th Street, New York City. 96033
- #150 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, New York. 96034
- #111 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, from Axel Wheeler-Hill, to James Wheeler-Hill, U. S. Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. 96035

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Garden.

Encls.

Specimens Retained in Laboratory

1-26-44
EJC

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 1, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier, 96168
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna.
- #144 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 96169
- #147 Letter, Jan. 28, 1944, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio 96170
- #126 Letter, Jan. 31, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. 96171
- #24 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 96172
605 West 111th Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #24 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mary Lou Lloyd. 96173
605 W. 111th Street, New York City.
- #35 Letter, Jan. 25, 1944, to Richard Fruendt, from Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. J.K. Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City. 96174
- #42 Letter, Jan. 26, 1944, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 96175
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina
- #42 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 96176
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina
- #42 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, ^{from} to Herman T. Green, ^{to} ~~from~~ Mrs. Alice Green, 96177
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina
- #128 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 96178
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. 14-1187-
- #35 Letter, Jan. 25, 1944, to Joseph Hartrey, from St. M. Bernadette 96179
St. Anne Villa, Convent, N. J.



Specimens retained in Laboratory
2-4-44
EJC

To: F.B.I.

-2-

February 1, 1944

- #130 Letter, Jan. 27, 1944, from Joseph Hartrey, to Sr. M. Bernadette, 96180
Convent Station, N. J.
- #127 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness, 96181
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- #51 Letter, Jan. 25, 1944, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Erna Kleiss, 96182
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y.
- #120 Letter, Jan. 24, 1944, to Johannes Kroeger, from Else C. Koal, 96183
225 Fulton Street, Westbury, N. Y.
- #138 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, 96184
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky
- #138 Letter, Jan. 26, 1944, to Paul W. Lustig, from Mrs. Paul W. Lustig, 96185
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.
- #66 Letter, February 1, 1944, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 96186
7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, N. J.
- #167 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Domes, 96187
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #75 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96188
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Jan. 23, 1944, to Everett Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96189
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #139 Letter, Jan. 29, 1944, Rudolph Schmidt, from Mary Schmidt, 96190
R.R.5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky.
- #114 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Charles W. Soltan, to Miss Pearl Soltan, 96191
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana
- #114 Letter, Jan. 25, 1944, to Charles W. Soltan, from Opal M. Soltan, 96192
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana
- #89 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 96193
325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City, N. Y.
- #132 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Hugo Steimle, to Eva Lupp, 96194
302 Myrtle Avenue, Irvington, N. J.
- #132 Letter, Jan. 28, 1944, to Hugo Steimle, from Eva 96195
302 Myrtle Avenue, Irvington, N. J.

Specimens Retained In Laboratory

2-4-44

Bjc

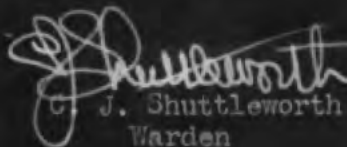
To: F.B.I.

-3-

February 1, 1944

- #94 Letter, Jan. 26, 1944, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, 96196
1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin
- #129 Letter, Feb. 1, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roslin Williams, 96197
Down Street, St. Thomas, U. S. V. I.
- #150 Letter, Jan. 30, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 96198
44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.
- #150 Letter, Jan. 28, 1944, to Hugo Weiss, from Mrs. M. Weiss, 96199
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.
- #151 Letter, Jan. 21, 1944, to K. R. Wendlandt, from Mrs. D. Wendlandt, 96200
131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
- #113 Letter, Jan. 19, 1944, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, 96201
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California

Very truly yours,


G. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

Specimens Retained in Lab.

2-4-44

Bjc

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 7, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, February 6, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D.#6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q6253
- #149 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q6254
- #126 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, Q6255
62 West 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.
- #126 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, Q6256
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.
- #35 Letter, Feb. 4, 1944, to Richard F. Pruendt, from Roderick Pruendt, Q6257

RECORDED & INDEXED

181

14-1187-47
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FEB 18 1944

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

EX-13

EX-1

61 FEB 29 1944

ORIGINAL FILE IN

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 7, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, February 6, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania Q6253
- #149 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q6254
- #126 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,
62 West 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. Q6255
- #126 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best,
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, N. Y. Q6256
- #35 Letter, Feb. 4, 1944, to Richard F. Fruendt, from Roderick Fruendt,
C. A. T. S., 357 East Chicago Ave., Chicago, Ill. Q6257
- #128 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote,
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. Q6258
- #127 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City Q6259
- #51 Letter, Feb. 4, 1944, to Hartwig Kleiss, from Mrs. Erna Kleiss,
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. Q6260
- #40 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, to Carl Graff, from Harold Christensen, Q6261
640 Abbott Street, Detroit, Michigan.
- #138 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig, Q6262
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky
- 28 ENCL 2 #66 Letter, Feb. 2, 1944, to Earl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller,
7803 Hudson Avenue, Woodcliff, N. J. Q6263



Op. 17

~~COPIES~~ SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

2-9-44 ell

February 7, 1944

- #167 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Jones, 329 John Street, East Newark, N. J. Q6264
- #167 Letter, Feb. 2, 1944, to John Da Silva Purvis, from Mary Jones, 329 John Street, East Newark, N. J. Q6265
- #75 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, Roland Avenue, Rantagh, N. Y. Q6266
- #75 Letter, Feb. 3, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, Roland Avenue, Rantagh, N. Y. Q6267
- #139 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Earl E. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt, A. S., Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky. Q6268
- #89 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaler, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City, N. Y. Q6269
- #94 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred E. Strunck, 1516 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, W. Wisconsin Q6270
- #129 Letter, Feb. 4, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Miss Vera Lampress, 440 West 124th Street, New York City. Q6271
- #150 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q6272
- #150 Letter, Feb. 4, 1944, to Hugo Weiss, from M. Weiss, 44-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q6273
- #151 Letter, Feb. 5, 1944, from E. H. Wendlandt, to Mr. E. Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. Q6274

Very truly yours,


C. U. Shuttleworth
Garden

- #42 Letter, Feb. 6, 1944 from Herman J. Green
Encls. to Mrs. Alice Green. Q6275

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 12, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #35 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 6349
- #128 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y. 6350
- #49 Letter, Feb. 11, 1944, from Rudolf Garvin Keller, to Mrs. Mda Garvin Keller, 29 Ulthlibergstrasse, Zurich 3, Switzerland. 6351
- #120 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, to Johannes Kroeger, from F. M. Koal, Bismarck, N. D. 6352

RECORDED
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INDEXED
50

14-1187-48
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FEB 19 1944
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED

57 MAR 5 1944

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 12, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #35 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 96349
- #128 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, to Frank H. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N.Y. 96350
- #49 Letter, Feb. 11, 1944, from Rudolf Garvin Keller, to M-s. Eda Garvin Keller, 29 Utlibergstrasse, Zurich 3, Switzerland. 96351
- #120 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, to Johannes Kroegeer, from F. M. Koal, Bismarck, N. D. 96352
- #138 Letter, Feb. 9, 1944, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky 96353
- #67 Letter, Feb. 9, 1944, to Hans Pagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, 101-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill 19, N. Y. 96354
- #167 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, to John Purvis, from Mary Gomes, 329 John Street, East Newark, New Jersey 96355
- #140 Birthday Card, Postmarked Feb. 10, 1944, to Frank Sanner, from Sophie Sanner, Federal Reformatory for Women, Alderson, W. Va. 96356
- #89 Letter, Feb. 8, 1944, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, Apr. 11B, 325 West End Avenue, New York 23, N.Y. 96357
- #132 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Hugo Steinle to Eva Lupp, 302 Myrtle Avenue, Irvington, New Jersey 96358
- #129 Letter, undated, from James Thornhill, to Bernhardt Thornhill, 60 West 129th Street, New York City. 96359



Specimens Retained in Laboratory

245-44

EJC

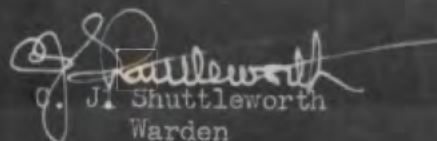
F.B.I.

-2-

Feb. 12, 1944

- #113 Letter, undated, to B. W. Zenzinger, from Percy G. B. Gilkes, 96360
Clerk, U. S. District Court, Post Office Building,
Brooklyn, New York City, N.Y.
- #113 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger,
1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. 96361

Very truly yours,


J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

Specimens Retained in Laboratory

2-15-44
EGC

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 22, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. 96500
- #149 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 96501
- #126 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Ralph Best to Mrs. Edith Best, 96502
62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.
- #35 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 96503
- #35 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Sally Fruendt,

RECORDED
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INDEXED
203

EX-20

14-1187-49
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 1 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

77 MAR 1 8 1944 97

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 22, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier,
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. 96500
- #149 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 96501
- #126 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Ralph Best to Mrs. Edith Best, 96502
62 W. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.
- #35 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Margaret Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Johanna Baark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 96503
- #35 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Richard F. Fruendt, to Mrs. Sally Fruendt,
c/o Mrs. Margaret Fruendt, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 96504
- #40 Letter, Feb. 17, 1944, from C. Graff, to H. Christiansen, 96505
640 Abbott, Apt. 14, Detroit, Michigan
- #42 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 96506
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.
- #42 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 96507
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.
- #128 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 96508
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.
- #130 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, to Joseph Hartrey, from Sr. M. Bernadette 96509
St. Anne Villa, Convent, N. J.
- #127 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. 96510
- #51 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Hartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Erna Kleiss, 96511
150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y.



2-25-44
EJC

To: F.B.I.

-2-

February 22, 1944

- #130 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mrs. Else Koal, 96512
225 Fulton Street, Westbury, N. Y.
- #138 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Mrs. Emma Lustig, 96513
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.
- #67 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhummer, 96514
101-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96515
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Feb. 17, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96516
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #167 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Gomes, 96517
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #167 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, to John Purvis, from Mary Gomes, 96518
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #140 Birthday card, to Frank Sanner, from family, 96519
R. 5 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky
- #89 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 96520
325 Westend Avenue, New York City, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, Feb. 17, 1944, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, 96521
325 West End Avenue, New York, 23, N. Y.
- #129 Letter, Feb. 15, 1944, to James Thornhill, from Mrs. Roselin Williams, 96522
St. Thomas, V. I.
- #129 Letter, Feb. 19, 1944, to James Thornhill, from Bernhardt, Thornhill, 96523
60 W. 129th Street, New York, N. Y. c/o Tanner.

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.

Note: - 96503 and 96504 are both to be enclosed in the same envelope when returned

Documents Identified by
2-25-44
BPC

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

March 7, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier
R. D.#6, Erie, Pennsylvania. *26724*
- #149 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio *26725*
- #126 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, *26726*
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York
- #42 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, *26727*
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.
- #128 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, *26728*
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,
14 West 119th Street, New York City *low*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

110

14-1187-50
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 14 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

61 MAR 30 1944 ²⁷⁷

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
MILAN, MICHIGAN

March 7, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

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- #148 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier
R. D.#6, Erie, Pennsylvania. *Q6724*
- #149 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio *Q6725*
- #126 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, *Q6726*
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York
- #42 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, *Q6727*
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.
- #128 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, *Q6728*
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness
14 West 119th Street, New York City. *Q6729*
- #138 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Paul Lustig, from Emma Lustig, *Q6730*
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky
- #167 Letter, March 5, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Gomes, *Q6731*
329 John Street, East Newark, New Jersey
- #75 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, New York *Q6732*
- #75 Letter, March 3, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, New York *Q6733*
- #139 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt,
R. 5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky *Q6734*
- #139 Letter, March 2, 1944, to Karl Schmidt, from Mary Schmidt, *Q6735*
R.R.5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky



COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

3-10-44 ell

To: F.B.I.

-2-

March 7, 1944

- #83 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Erwin Siegler, to Hon. Judge Charles Oberwager, *Q6736*
11 W. 42nd Street, New York, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, March 4, 1944, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, 325 West End Avenue,
Apt. 11B, New York 23, N. Y. *Q6737*
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, *Q6738*
325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Federal Reserve Bank of New York,
Liberty Street, New York City, N. Y. *Q6739*
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Seaman's Bank for Savings, *Q6740*
74 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #94 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, *Q6741*
1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin
- #129 Letter, March 5, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roselin Williams, *Q6742*
Down Street, St. Thomas, V. I.
- #113 Letter, February 25, 1944, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, *Q6743*
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California
- #113 Letter, March 5, 1944, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, *Q6744*
1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California

Very truly yours,


C. J. Shuttleworth
Warden

Encls.